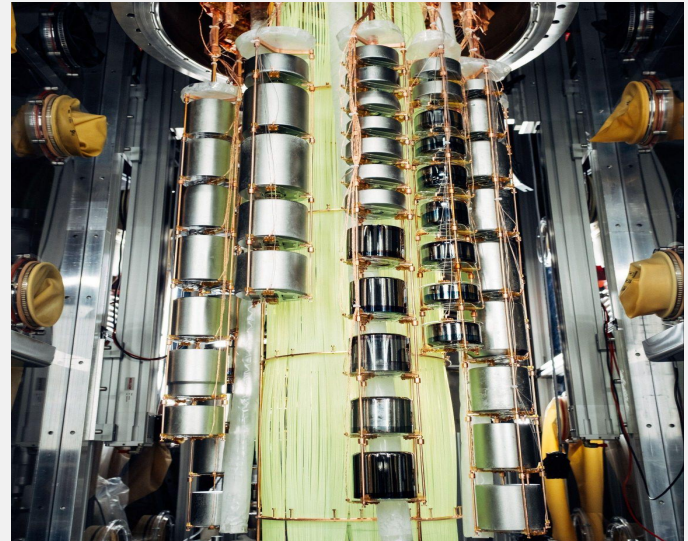


$0\nu\beta\beta$ experiments with ^{76}Ge

Louis Varriano

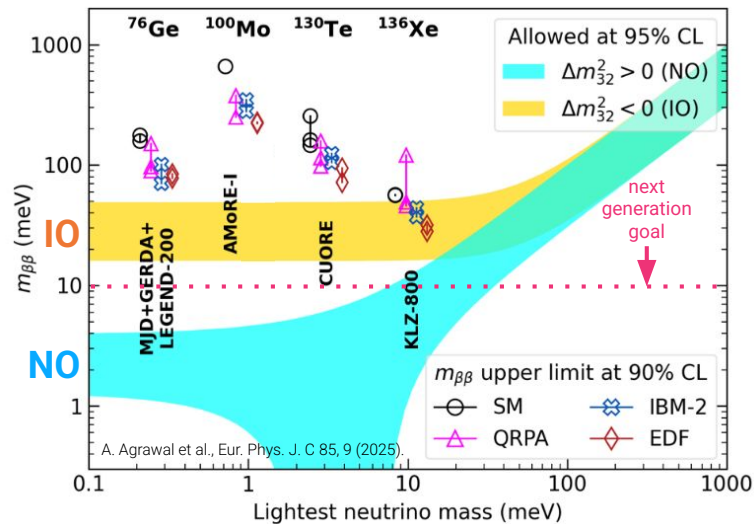
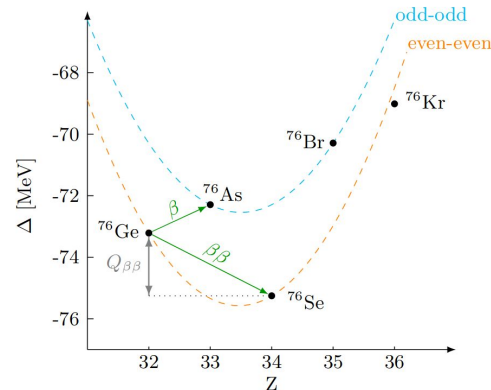
Center for Experimental Nuclear Physics and Astrophysics,
University of Washington

21 July 2026



^{76}Ge for $0\nu\beta\beta$ searches

- $Q_{\beta\beta} = 2039 \text{ keV}$
- $T_{1/2}^{2\nu} = (2.022 \pm 0.018_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.038_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{21} \text{ years}$
GERDA collaboration [[M. Agostini et al., PRL 131, 142501 \(2023\)](#)]
- 7.75% natural abundance $\rightarrow$ can enrich to $\sim 90\%$
- source == detector $\rightarrow$ high intrinsic purity and containment efficiency
- HPGe detectors have excellent energy resolution ($\sim 0.1\%$ FWHM) and pulse shape discrimination
- Lowest achieved background per FWHM (~ 1 count per tonne-year)
- Quasi-background free spectrum gives unambiguous identification of $0\nu\beta\beta$ signal
- Knowledge of background model post-cuts has limited impact / not required for $0\nu\beta\beta$ statistical inference

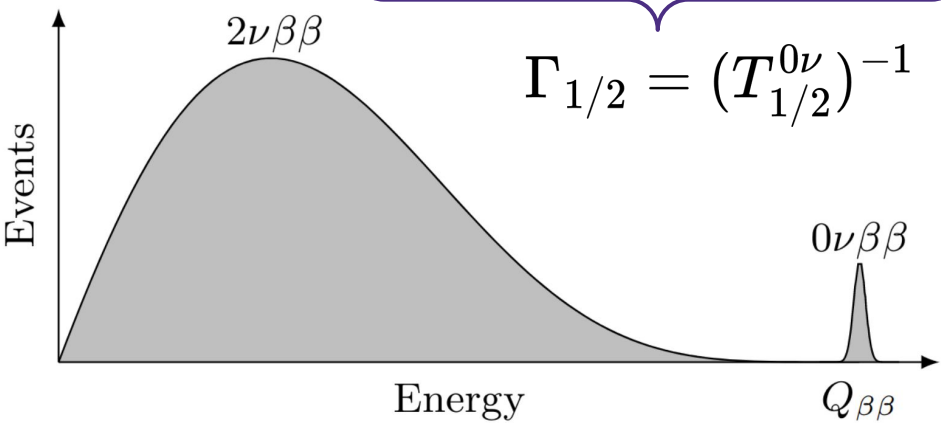


$0\nu\beta\beta$ signal rate

Assuming light neutrino exchange

exposure = enr. mass $\times$ time
 signal efficiency
 phase space factor*
 nuclear matrix element (NME)*
Majorana mass

$$s \propto \epsilon \mathcal{E} \mathcal{G}^{0\nu} g_A^4 |\mathcal{M}^{0\nu}|^2 \left(\frac{m_{\beta\beta}}{m_e} \right)^2$$



$$\Gamma_{1/2} = (T_{1/2}^{0\nu})^{-1}$$

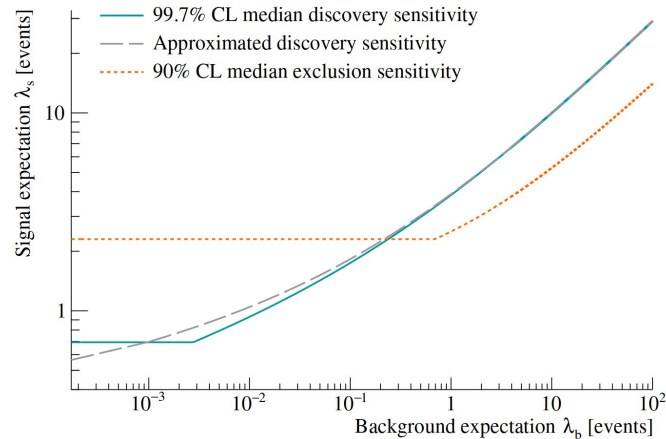
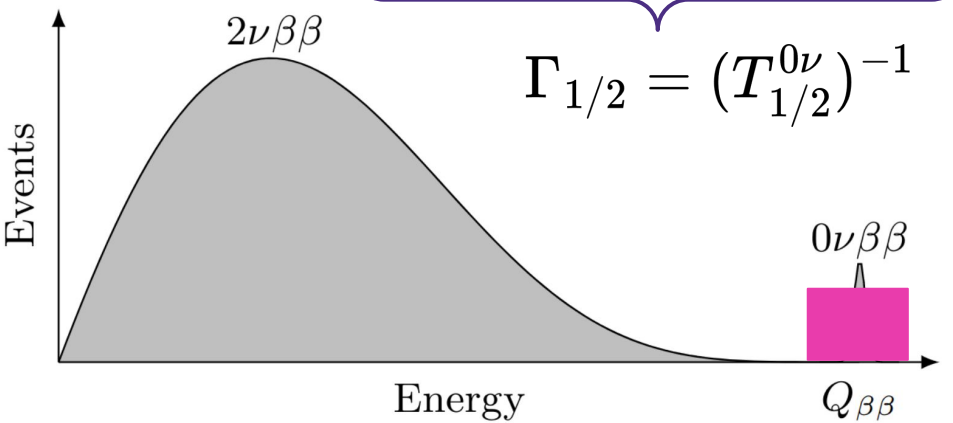
* decay specific

What about **backgrounds**?

Assuming light neutrino exchange

exposure = enr. mass $\times$ time
 signal efficiency
 phase space factor*
 nuclear matrix element (NME)*
Majorana mass

$$s \propto \epsilon \mathcal{E} \mathcal{G}^{0\nu} g_A^4 |\mathcal{M}^{0\nu}|^2 \left(\frac{m_{\beta\beta}}{m_e} \right)^2$$



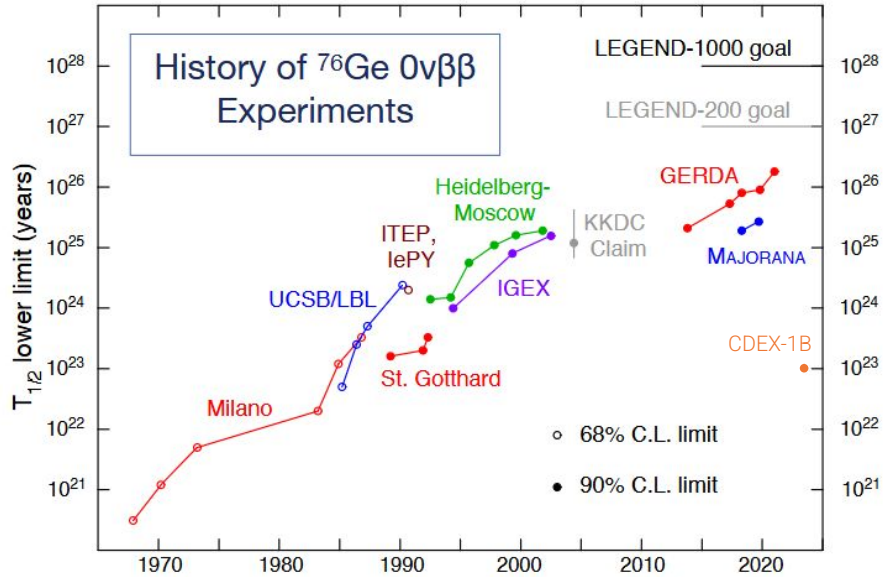
M. Agostini et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. 95, 025002 (2023).

Background limits discovery sensitivity

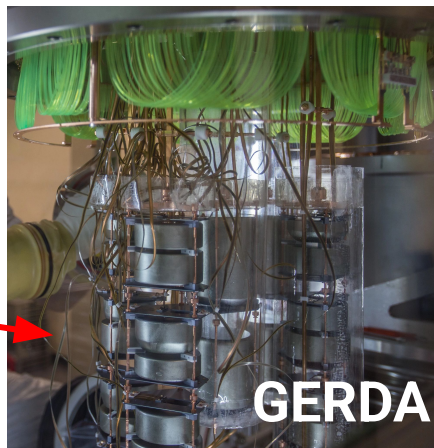
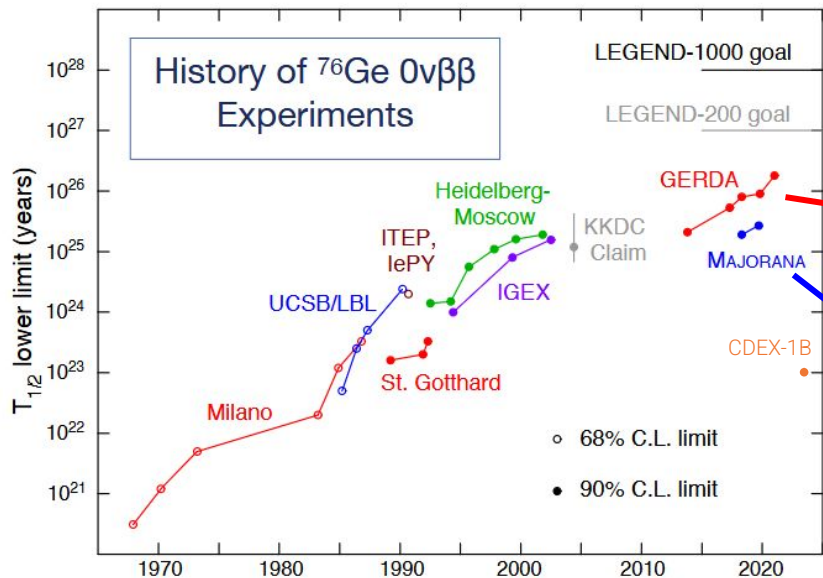
- higher $Q_{\beta\beta}^*$ $\rightarrow$ fewer natural bkg
- better energy resolution
- passive shielding
- active background event rejection

*** decay specific**

^{76}Ge $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiments

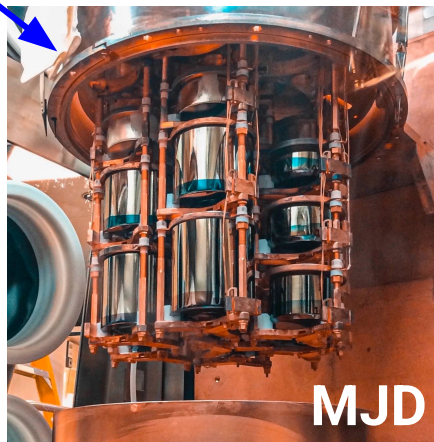


^{76}Ge $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiments - previous generation



