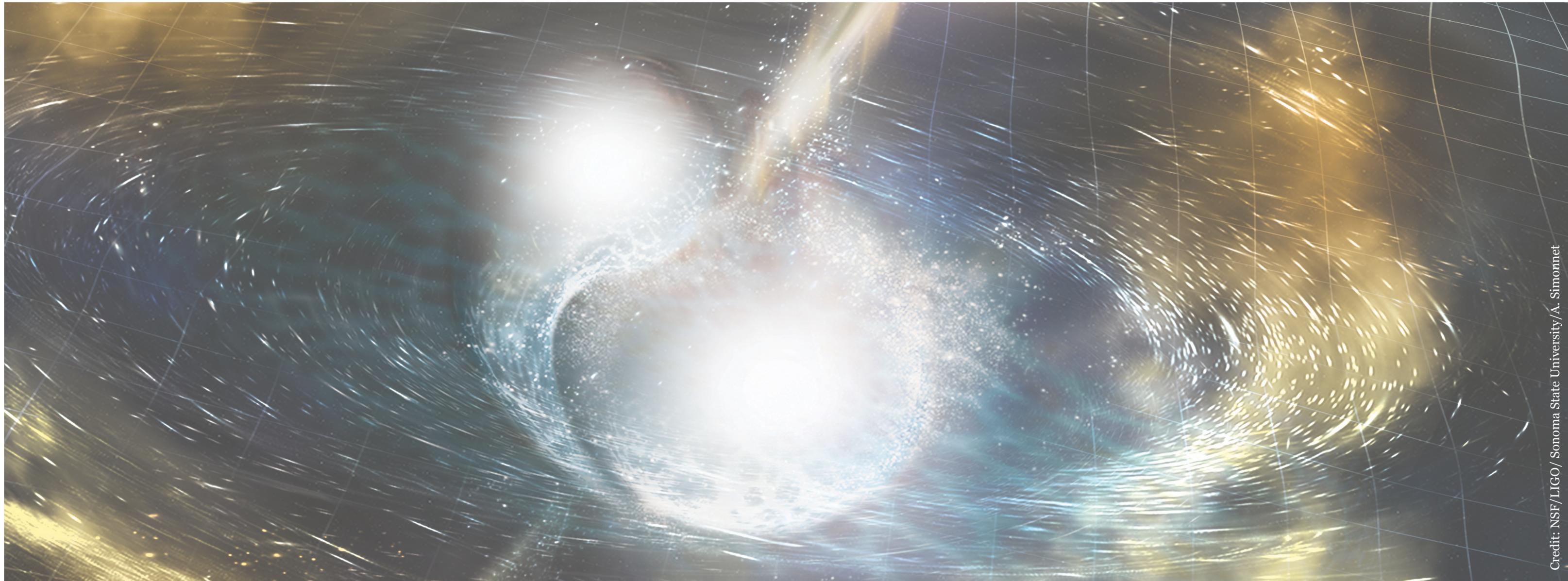


Let there be light

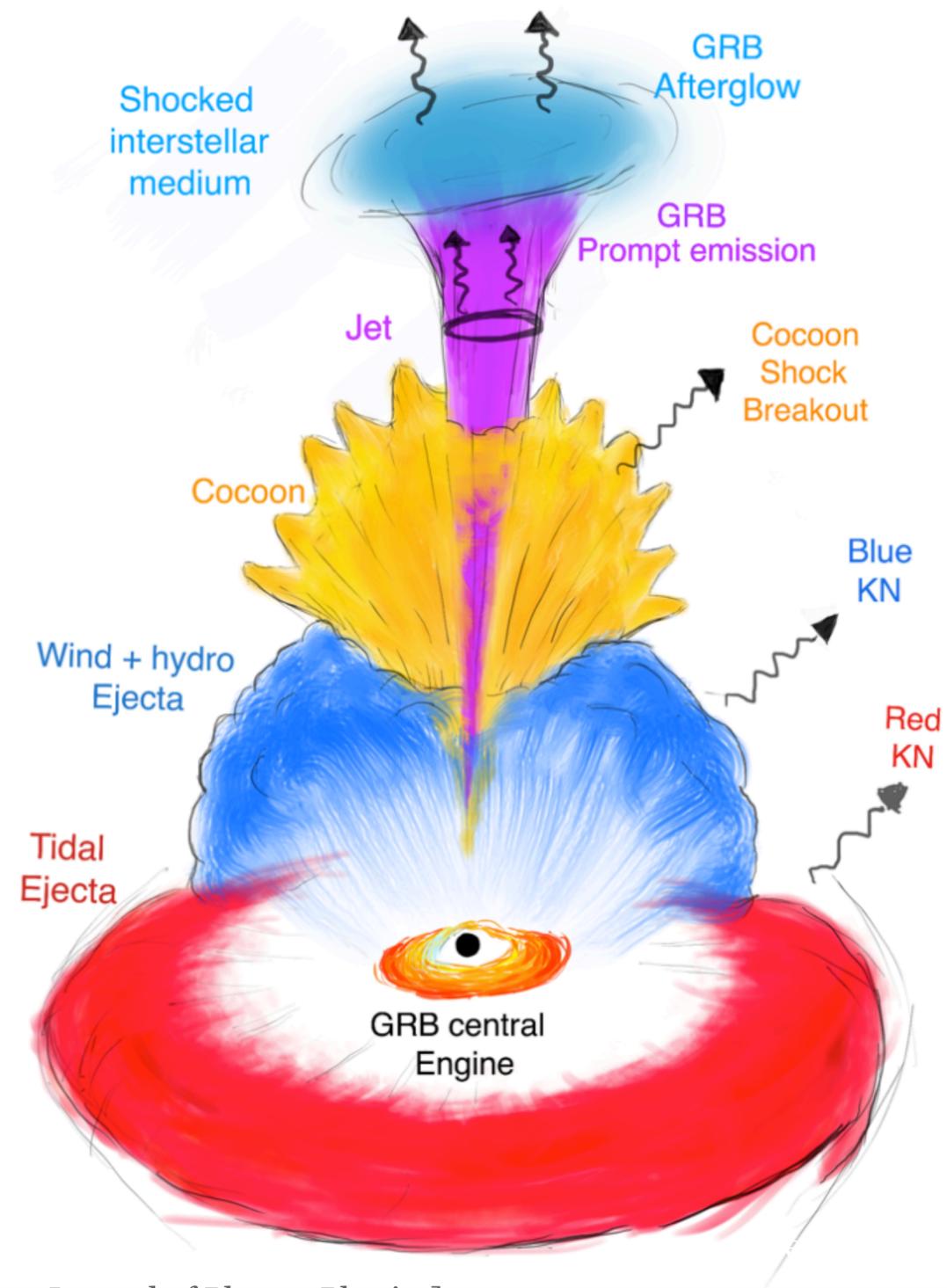
Kilonovae from radiative