Neutrino interaction constraints via multi-differential cross sections with MicroBooNE Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023), Phys. Rev. D 108, 053002 (2023), arXiv:2310.06082

Afroditi Papadopoulou <u>apapadopoulou@anl.gov</u> INT Workshop, 11/2/2023



Neutrino Interaction Challenge

- Broad neutrino spectra
- Various complex interaction mechanisms

Any mismodeling in neutrino event generator simulation predictions can limit experimental sensitivity





Future Experiments

50% CP Violation Sensitivity



- Mismodeling can impact required run time of forthcoming flagship experiments
- But ... head start with Short-Baseline Neutrino (SBN) Program (<u>MicroBooNE</u>, SBND, ICARUS)

DUNE CDR, <u>arXiv:1512.06148</u>



85 tonne Liquid Argon Time Projection Chamber (LArTPC) JINST 12, P02017 (2017)

LArTPC Operation Principle





MicroBooNE

- 3 wire planes
- 8192 gold coated wires
- 3 mm wire spacing
- 32 PMTs

MicroBooNE Data Events



- Excellent spatial resolution
- Low detection thresholds
- Precise calorimetric information
- Powerful particle identification

MicroBooNE Data Events



• Largest available neutrino-argon data set with ~500k recorded neutrino interactions

• 15 released and more than 30 active MicroBooNE cross section analyses

• Multiple topologies investigated

Already Public Results

CC inclusive

- 1D ν_µ CC inclusive @ BNB
 <u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 131801 (2019)</u>
- 1D ν_µ CC E_ν @ BNB <u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 128, 151801 (2022)</u>
- 3D CC E_v @ BNB arXiv:2307.06413, submitted to PRL
- 1D v_e CC inclusive @ NuMI <u>Phys. Rev. D105, L051102 (2022)</u> <u>Phys. Rev. D104, 052002 (2021)</u>

Pion production

• ν_µ NCπ⁰ @ BNB <u>Phys. Rev. D 107, 012004 (2023)</u>

Rare channels

- η production @ BNB, submitted to PRL <u>arXiv:2305.16249</u>
- Λ production @ NuMI <u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 231802 (2023)</u>

CC0π

- 1D ν_e CCNp0π @ BNB Phys. Rev. D 106, L051102 (2022)
- 1D & 2D ν_µ CC1p0π Transverse Imbalance @ BNB <u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023)</u>
 - Phys. Rev. D 108, 053002 (2023)
- 1D & 2D ν_{μ} CC1p0 π Generalized Imbalance @ BNB arXiv:2310.06082, submitted to PRD
- 1D ν_µ CC1p0π @ BNB
 <u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 125, 201803 (2020)</u>
- 1D ν_μ CC2p @ BNB <u>arXiv:2211.03734</u>
- 1D ν_µ CCNp0π @ BNB
 <u>Phys. Rev. D102, 112013 (2020)</u>

15 cross section publications and way more to come!





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$CC0\pi$

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Opportunity to extensively benchmark neutrino event generator predictions

Pion production

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arX1v:2211.03/3

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15 cross section publications and way more to come!

µBooNE

Nuclear Effects in Event Generators

Rev. Mod. Phys. 89, 045002 (2017)

Struck nucleon motion in argon



Double-Differential Single-Proton Knockout



Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023) Phys. Rev. D 108, 053002 (2023) arXiv:2310.06082

- First double-differential single-proton cross section measurement on argon
- Identified kinematic variables and phase-space regions with sensitivity to nuclear effects
- Uses ~50% of available MicroBooNE data sets & Booster Neutrino Beam (BNB)

Single-Proton Knockout



- Dominated by Charged Current Quasi-elastic (CCQE) interactions
- Simple single muon-proton events
- Dominant at MicroBooNE energies

CC1p0π Quasielastic-like Signal Definition

Ranges driven by minimum track length, track containment, hadronic reinteractions, and systematics



MC: GENIE v3.0.6 G18 10a 02 11b + tune* Nieves QE & MEC, Berger Sehgal RES

• 1 muon

 $100 < P_{u} < 1200 \text{ MeV/c}$

• 1 proton

 $300 < P_p < 1000 \text{ MeV/c}$

- No π^{\pm} with $P_{\pi} > 70$ MeV/c No π^{0} or heavier mesons
- Any number of neutrons

9051 CC1p0π candidate data events CC1p0 π ~10% efficiency ~70% purity

Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023) Phys. Rev. D 108, 053002 (2023) arXiv:2310.06082

* Phys. Rev. D 105, 072001 (2022)







Transverse missing momentum $\delta \mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}} = | \mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mu} + \mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{p} | = 0$

Transverse projections equal and opposite due to momentum conservation

Incoming neutrino energy independent





Transverse missing momentum $\delta \mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}} = | \mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mu} + \mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{p} | > 0$

Broad distribution due to initial nucleon motion and other nuclear effects

Incoming neutrino energy independent







Transverse Missing Momentum δp_{T}





• S = Signal, B = Background

- QE dominance in peak below Fermi momentum (~250 MeV/c)
- MEC/RES mainly in high momentum tail