GERDA key features

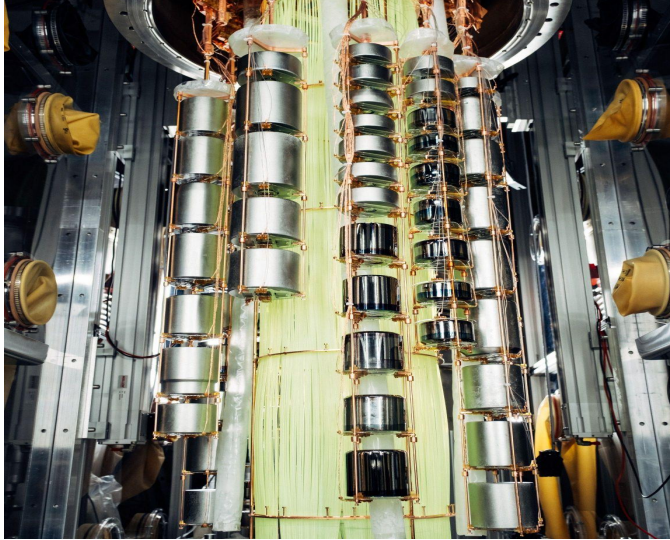
- Direct detector deployment in liquid argon
- Light readout of active shielding



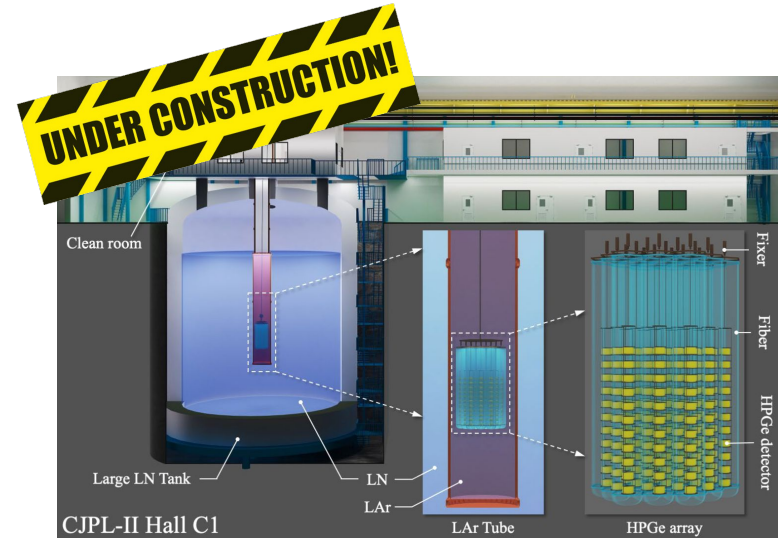
MJD key features

- Underground electroformed copper and high radiopurity
- Low noise electronics
- Low energy threshold

^{76}Ge $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiments - current generation

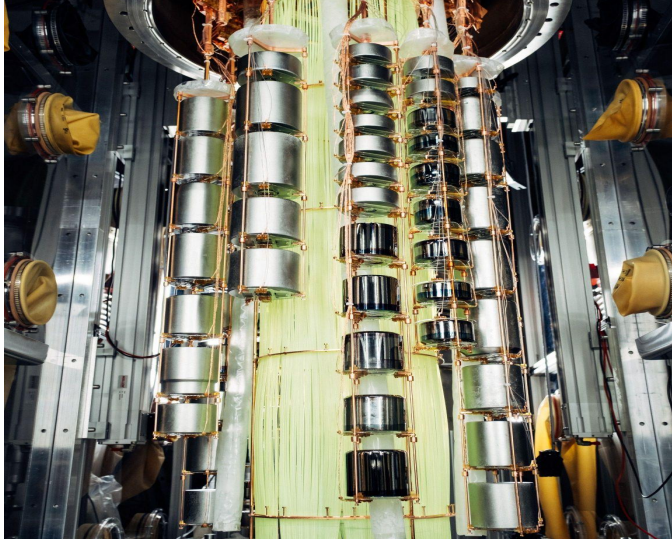


LEGEND-200
currently operating

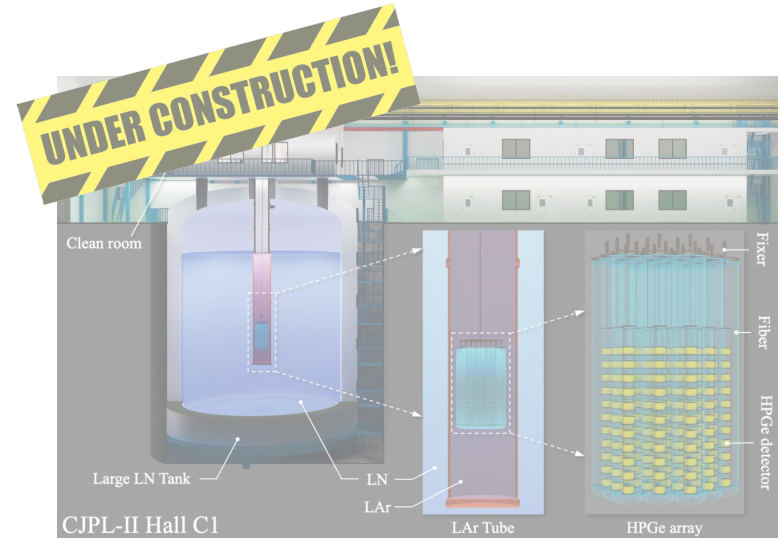


CDEX-300v
design, construction, and R&D

^{76}Ge $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiments - current generation



LEGEND-200
currently operating



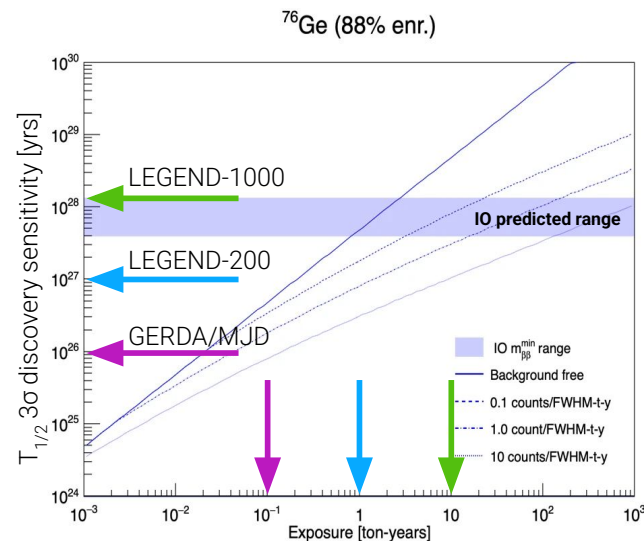
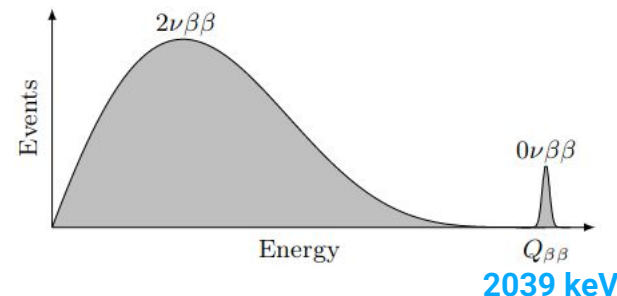
CDEX-300v
design, construction, and R&D

very similar technologies and experimental design - will focus on LEGEND for some general descriptions

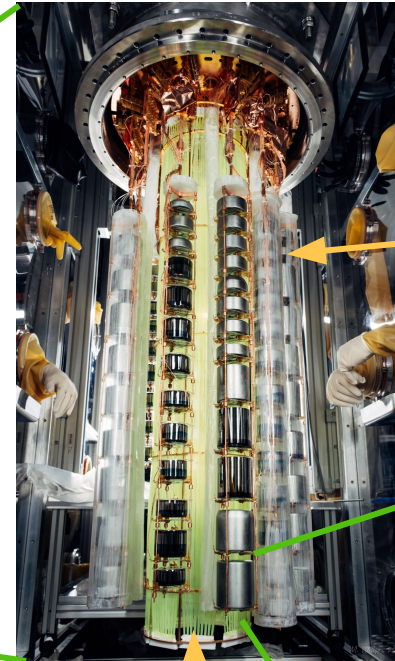
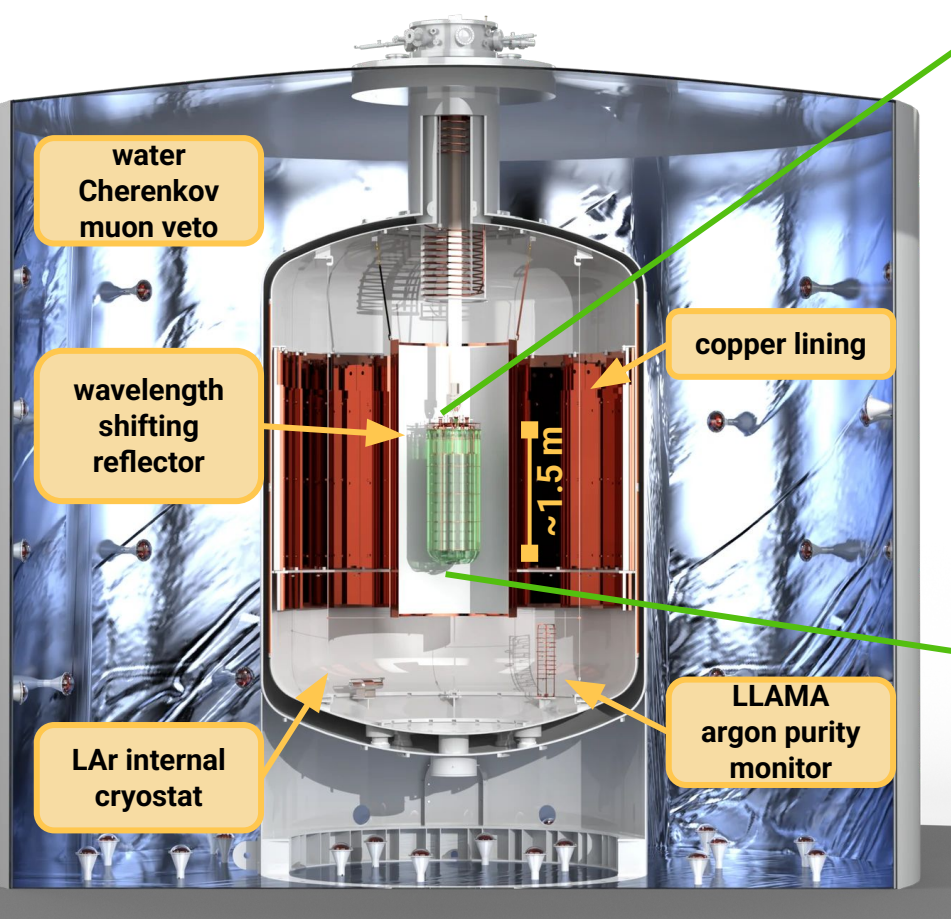
Large Enriched Germanium Experiment for $0\nu\beta\beta$ Decay

- HPGe detectors in liquid argon to reject backgrounds via scintillation
- $\sim 0.1\%$ FWHM resolution at $Q_{\beta\beta} = 2039$ keV
- **Nearly background-free search**
 - LEGEND-200 background goal: 2×10^{-4} cts/(keV·kg·yr)
- **First physics result recently published!**

H. Acharya et al., PRL **136**, 022701 (2026).
- No observation of $0\nu\beta\beta$ - global ^{76}Ge $T_{1/2} > 1.9 \times 10^{26}$ years
- Future LEGEND-1000 experiment aims to cover neutrino mass IO



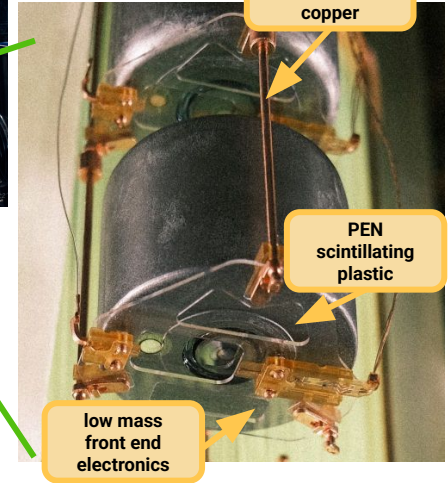
LEGEND-200 - 200 kg of ^{76}Ge enriched detectors



latest deployment:
138 kg of $\sim 90\%$ ^{76}Ge
enriched detectors

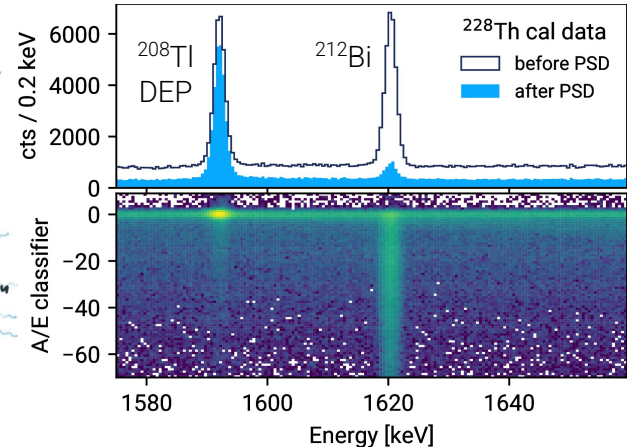
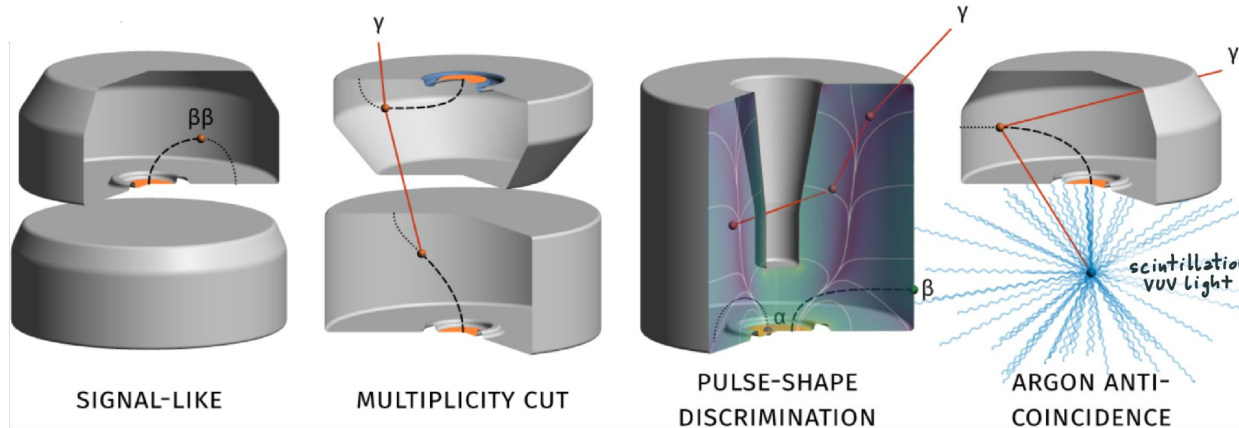
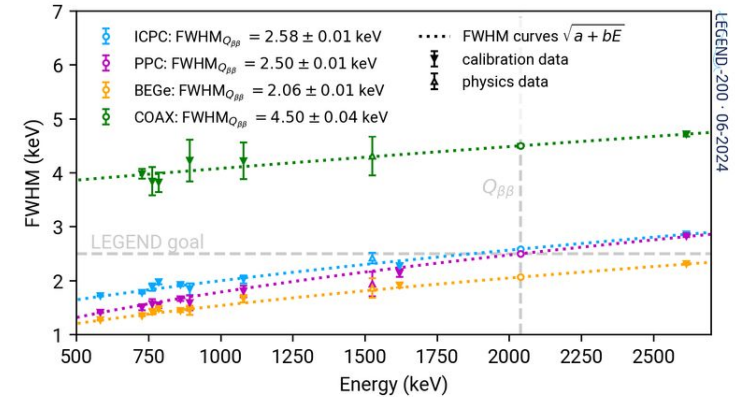
TPB-coated nylon
casings to reduce ^{42}K
ion drift

wavelength shifting fibers
coupled to SiPM readouts to
detect LAr scintillation
(outer barrel not pictured)