transfer simulations of neutron star mergers

Mattia Bulla

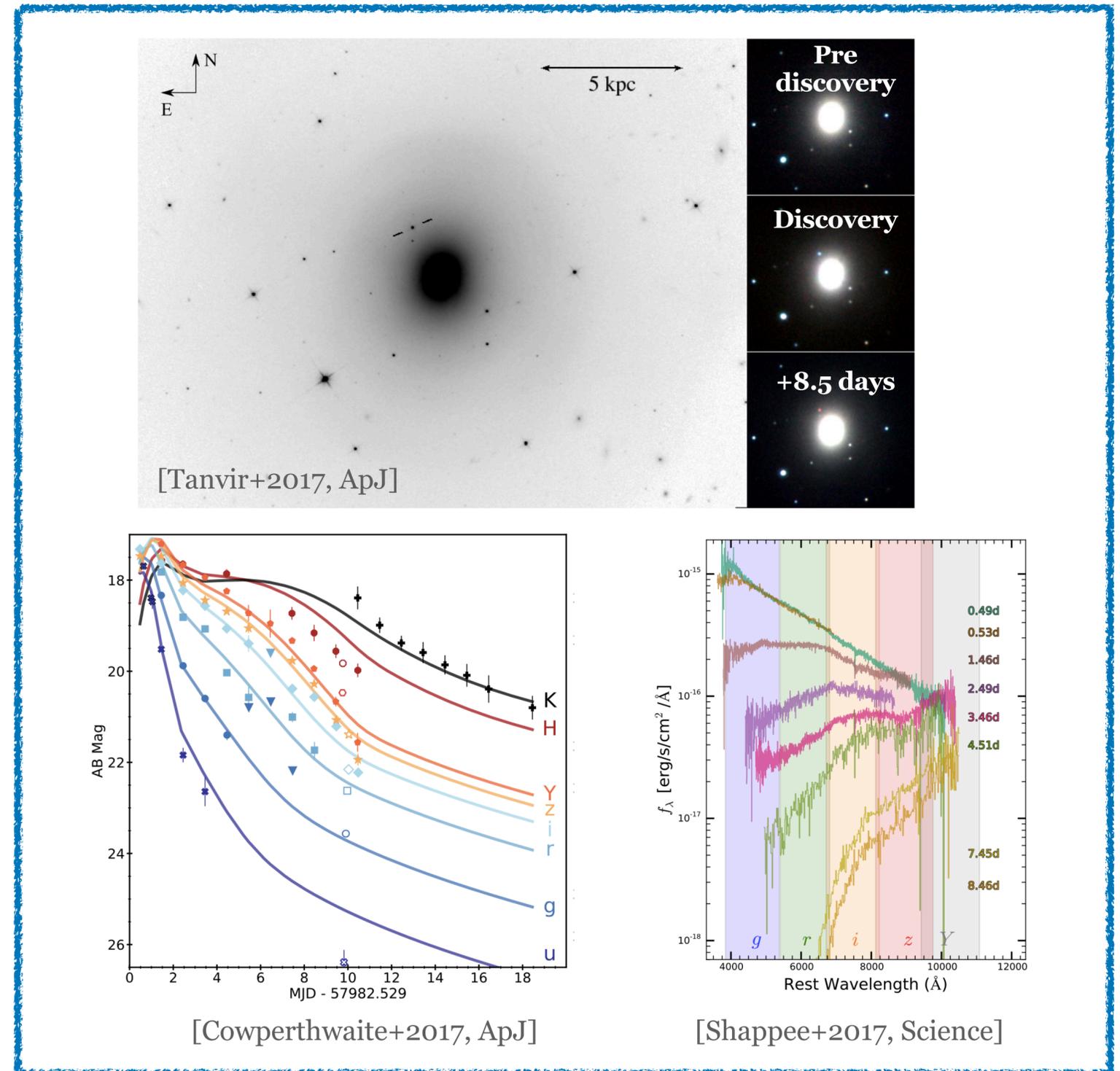