GENIE v3.0.6 G18_10a_02_11b + tune* Nieves QE & MEC, Berger Sehgal RES²⁰

Transverse Orientation $\delta \alpha_{_{\rm T}}$

* <u>Phys. Rev. D 105, 072001 (2022)</u>





- + $\delta \alpha_{_{\rm T}}$ asymmetry due to proton FSI
- MEC/RES fractional contribution enhanced in ~180° region

GENIE v3.0.6 G18_10a_02_11b + tune* Nieves QE & MEC, Berger Sehgal RES²¹

Transverse Orientation $\delta \alpha_{_{\rm T}}$





Need to move from event distributions to cross sections→ *unfolding* More details in backup slides

Transverse Missing Momentum δp_{T} Cross Section



High Statistics→Into the Multiverse!

- Extension to 2D for the first time on argon
- Probe regions with greater model discrimination power



High Statistics→Into the Multiverse!

- Extension to 2D for the first time on argon



High Statistics→Into the Multiverse!

QE-dominated region

Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023)

* Phys. Rev. D 105, 072001 (2022)





- Addition of FSI reduces peak strength
- No high transverse missing momentum tail
- Ideal part of phase-space to study Fermi motion
- Results consistent with local Fermi gas distribution

G18 = GENIE v3.0.6 G18_10a_02_11b + tune* GiBUU = GiBUU 2021

High Statistics→Into the Multiverse! MEC/RES/FSI-dominated



Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023)

* Phys. Rev. D 105, 072001 (2022)



- FSI predictions in good agreement with data
- Minimal no-FSI contributions at high δp_{T}
- High $\delta \alpha_T \& high \delta p_T$ part of phase-space ideal to test FSI / multinucleon effects

G18 = GENIE v3.0.6 G18_10a_02_11b + tune* GiBUU = GiBUU 2021

CC1p0π TKI Summary

- First single- and double- differential neutrino-argon cross section measurements in TKI
- Fermi motion studied with 2D measurement in $\delta p_{\rm T}$ with $\delta \alpha_{\rm T}^{} < 45^o$
- FSI & multinucleon effects studied with 2D measurement in δp_T with $135^\circ < \delta \alpha_T < 180^\circ$
- Way more single- and double-differential results in <u>Phys. Rev. Lett. 131, 101802 (2023)</u> and <u>Phys. Rev. D 108, 053002 (2023)</u>!



CC1p0π TKI Summary



Phys. Rev. C 95, 065501 (2017)

arXiv:2310.06082

• Extension to 3D by considering longitudinal component of missing momentum and calorimetric assumption on the incoming energy



• Extension to 3D by considering longitudinal component of missing momentum and calorimetric assumption on the incoming energy



$$E_{\rm cal} = E_{\mu} + K_p + B$$

$$p_L = p_L^\mu + p_L^p - E_{\rm cal}$$

$$\vec{q} = E_{\rm cal}\hat{z} - \vec{p}_{\mu}$$

<u>Phys. Rev. C 95, 065501 (2017)</u> arXiv:2310.06082

BE = 30.9 MeV

- Extension to 3D by considering longitudinal component of missing momentum and calorimetric assumption on the incoming energy
- Extensively tested again several event generators and model configurations





| Name | Generator / Configuration |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| Gv2 | GENIE v2.12.10 |
| G18 | GENIE v3.0.6 G18_10a_02_11a |
| G18T | G18 with tune |
| G21 | GENIE v3.2.0 G21_11b_00_000 |
| GiBUU | GiBUU 2021 |
| NuWro | NuWro v19.02.1 |
| NEUT | NEUT v5.4.0 |

- Extension to 3D by considering longitudinal component of missing moment and calorimetric assumption on the incoming energy
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<u>Phys. Rev. C 95, 065501 (2017)</u> <u>arXiv:2310.06082</u>



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| GiBUU | GiBUU 2021 |
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| NEUT | NEUT v5.4.0 |

Selected comparisons shown next

Missing momentum GENIE v3.0.6 G18_10a_02_11a



- If free nucleon, both variables would have been zero
- On Argon, broad distribution due to Fermi motion
- QE dominance due to $CC1p0\pi$ signal definition
- p_n pushes non-QE component to higher values

arXiv:2310.06082

Into the GKI multiverse!

QE-dominated region



- Tail significantly suppressed
- Consistent with local Fermi gas
- G18T results in lowest χ^2

Into the GKI multiverse!

MEC/RES/FSI-dominated



• Sharply peaked distribution to the right

- Driven by FSI
- GiBUU yields best result

CC1p0π GKI Summary

- Introduction of generalized kinematic imbalance (GKI) variables in 3D space
- Enhanced sensitivity to nuclear effects
- First single- and double-differential cross section GKI measurement ever with MicroBooNE
- G18T results in good description in QE-dominated regions
- GiBUU yields best performance in FSI-dominated regions
- Way more results in <u>arXiv:2310.06082</u>!