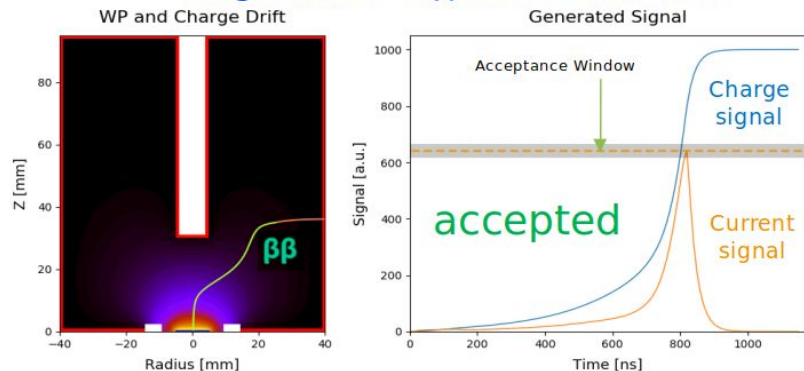
Detectors and active background suppression

- $\sim 90\%$ enriched in ^{76}Ge
- Pulse shape discrimination (PSD) and liquid argon (LAr) anti-coincidence to actively suppress backgrounds.
- L1000 will use exclusively ICPCs - large mass (≈ 3.5 kg) with energy resolution of 2.5 keV FWHM @ $Q_{\beta\beta}$

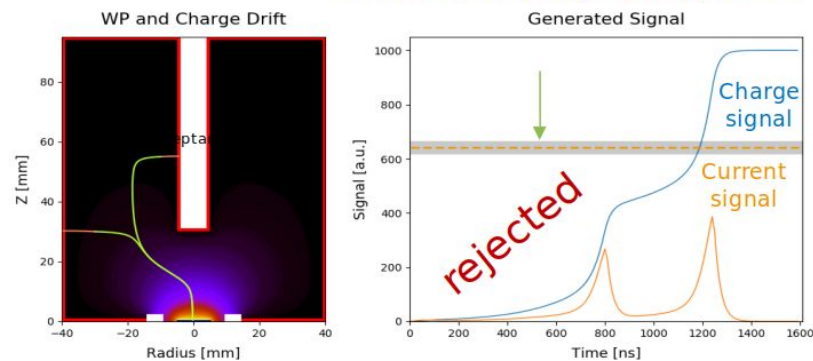


PSD to reject backgrounds

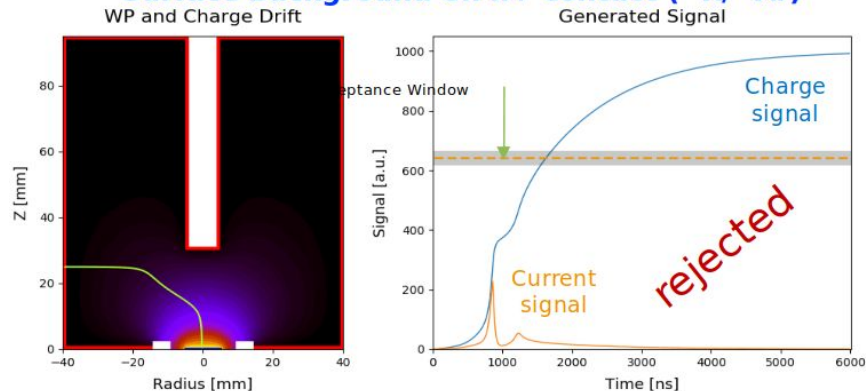
Single-sited - $0\nu\beta\beta$ event candidate



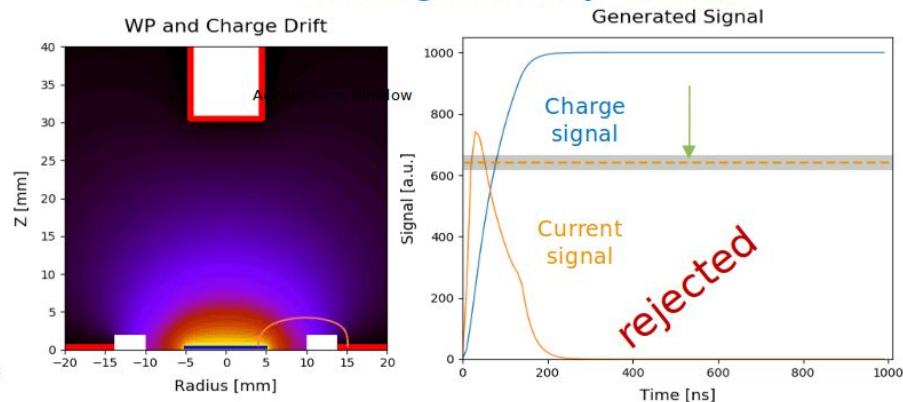
Multi-sited γ -ray background



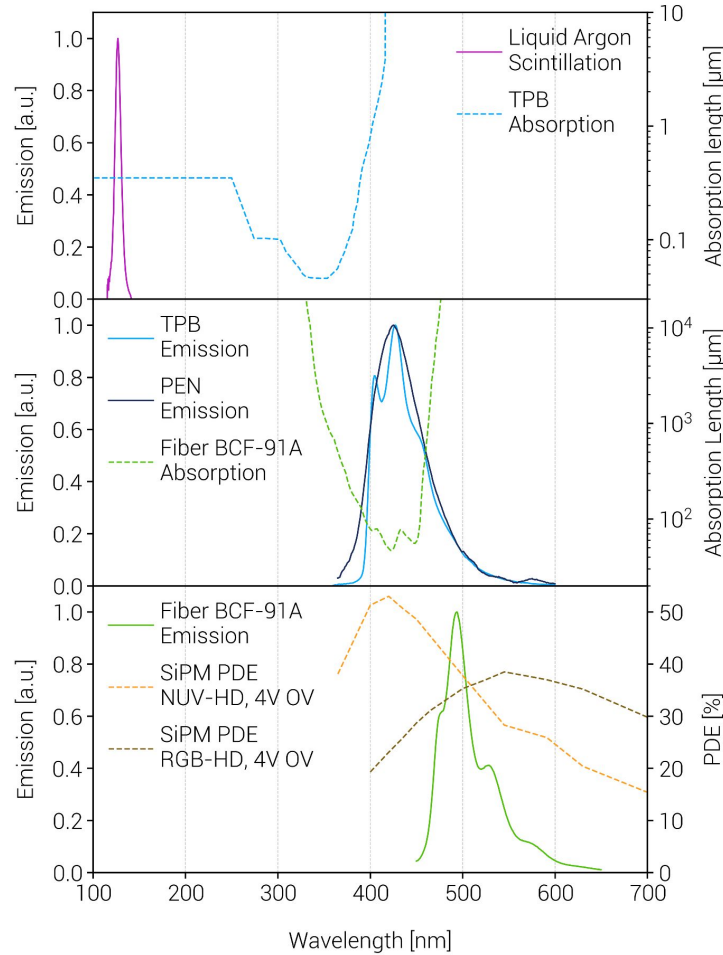
Surface background on n+ contact ($^{42}\text{K}/^{42}\text{Ar}$)



α -background on p+ contact

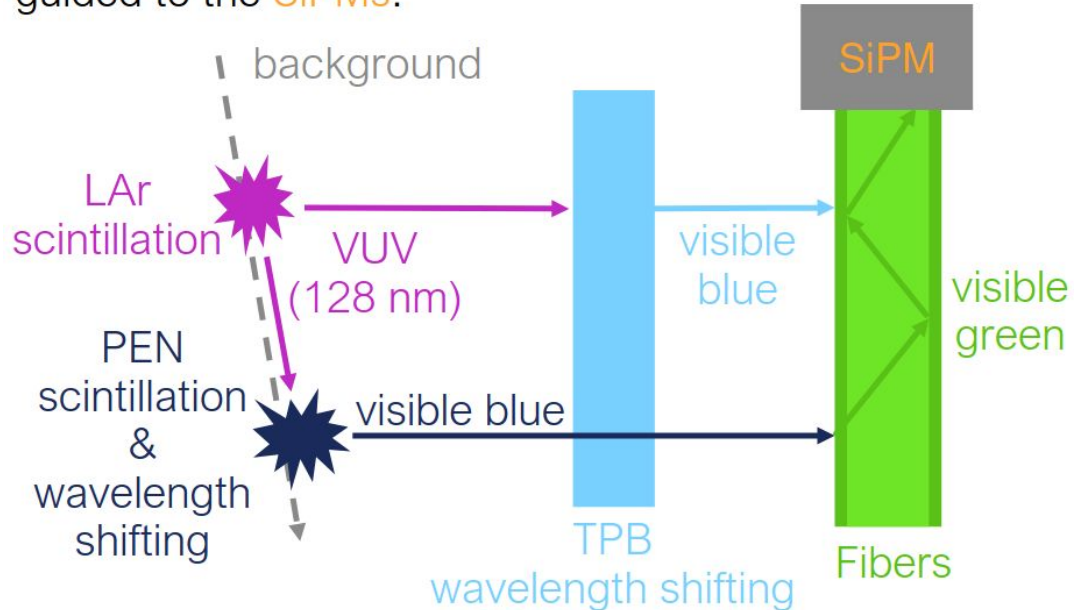


Liquid argon instrumentation

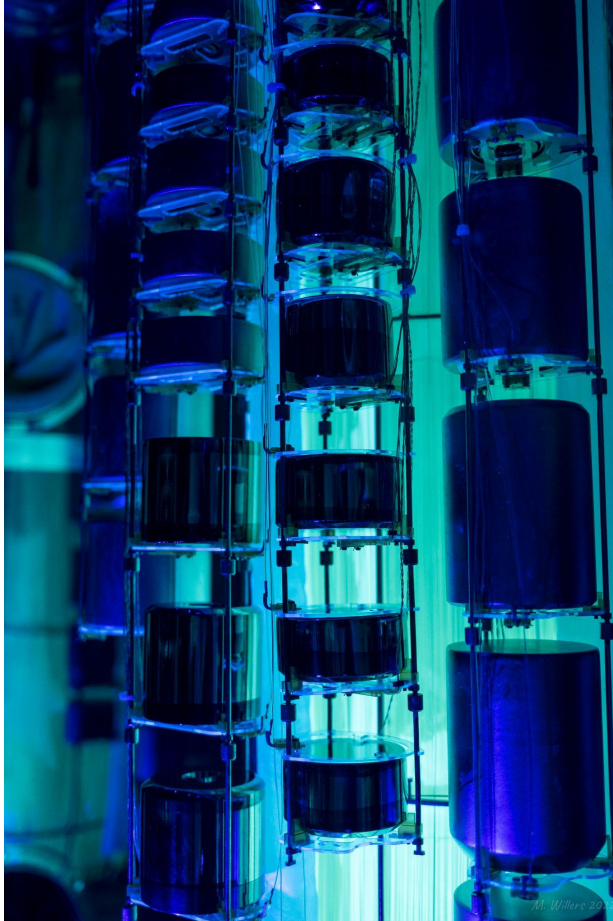


The **LAr scintillation light (128 nm)** is shifted to the **visible blue** by **TPB** (coating on fibers & WLSR) and **PEN** (detector holder plates).

The blue light is shifted to **visible green** by the **fibers** and guided to the **SiPMs**.