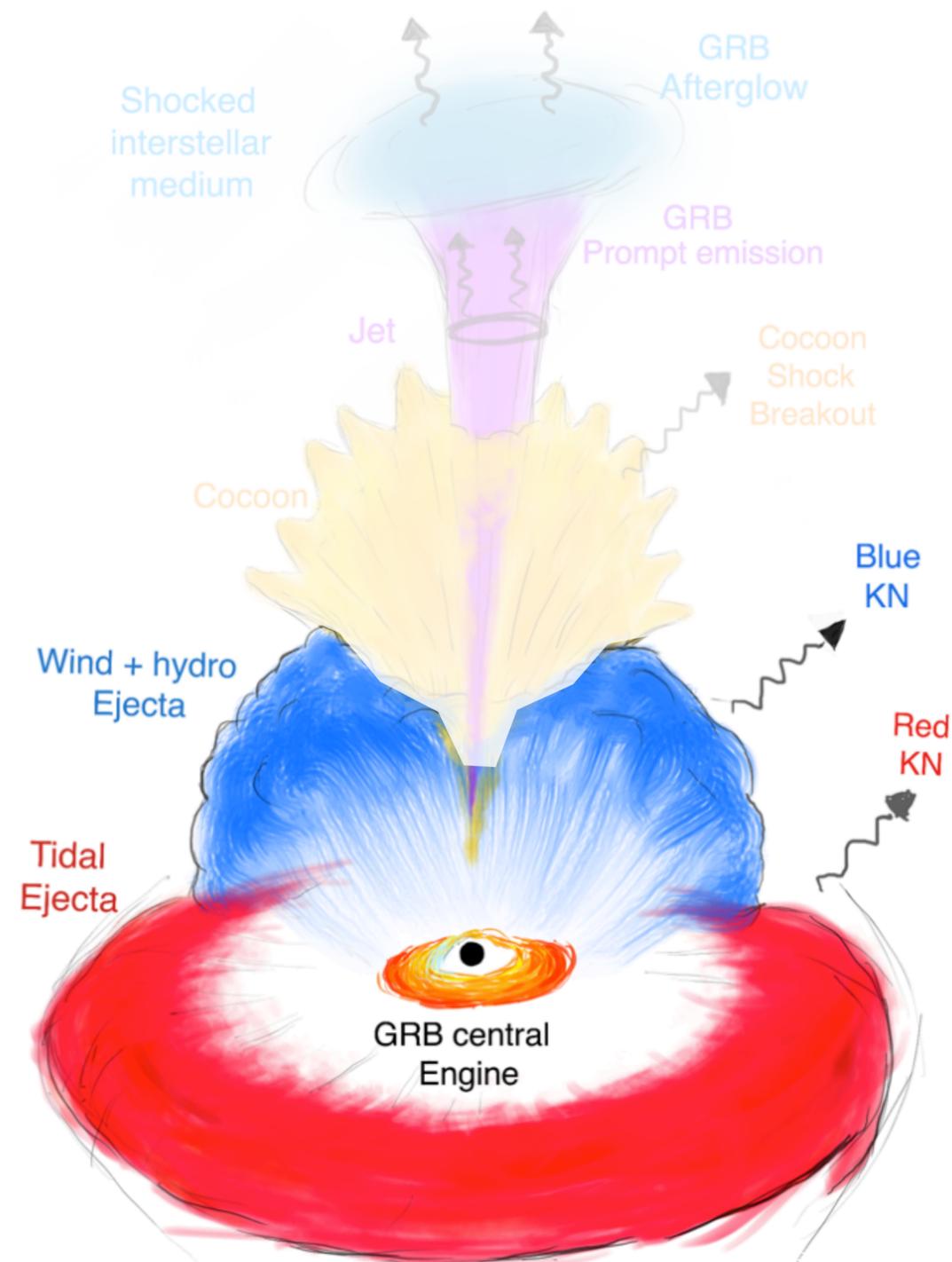
with: A. Sagues-Carracedo, L. Nativi, S. Dhawan, A. Goobar, S. Rosswog,
L. Issa, S. Anand, P. T. H. Pang