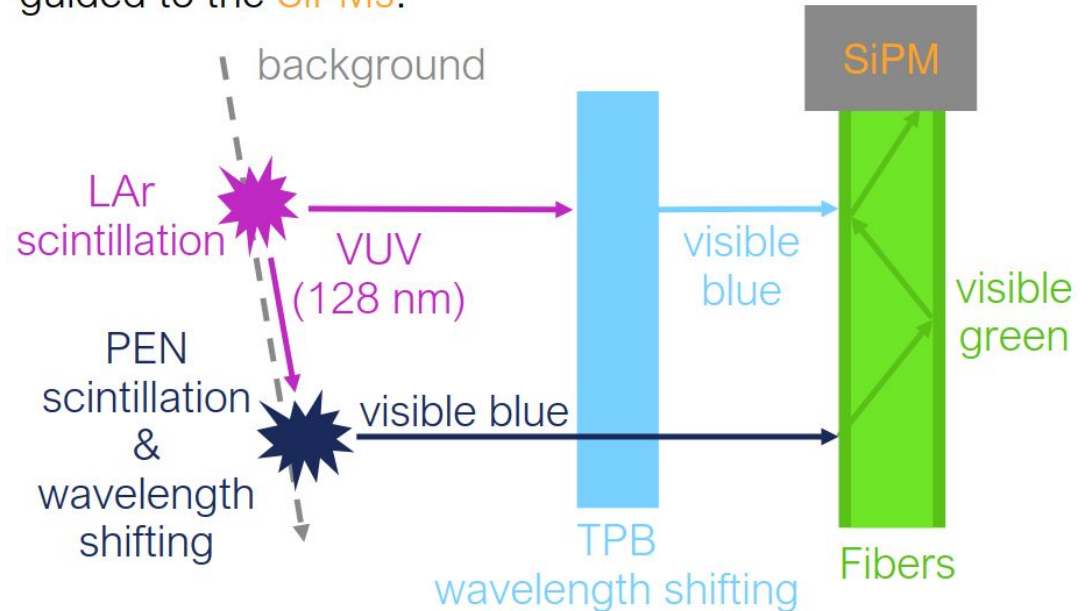


Liquid argon instrumentation



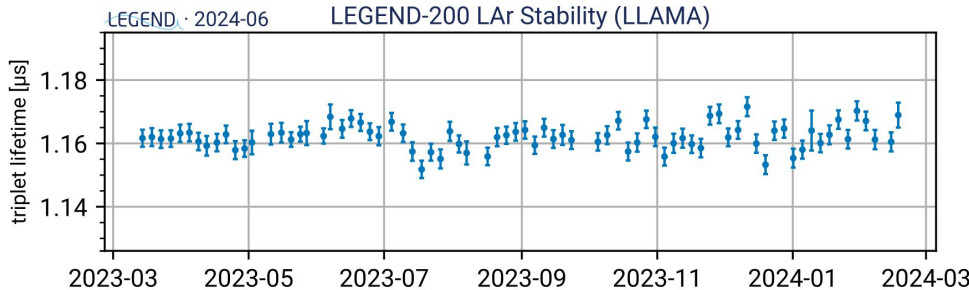
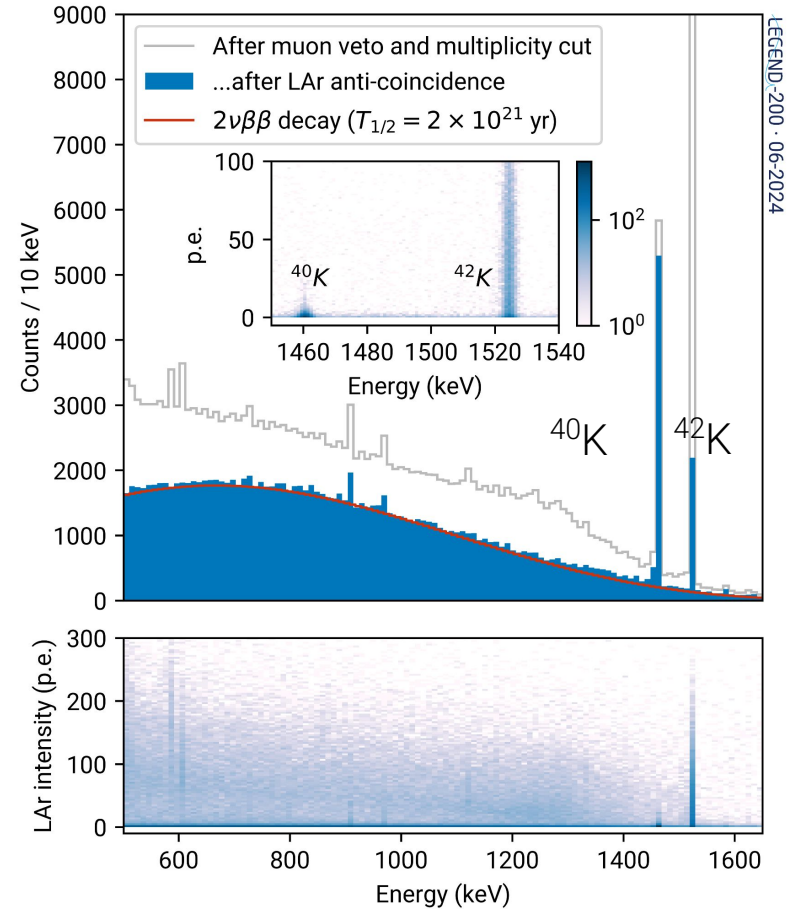
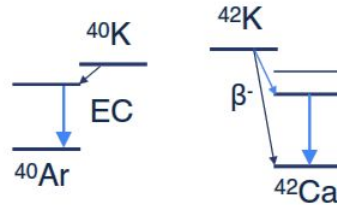
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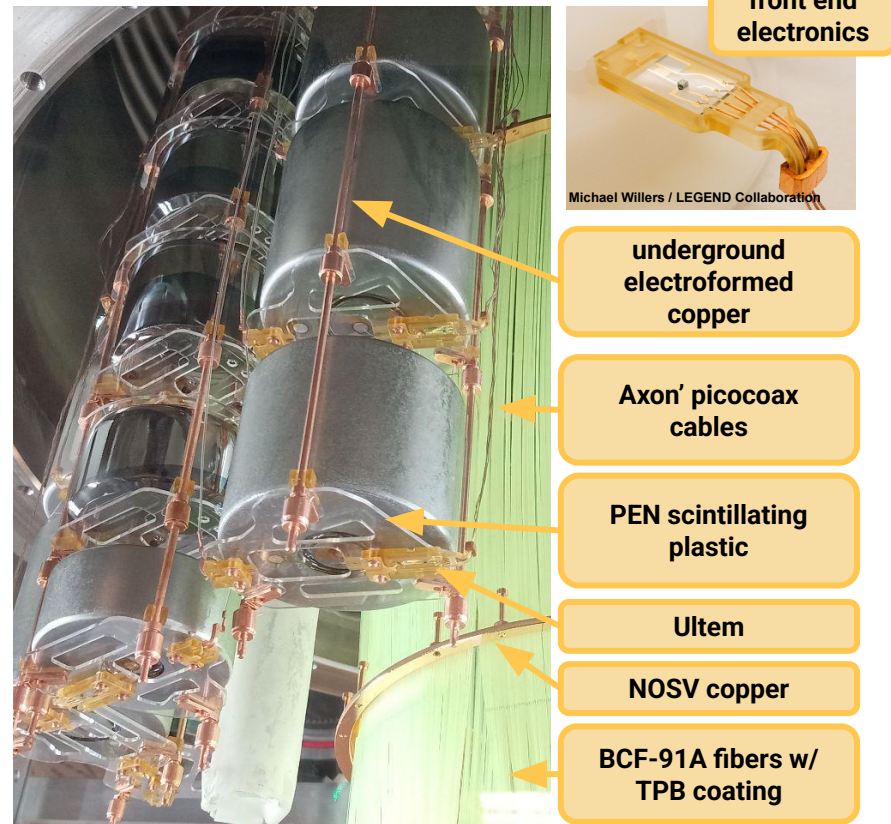
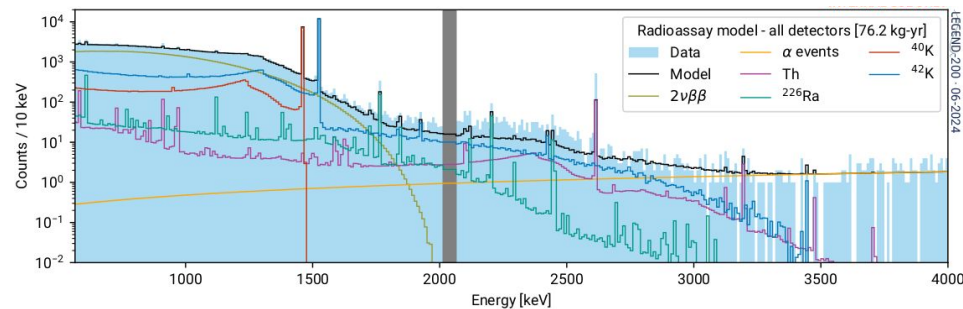
Liquid argon performance

- Event rejection depends on topology - strong rejection of ^{42}K , minimal rejection of ^{40}K
- Strong rejection of ^{40}K Compton continuum with high acceptance of full-energy peak.



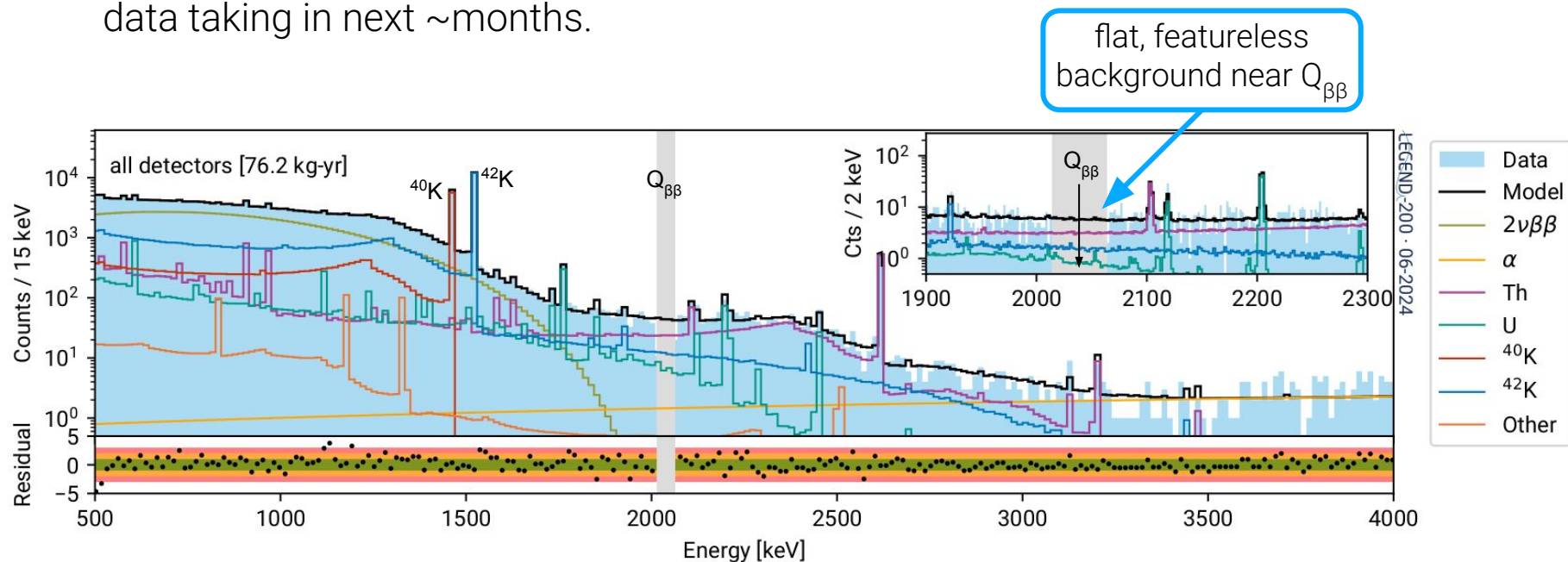
Low background materials for LEGEND

- Both ICP-MS and gamma assays for *most* materials with gamma assays preferred.
- Evidence that secular equilibrium is broken for at least some components
- Only some isotopes relevant background for LEGEND
- From nearby materials:
 - ^{238}U chain: ^{214}Pb , ^{214}Bi
 - ^{232}Th chain: ^{228}Ac , ^{212}Bi , ^{208}Tl
- Other major sources:
 - Rn chain alphas on sensitive detector surfaces
 - ^{42}K (from ^{42}Ar)



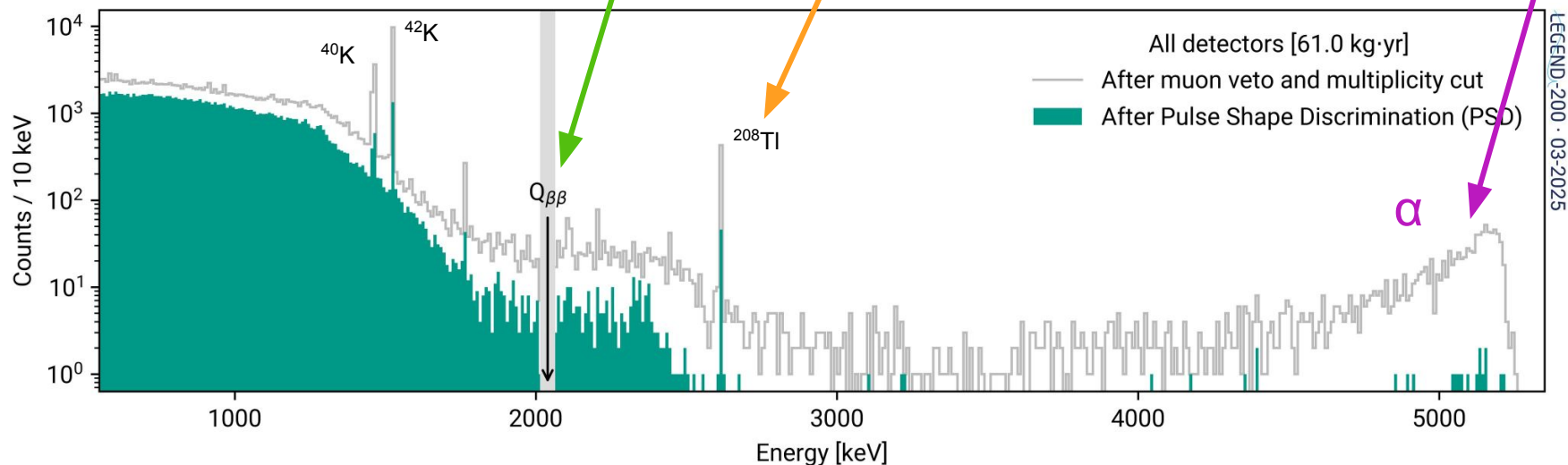
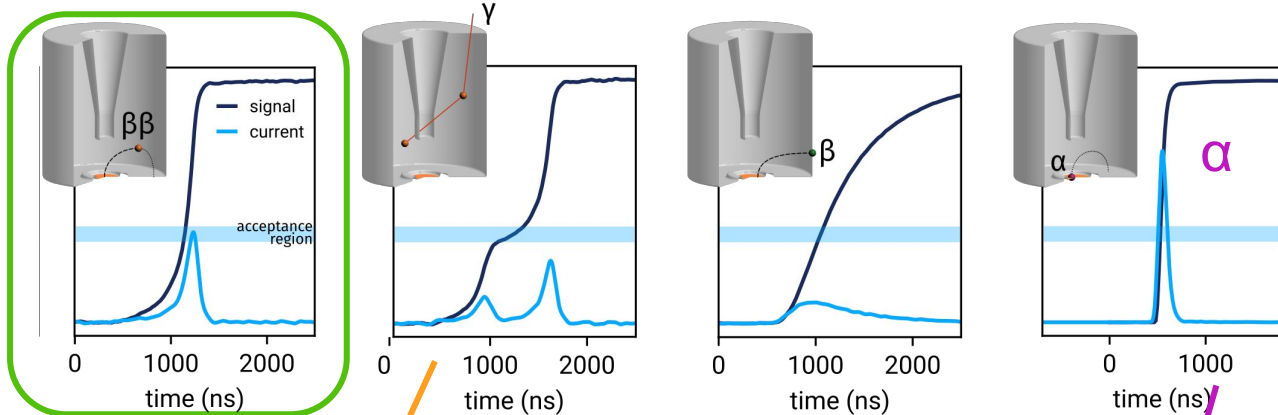
Data before analysis cuts

- Spectral shape matched well by fit to data.
- Backgrounds near $Q_{\beta\beta}$ highly suppressed by analysis cuts.
- Cleaning campaign to reduce background further recently finished - second physics data taking in next ~months.



Pulse shape discrimination (PSD)

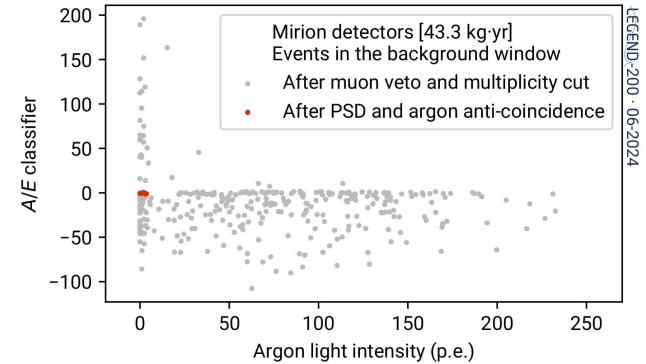
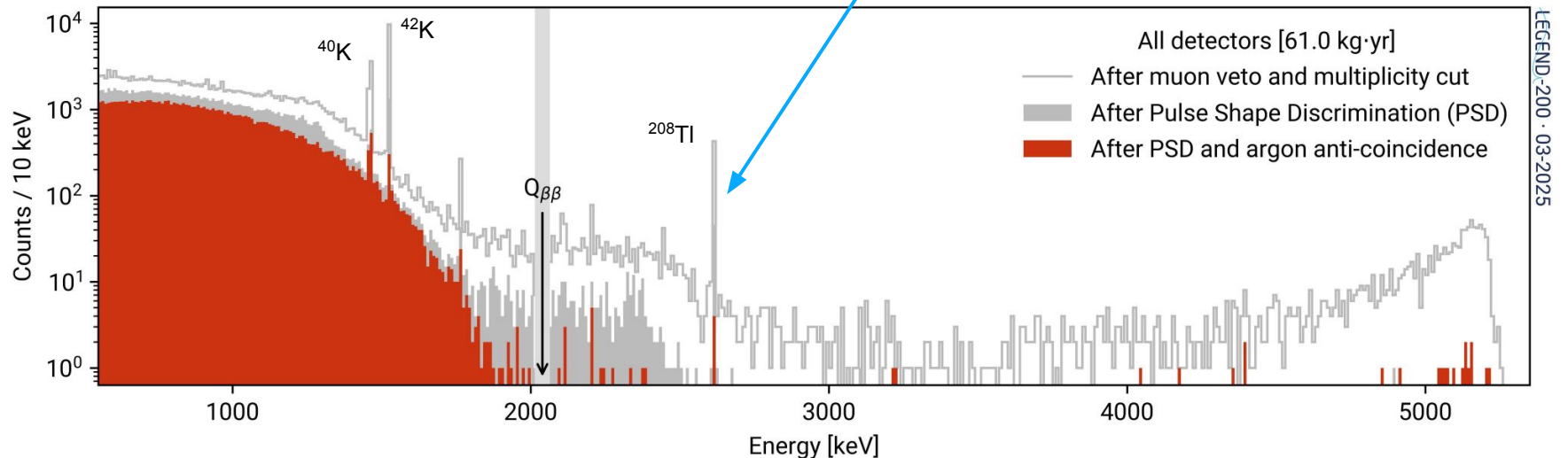
- A/E classifier
[max(current) / energy]
- Strongly suppresses α , β backgrounds
- ~60% suppression of Compton multi-site events at $Q_{\beta\beta}$



Liquid argon anti-coincidence

- Improved x3 light yield compared to GERDA.
- LAr veto and PSD cuts are largely anti-correlated.
- Combination of cuts suppresses nearly all backgrounds.

effective at removing ^{208}Tl backgrounds from γ coincidence



Unblinded results [61.0 kg·yr]

H. Acharya et al., PRL **136**, 022701 (2026).

LEGEND

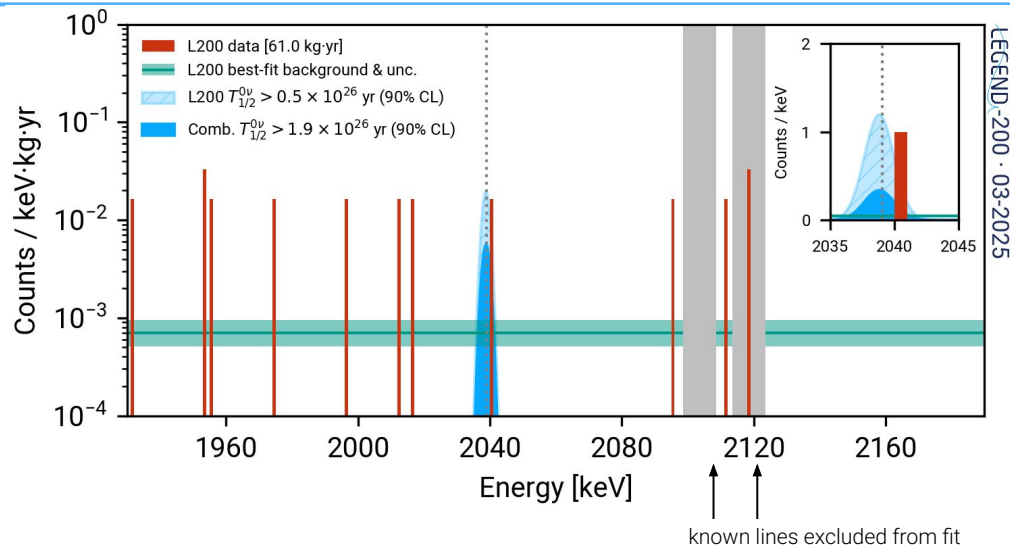
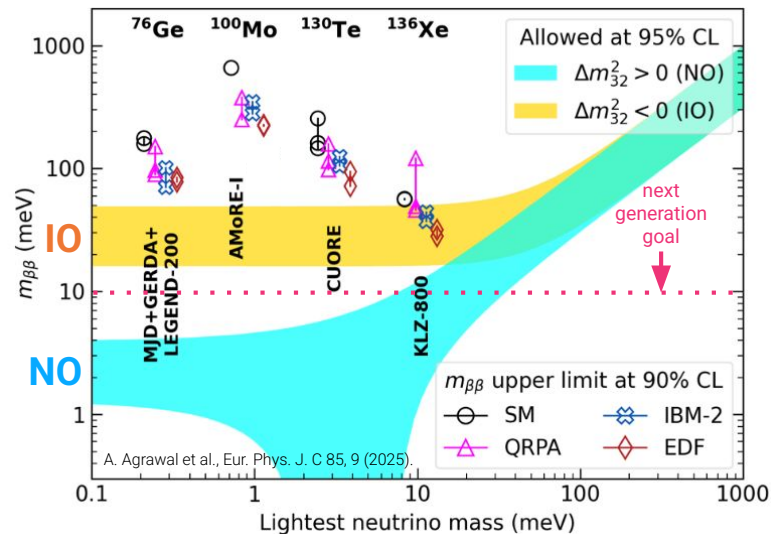
11 events after cuts

background indices (profiled) of

$$BI_{\text{gold}} [48 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{yr}]: 5.4^{+2.7}_{-2.0} \times 10^{-4} \text{ cts}/(\text{keV}\cdot\text{kg}\cdot\text{yr})$$

$$BI_{\text{silver}} [13 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{yr}]: 13^{+8.0}_{-5.4} \times 10^{-4} \text{ cts}/(\text{keV}\cdot\text{kg}\cdot\text{yr})$$

*primarily coaxial detectors with seemingly worse bkg rejection



GERDA, MAJORANA, and LEGEND ⁷⁶Ge combined result

Observed (90% CL)	Sensitivity (90% CL)	Bayesian limit (90% CL)
$T_{1/2} > 1.9 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$	$2.8 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$	$> 1.9 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr}$

phenom. NME: **2.35 – 6.34**

$$m_{\beta\beta} < 75 - 200 \text{ meV}$$

- Recent *ab initio* methods include **quenching and short-range physics, as well uncertainty quantification for ^{76}Ge NME.**

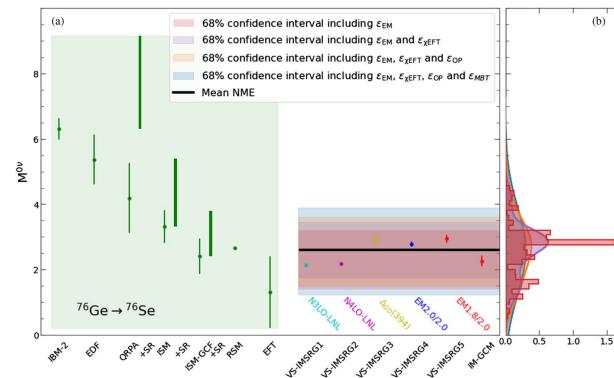
→ Include this uncertainty directly into our limit on $m_{\beta\beta}$.

- Most natural framework is a Bayesian approach:

uncertainty quantified NME: $2.6^{+1.28}_{-1.36}$

Bayesian (90% CI): $m_{\beta\beta} < 320$ meV

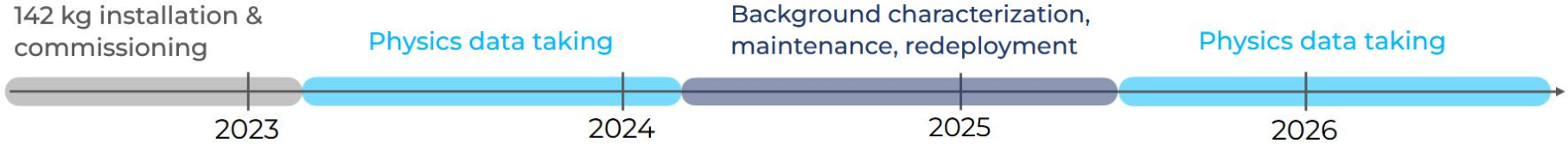
nominal with $\pm 1\sigma$ theory uncertainties for comparison: $m_{\beta\beta} < 180^{+190}_{-60}$ meV



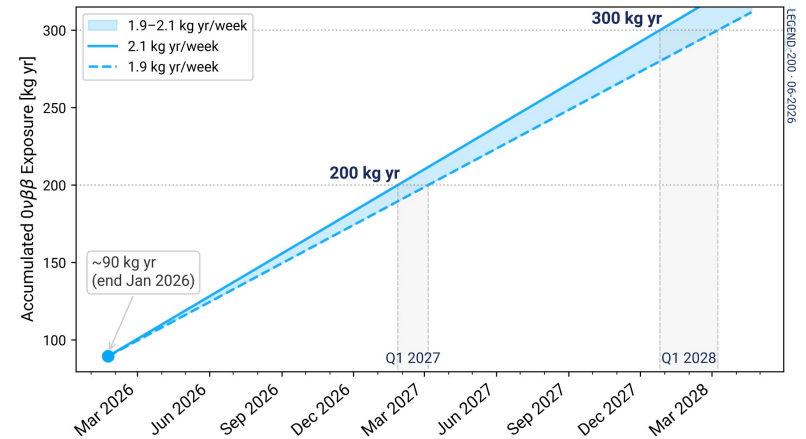
A. Belley et al., PRL 132, 182502 (2024).