, M. Shrestha, I. Andreoni, M. W. Coughlin, T. Dietrich, I. Tews, S. Covino, M. Tanaka, K. Kyutoku + many more



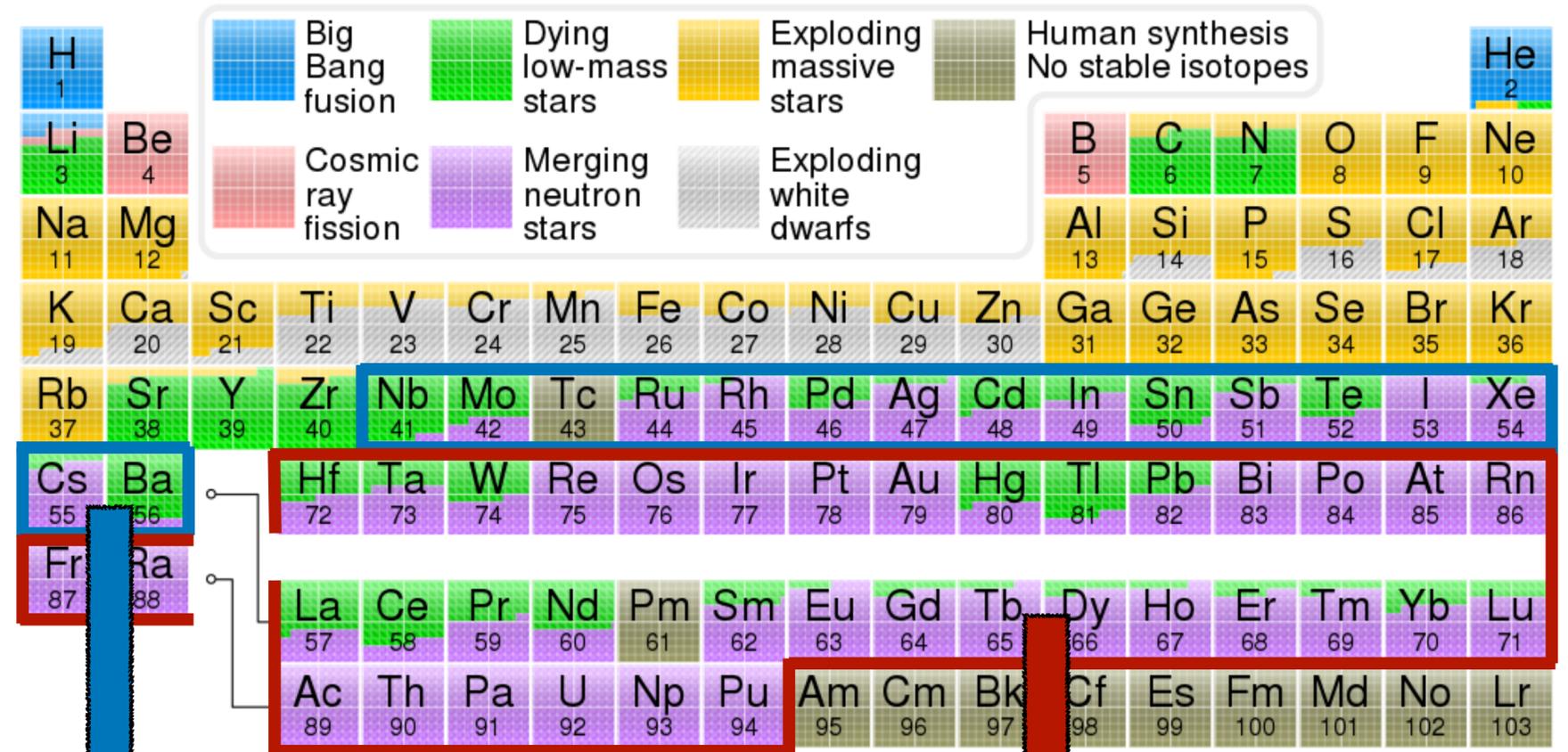
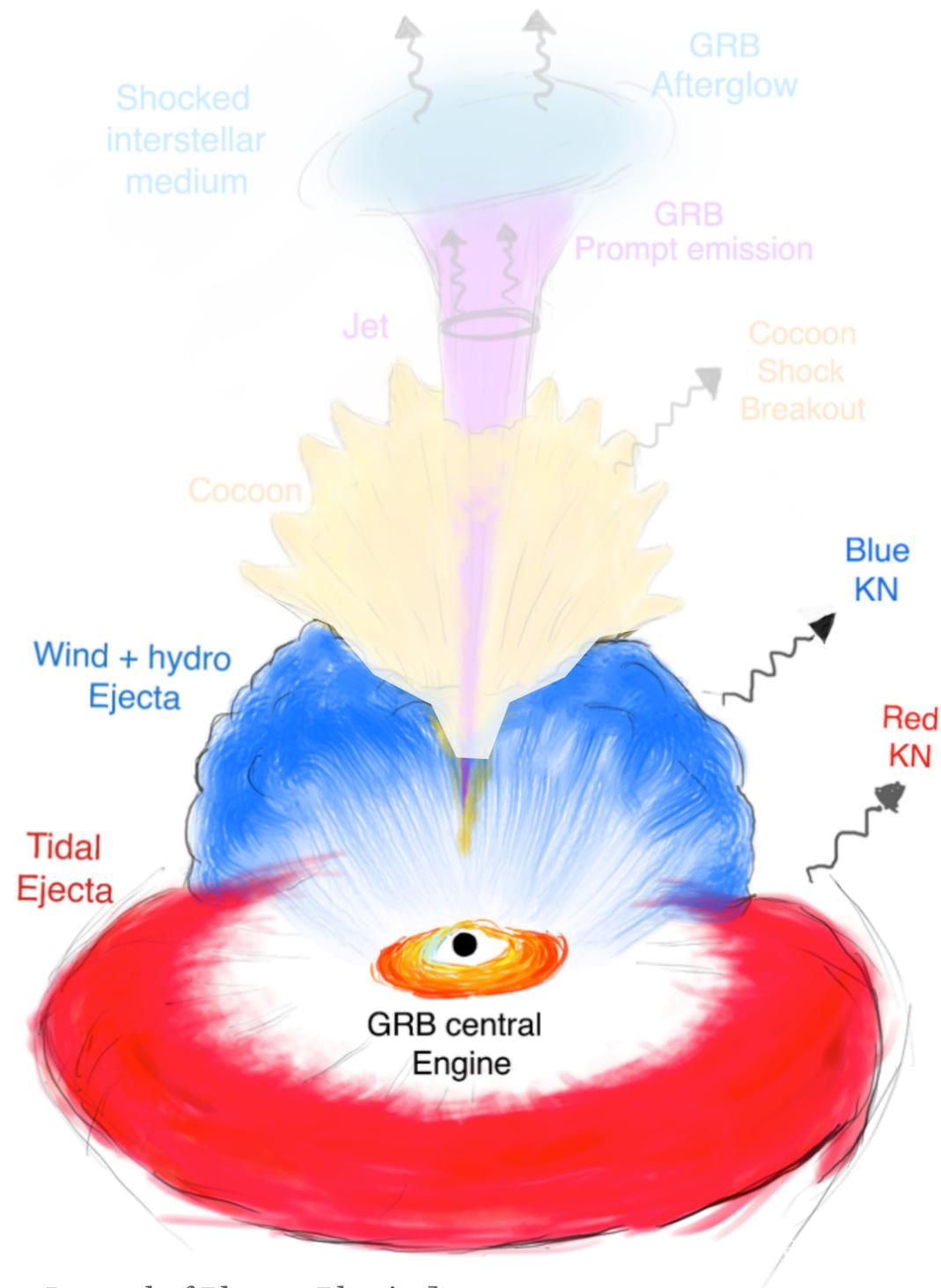
NS mergers and EM counterparts



NS mergers and kilonovae