Entering era of uncertainty-quantified NMEs, but *the uncertainties are still quite large!*

LEGEND-200 timeline

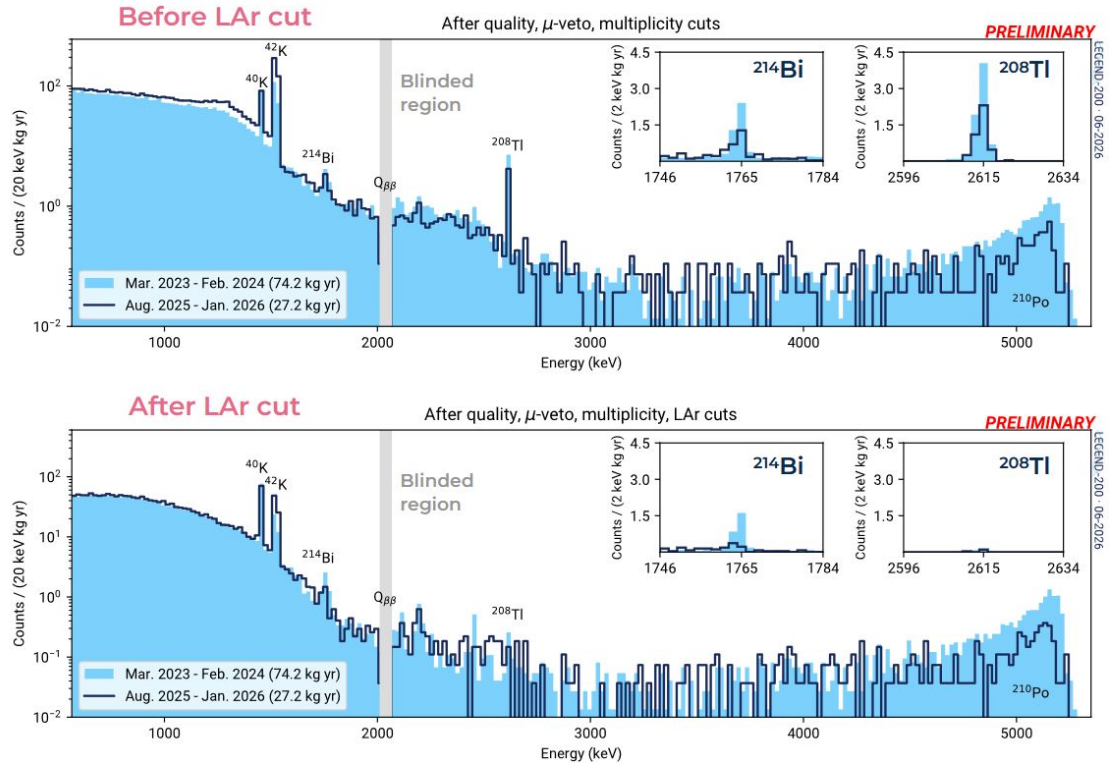


- Background higher than desired in first physics deployment
- Disassembled array → re-cleaned and assayed components
- Surface contamination likely culprit → parts re-cleaned
- Second physics deployment since fall 2025
 - Primarily using IC detectors (L1000 style)
- Third physics deployment planned ~2028 with additional detector production on-going for total of ~160 kg HPGe.



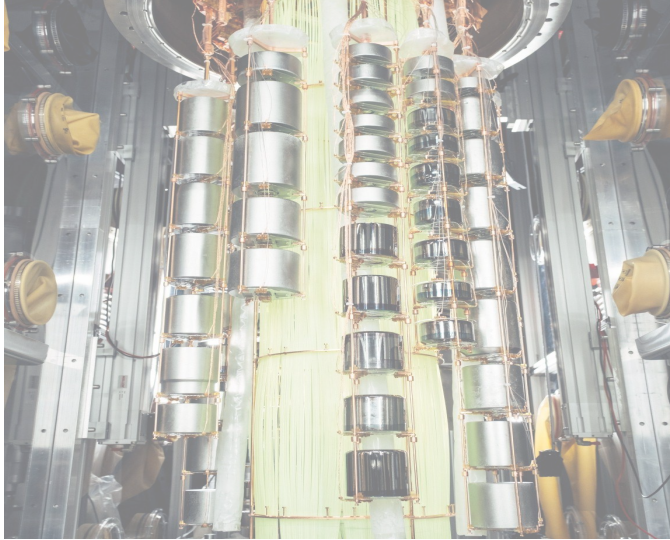
LEGEND-200 second physics deployment

- Reduction in ^{214}Bi and ^{208}Tl by $\sim 2\times$ before cuts!
- After LAr cut, $\sim 5\times$ reduction in ^{214}Bi and no remaining ^{208}Tl at current statistics.
- Background after cuts now seems dominated by ^{42}K from surface events.
- Work in progress for additional PSD / analysis rejection

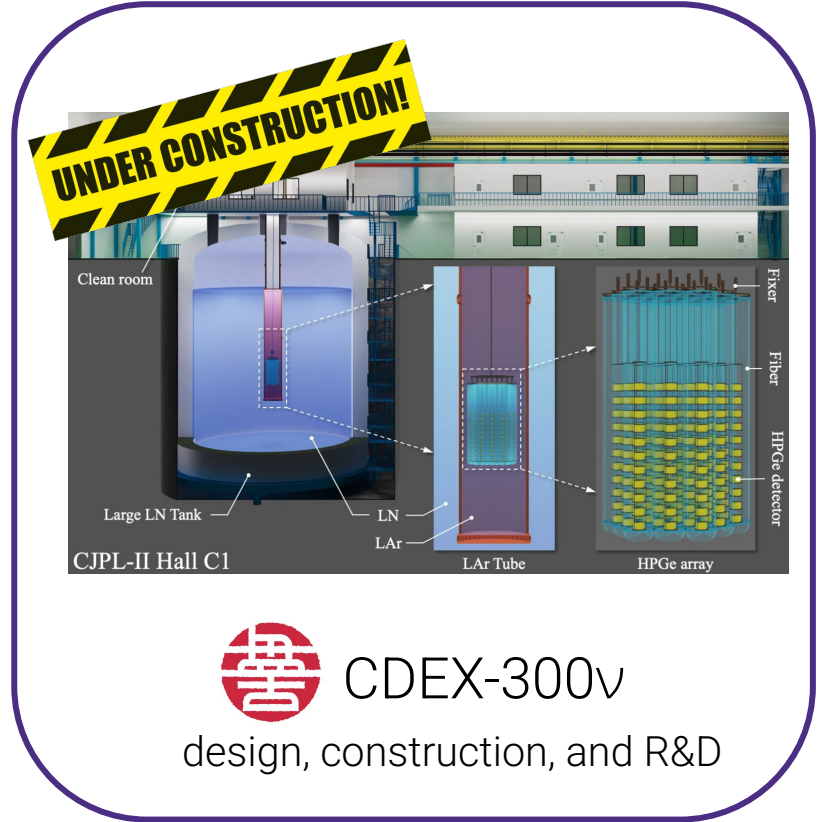


Continue to maximize $0\nu\beta\beta$ exposure while expanding physics program!

^{76}Ge $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiments - current generation



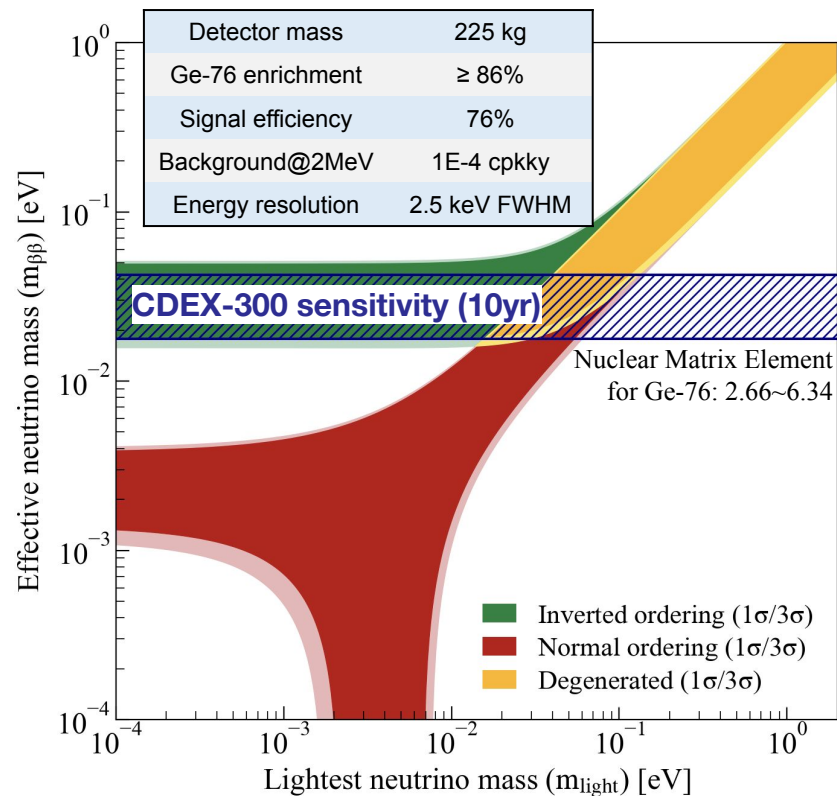
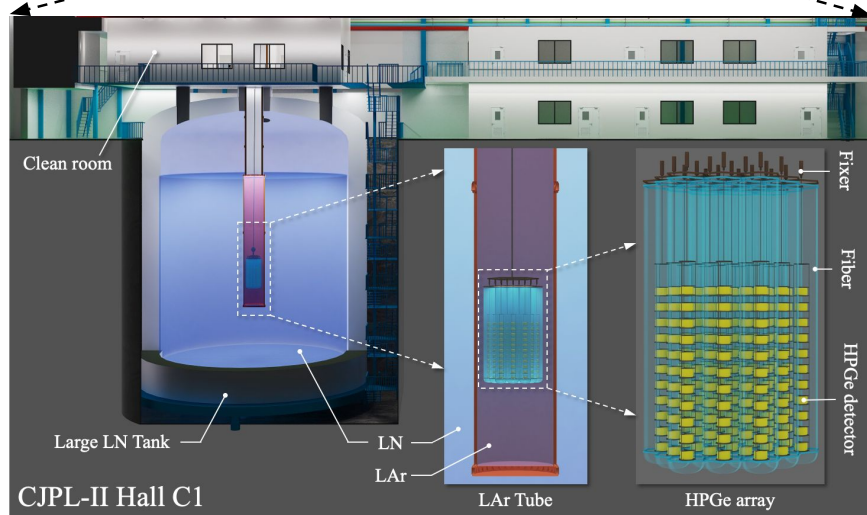
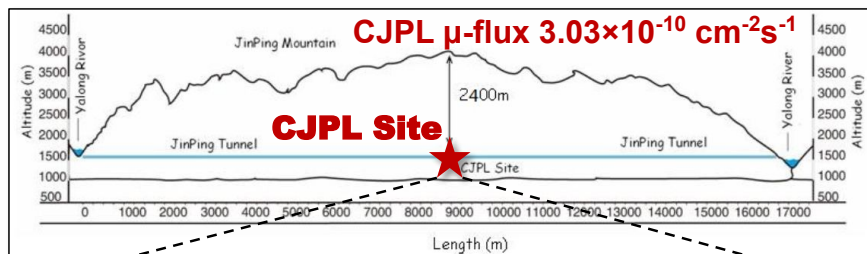
LEGEND-200
currently operating

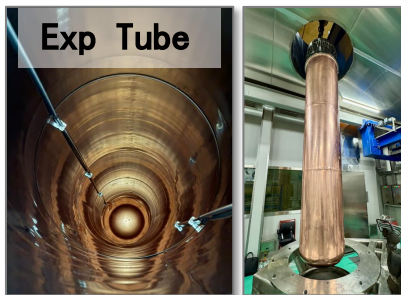
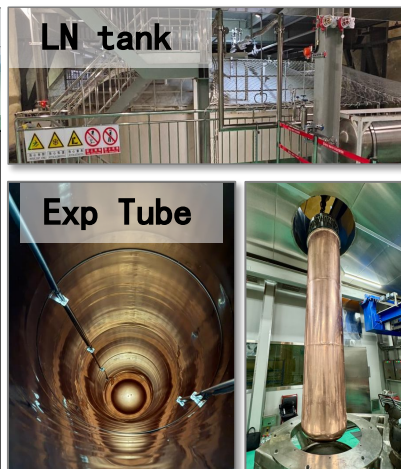


CDEX-300 $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiment at CJPL

Slide from Hao MA

- Searching for Ge-76 $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay at Inverted Ordering (IO) region
- 225 kg enriched (Ge-76>86%) BEGe detectors + LAr veto + 1725 m³ LN shield





Large LN₂ tank

- LN₂ filling completed, LN₂ level ~10 m
- Three Cu experiment tubes installed
- Design of thermal isolation of LN₂&LAr, cycling and purification of LAr underway



Detector test facilities

- Facility for testing HPGe performance in LN has been operated at CJPL
- A LAr prototype in Xichang ground auxiliary lab to study purification and light transmission performance of LAr

(Technical chain established: Ge-76 enrichment → Ge metal → Crystal growth → Detector fabrication)

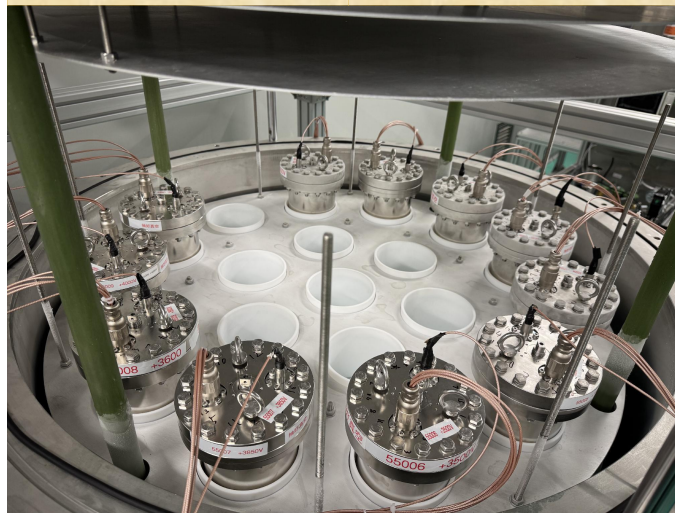


- Test & storage system for HPGe established
- Stability test of Ge-76 enriched HPGe in Cryostat & LN₂ (bare crystal) ongoing
- Array mechanical structure & front-end electronic test is underway