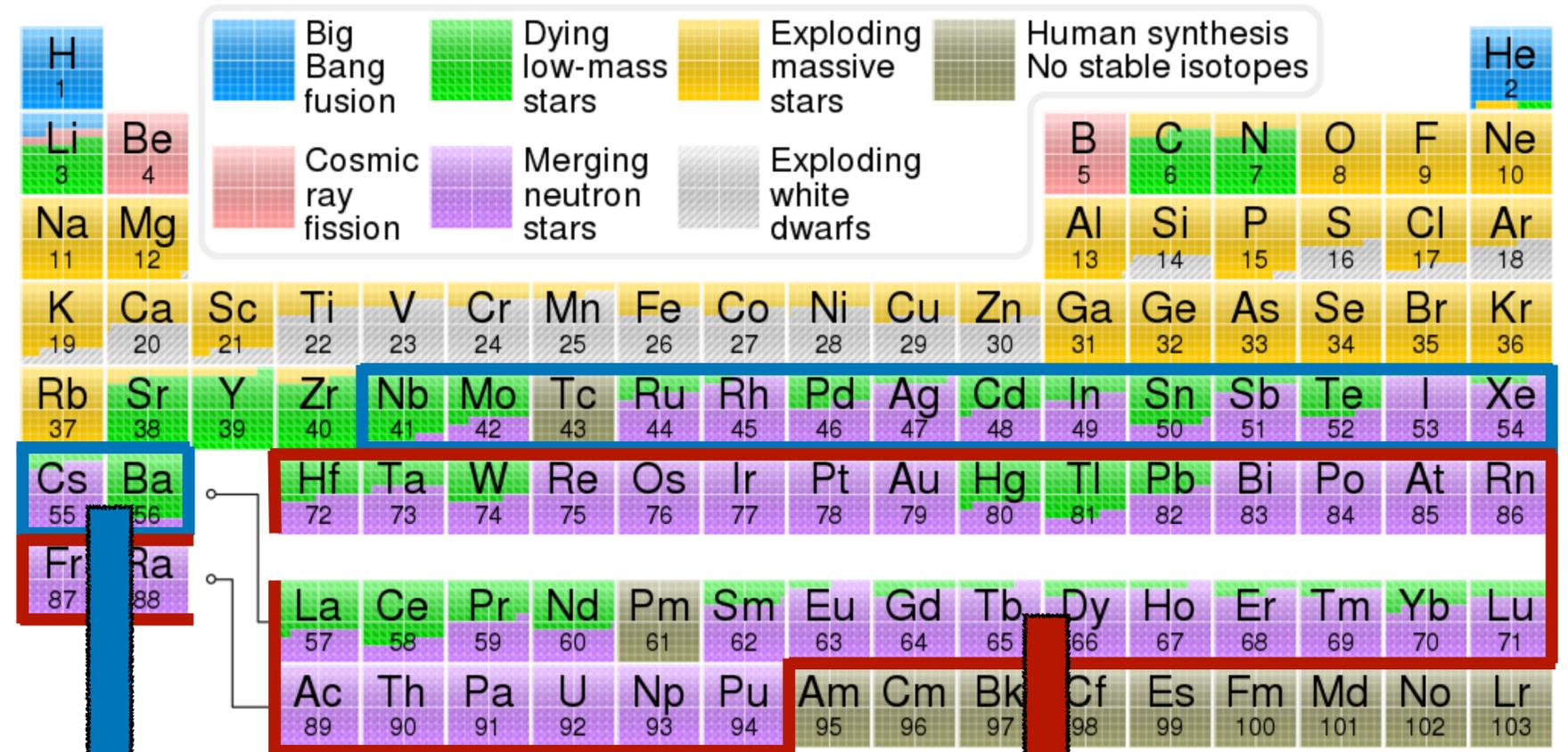
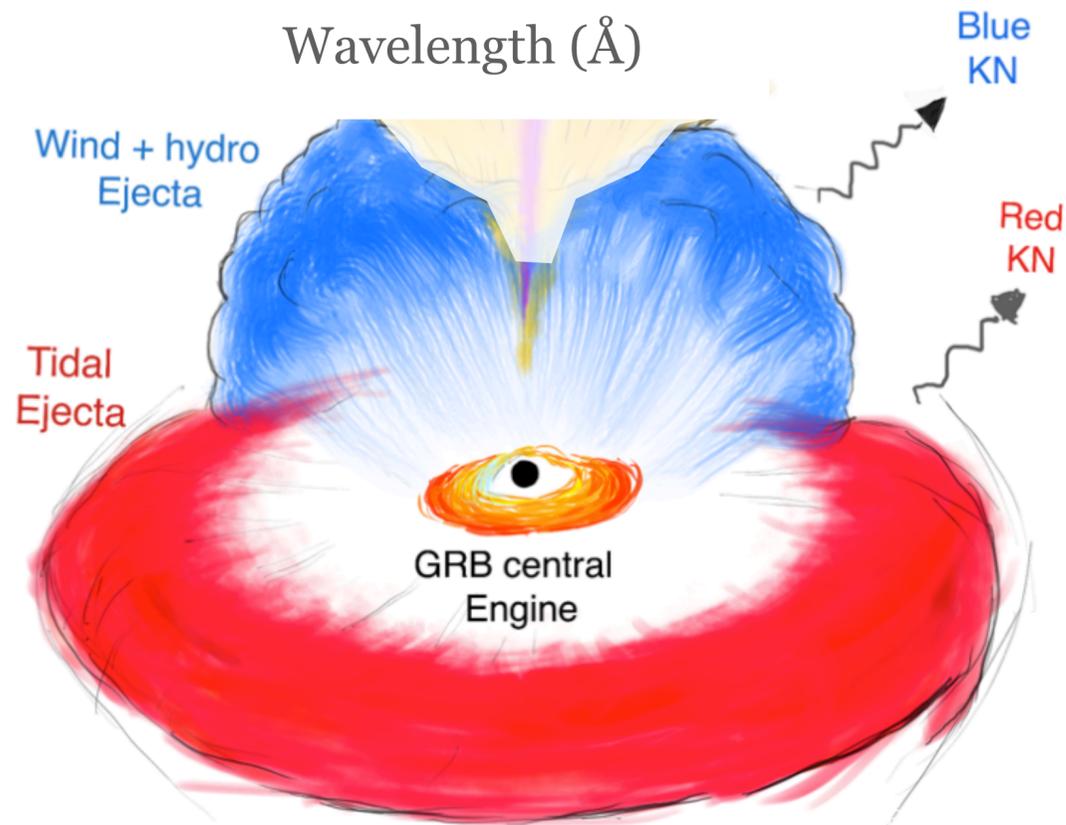
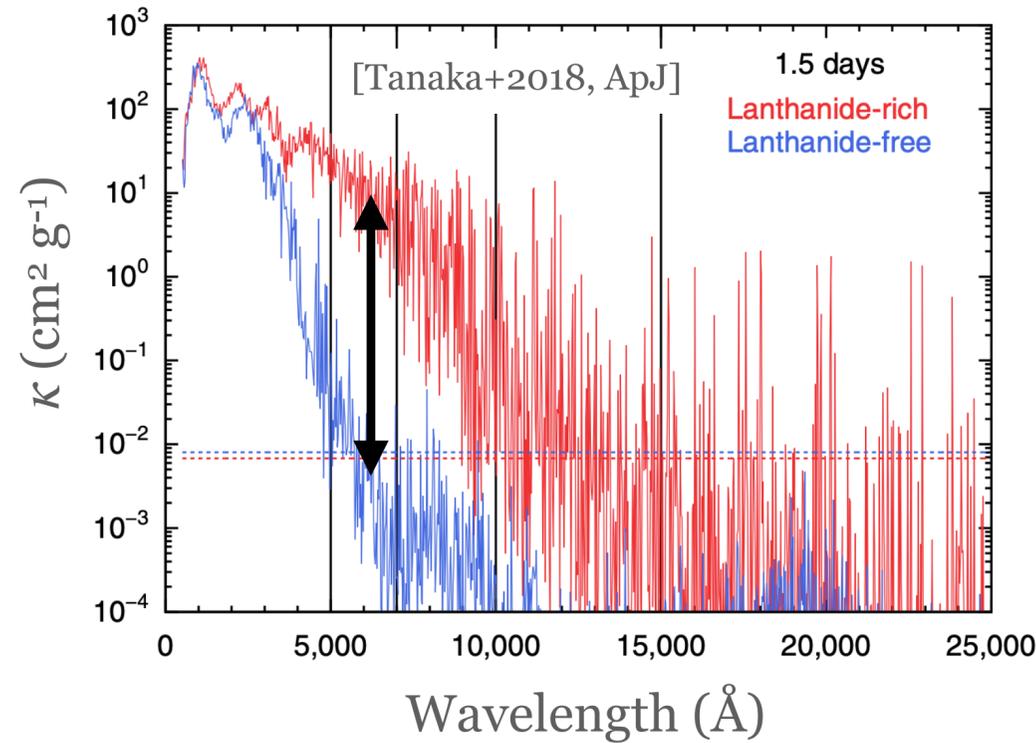
NS mergers and kilonovae



Blue KN
 $Y_e \gtrsim 0.25$

Red KN
 $Y_e \lesssim 0.25$

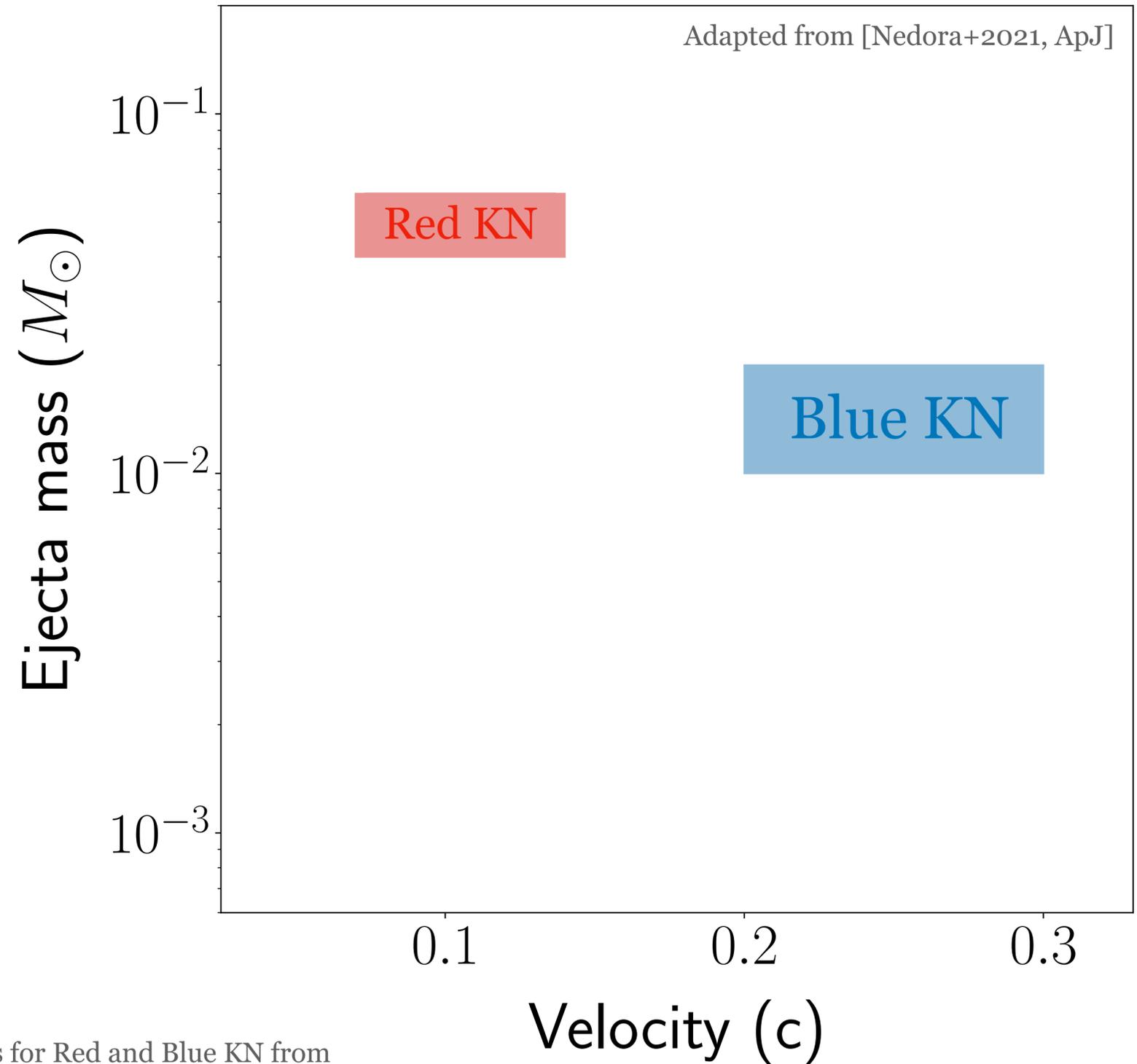