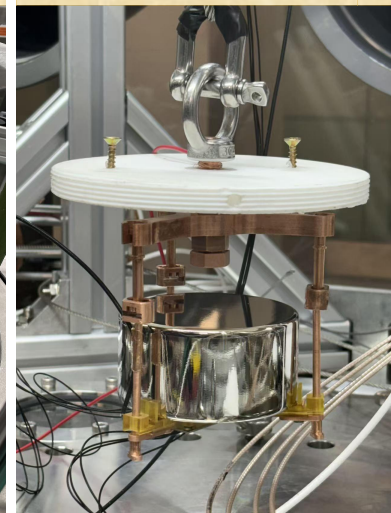
Bare crystal LN₂ test @CJPL



Cryostat test/storage @CJPL



Det. assembly

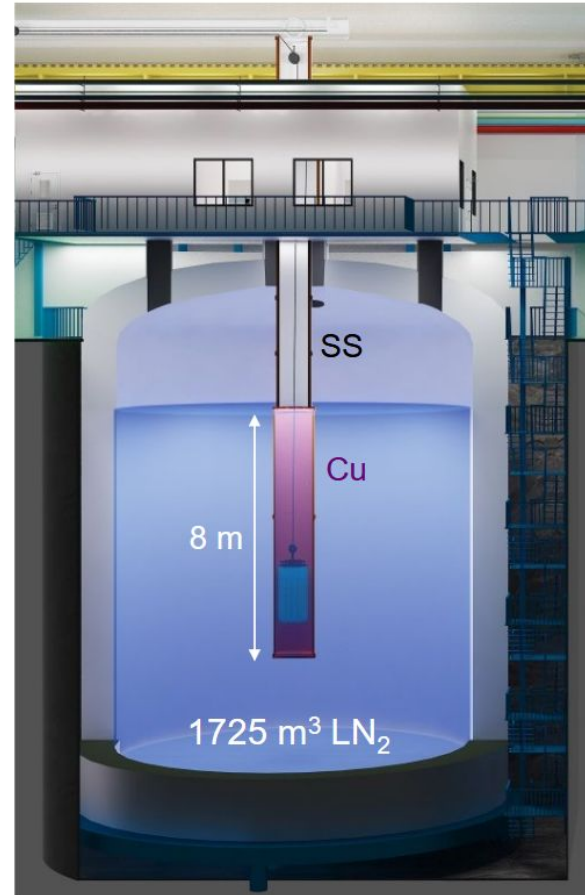
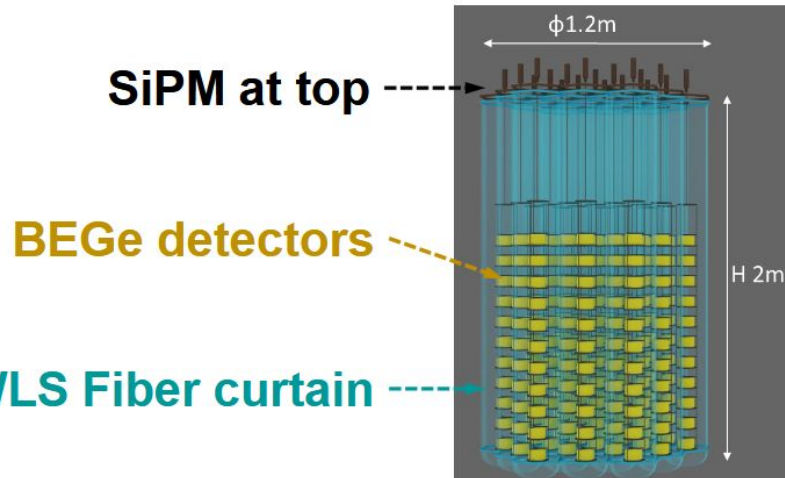


The LAr Veto System

Slide from Hao MA
LIDINE 2025

Baseline design:

- ~20 t LAr held by Cu / SS cryostat
- Atmosphere argon
- LAr constantly purified
- LAr cryostat immersed in LN₂
- LAr light read out by WLS Fiber + SiPM



CDEX-300 Status: LAr impurity monitor

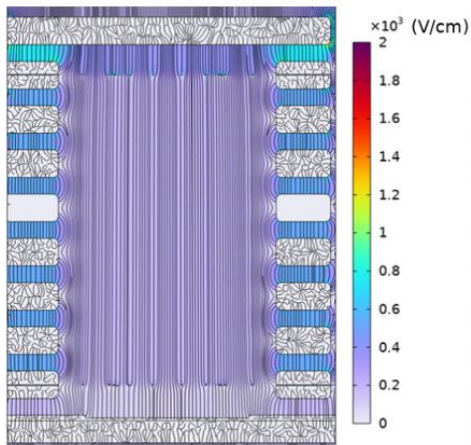
Slide from Hao MA

- In-situ monitoring of O_2/H_2O in LAr by measuring electron drift lifetime
- Monitoring O_2 equivalent impurity in LAr at few ppb level
- A prototype been built and further test is ongoing

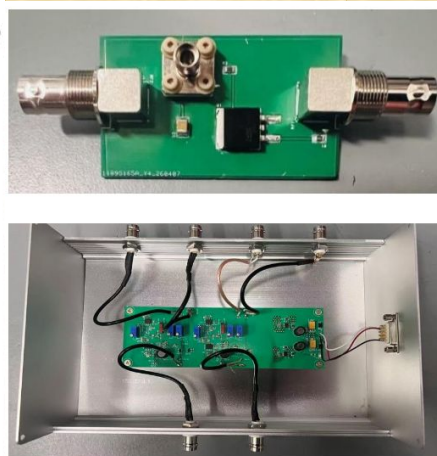
Prototype
Device



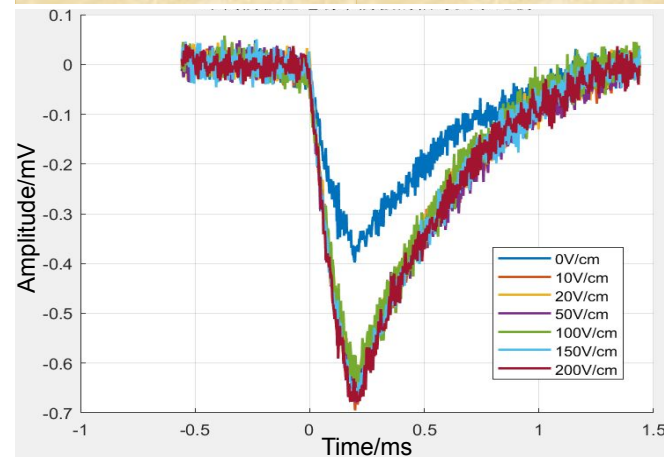
Electron drift
field design



Electronics
(HV & Readout)



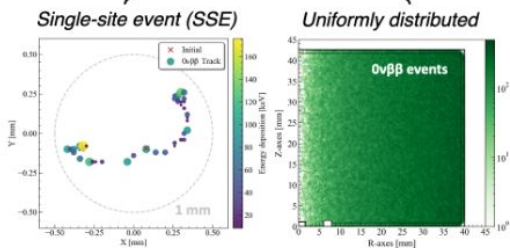
Cathode signal in vacuum test
(under different voltage)



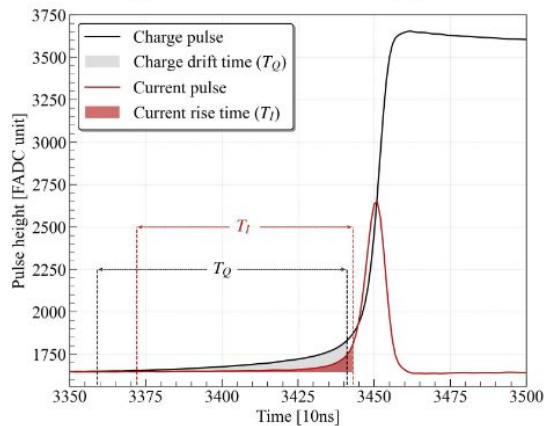
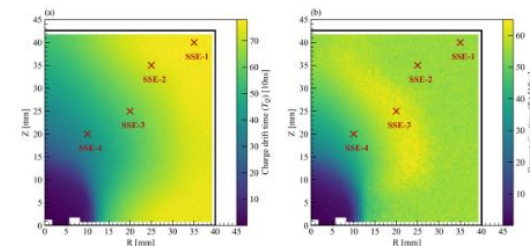
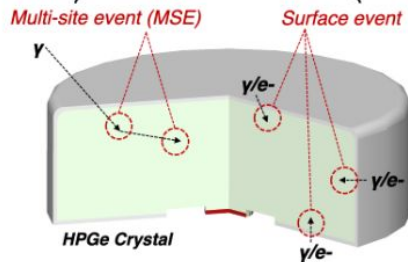
Virtual Segmentation of single-readout Point-contact HPGe

- Infer single-site events (SSEs) position by Pulse shape analysis
- Potential way to further suppress Ar-42 (K-42) surface background

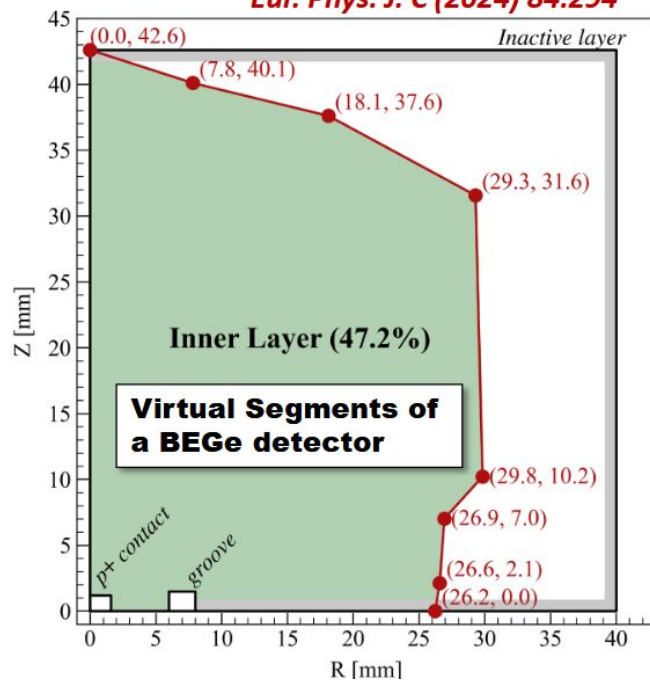
Signal ($2e^-$ from $0\nu\beta\beta$)



Background (external e^- , γ)



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▣ Material Background Control

ALL materials to be screened and selected

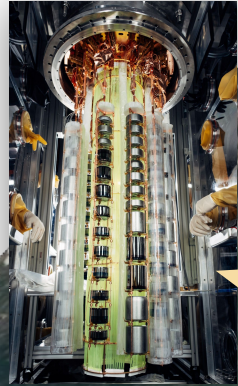
▣ Ge detector & FEE

- Mitigation of cosmic activation on the ground
- Low-mass & pure detector structures
- Low background cables or flexible PCB
- CMOS ASIC Front-end Electronics
- Underground fabrication of Ge detectors

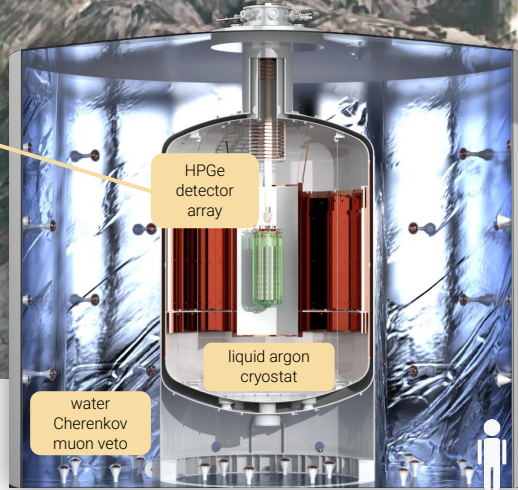
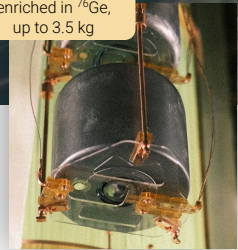
▣ Underground Electro-forming Cu

- U/Th activity $< 10 \mu\text{Bq/kg}$
- Free of cosmogenic radioactivity

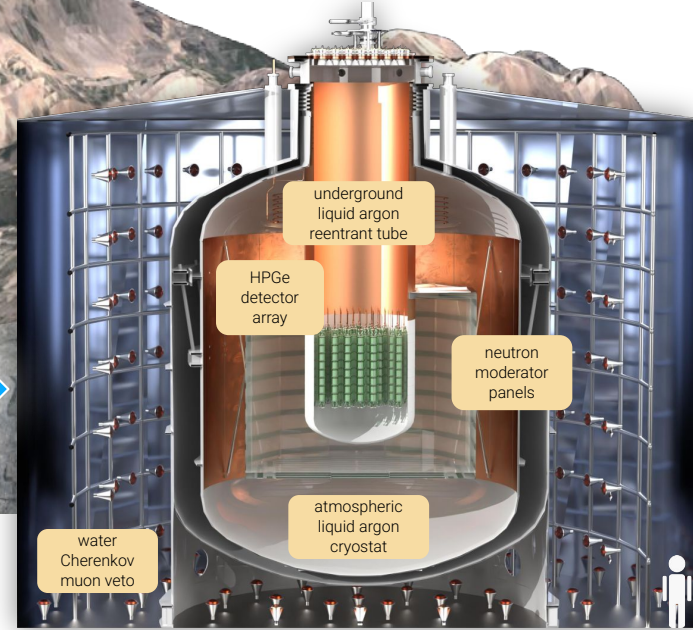
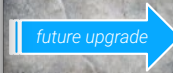




HPGe ~90% enriched in ^{76}Ge , up to 3.5 kg



LEGEND-200
currently operating

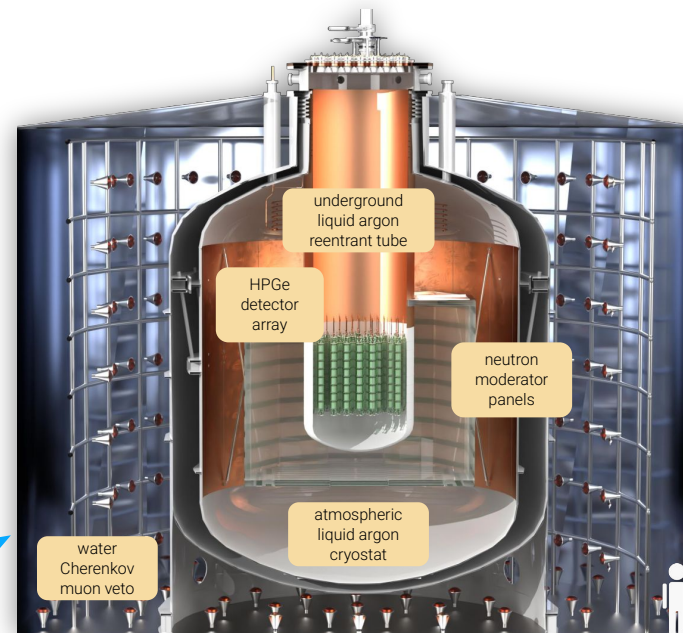
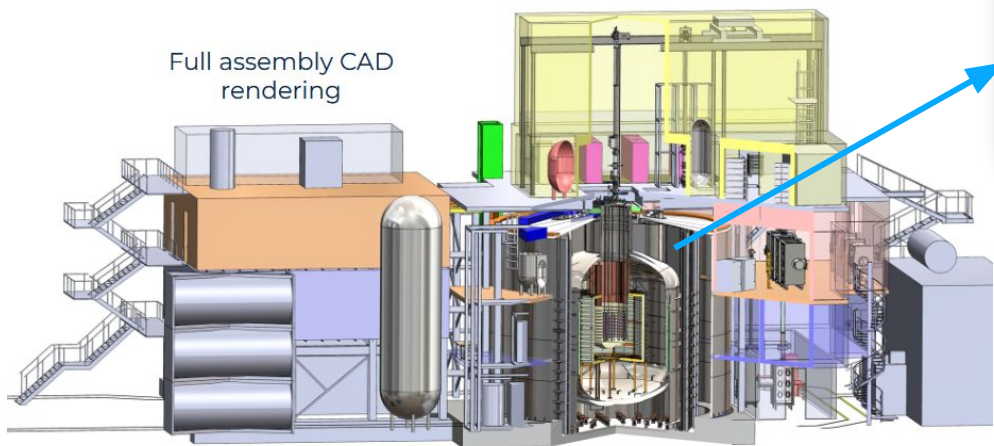


LEGEND-1000
next generation

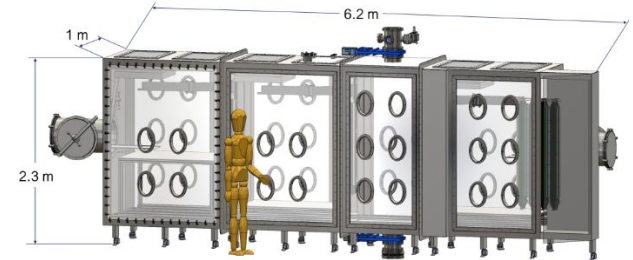
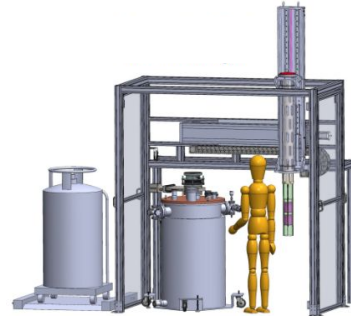
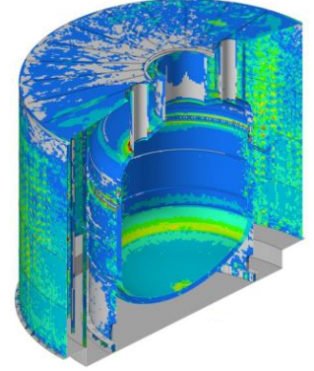
LEGEND-1000 will definitively probe inverted ordering $m_{\beta\beta}$ with $0\nu\beta\beta$ half-life discovery sensitivity $>10^{28}$ yr with background goal of 10^{-5} cts/(keV·kg·yr) and 10 tonne·yr exposure.

LEGEND-1000 key improvements

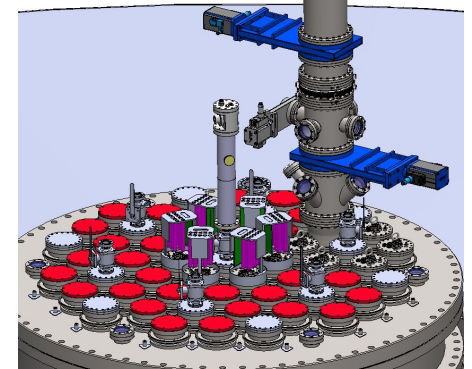
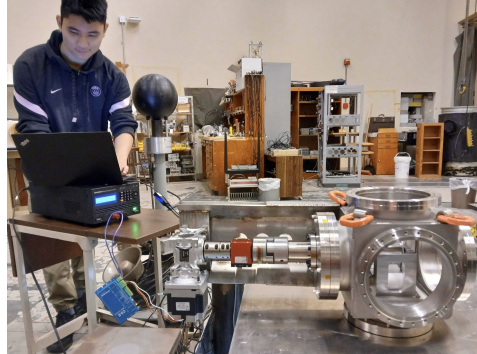
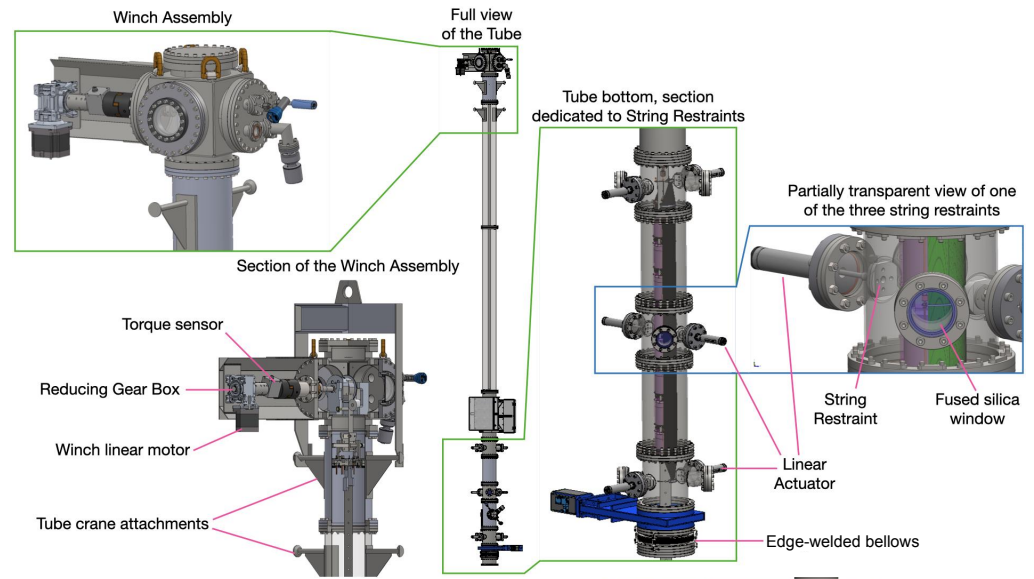
- Will be located at LNGS
- Underground-sourced argon to avoid ^{42}Ar background
- Large mass (≥ 3 kg) IC detectors
- Single string detector modules deployable in liquid argon as detector production continues



- Improved SiPMs and scintillation fibers for LAr readout
- Reentrant tube welding and burst tests underway
- Ge procurement and enrichment - in discussion with suppliers
- ASIC development underway with two parallel designs
- Underground argon extraction to follow DarkSide extraction → plant under commissioning in Colorado
- BOREXINO dismantling and site preparation about to start at LNGS
- LEGEND-1000 cryostat and water tank in advanced design
 - Cryostat steel procured and assayed

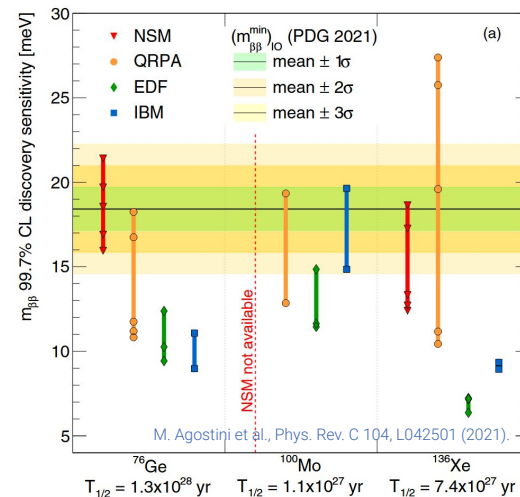
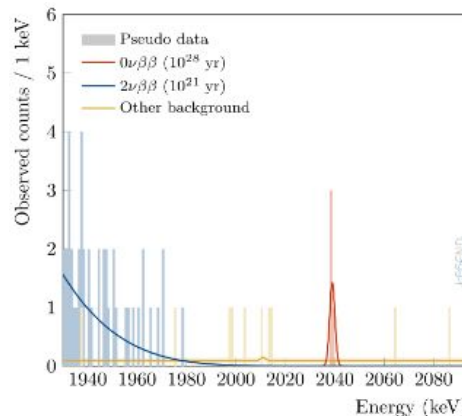
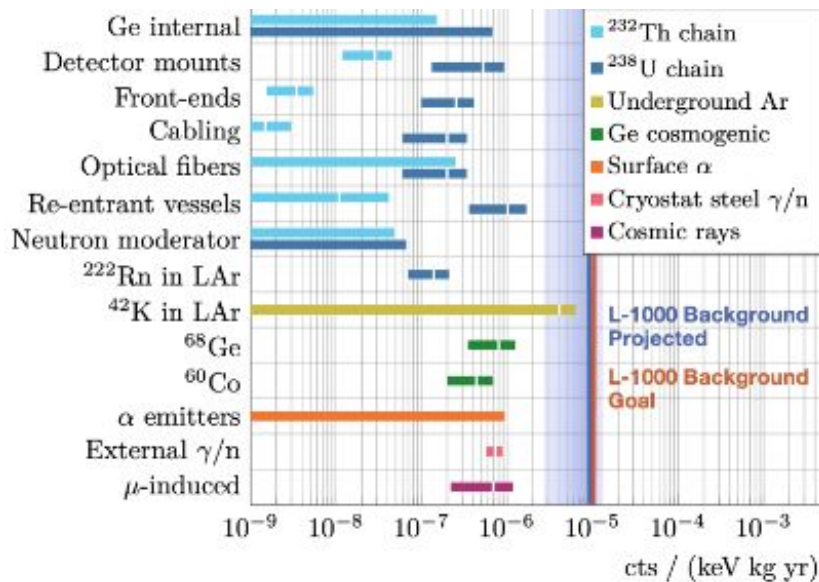


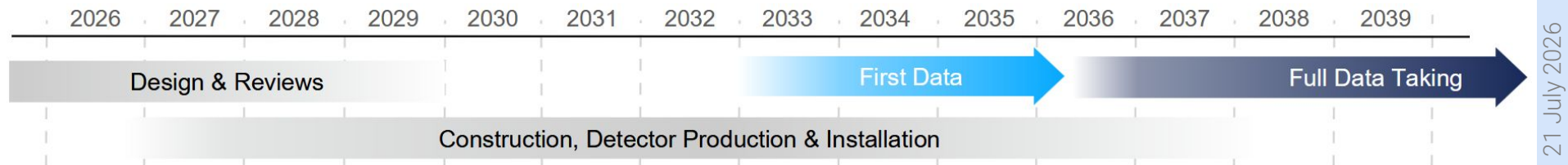
Detector deployment prototyping at UW



LEGEND-1000 expected background and sensitivity

- Underground-sourced argon, plus improvements in material purity and handling, leads to required background reduction.
 - Conservative estimate of ^{42}K shown below



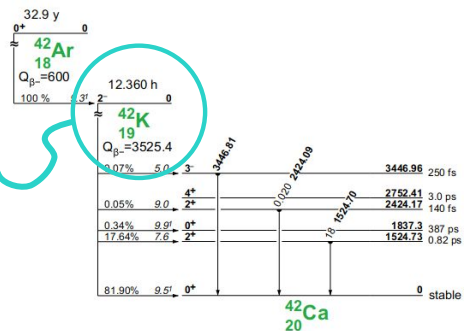
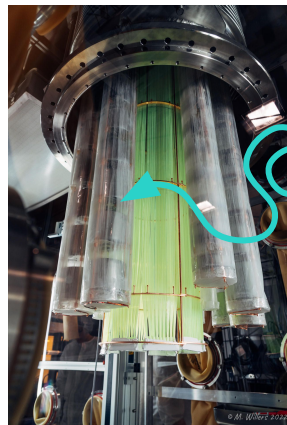


Funding status

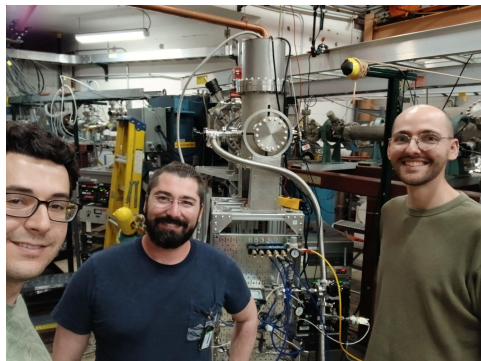
- US: NSF (final design phase MREFC) & DOE (CD-1 review).
- Europe: MPG and DFG support; German FIS National Research Infrastructure process (recommendation July 2026); INFN flagship project; contributions from Switzerland and Poland; UK roadmap pending

New ^{42}Ar source for background studies

- Important background from cosmogenic ^{42}Ar , 33 year half-life, 60 $\mu\text{Bq/kg}$ in atmospheric argon



- Some not well-understood combination of convection, field drift accumulates ^{42}K onto detector surface
- 3.5 MeV β penetrates ~ 1 mm n^+ detector dead layer, covering $Q_{\beta\beta}$
- Seems to be highest background in L200 in second physics run?
- L1000 will use underground-source argon to avoid ^{42}Ar



- This past weekend $\rightarrow$ produced ~ 100 s nCi ^{42}Ar source for lab-based mitigation studies of background!**
- First tritium beam at ATLAS (ANL) - 12 MeV tritium beam at 1 μA with $^{40}\text{Ar}(t, p)^{42}\text{Ar}$ reaction**
- Tritium beam will be useful for many nuclear structure and reaction studies - possibly useful for $0\nu\beta\beta$ studies?

- LEGEND-200 currently taking physics data - needs improvement to ^{42}Ar background through either cuts or hardware mitigations to improve physics discovery reach!
- CDEX-300v continuing to design and build!
- Major technical and funding milestones for LEGEND-1000 - on track to deliver a tonne-scale search for neutrinoless double-beta decay.
- New ^{42}Ar source should enable new lab-based investigations to further reduce LEGEND backgrounds!

LEGEND Collaboration