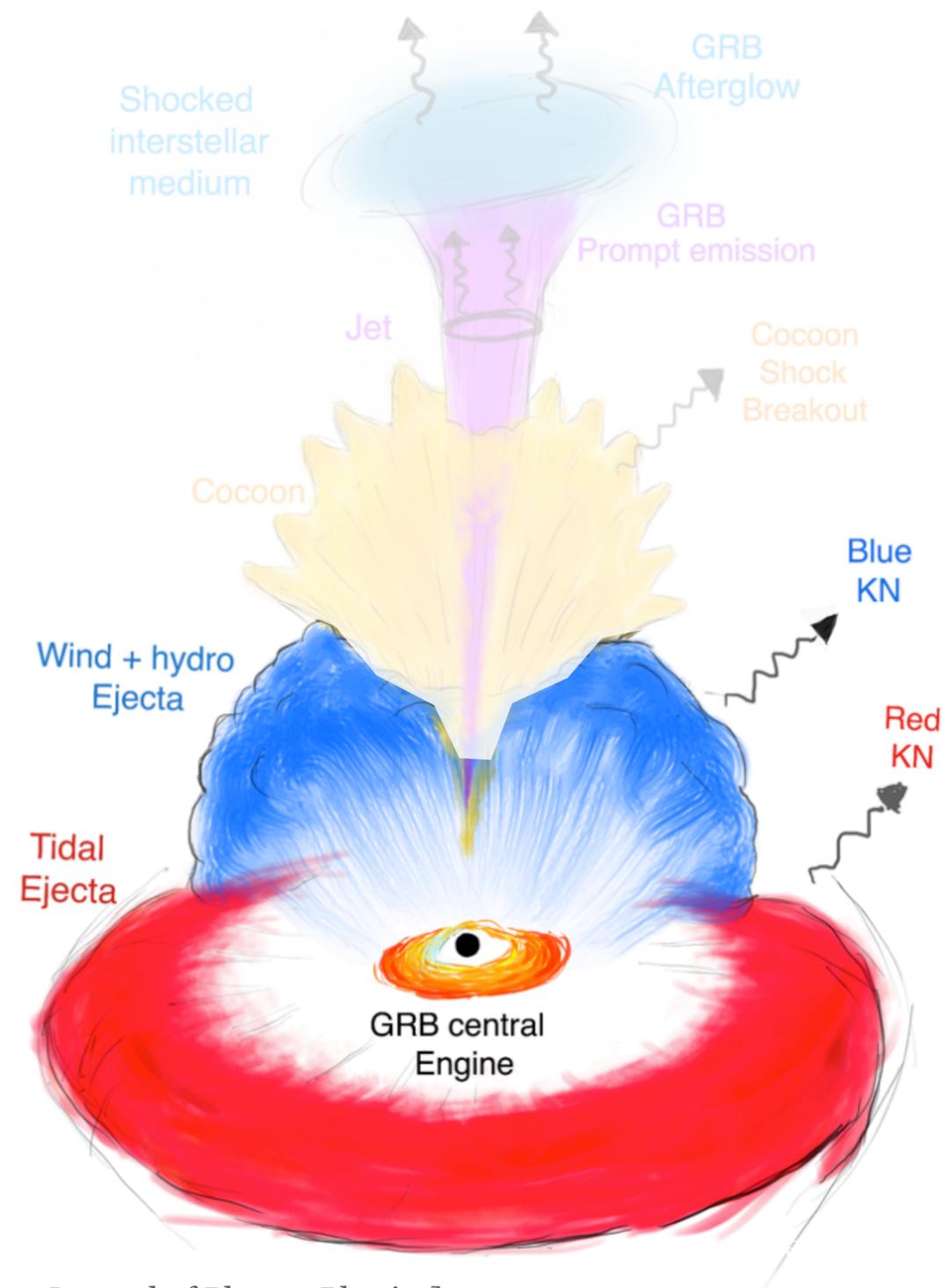
NS mergers and kilonovae



Blue KN
 $Y_e \gtrsim 0.25$
 Low opacities

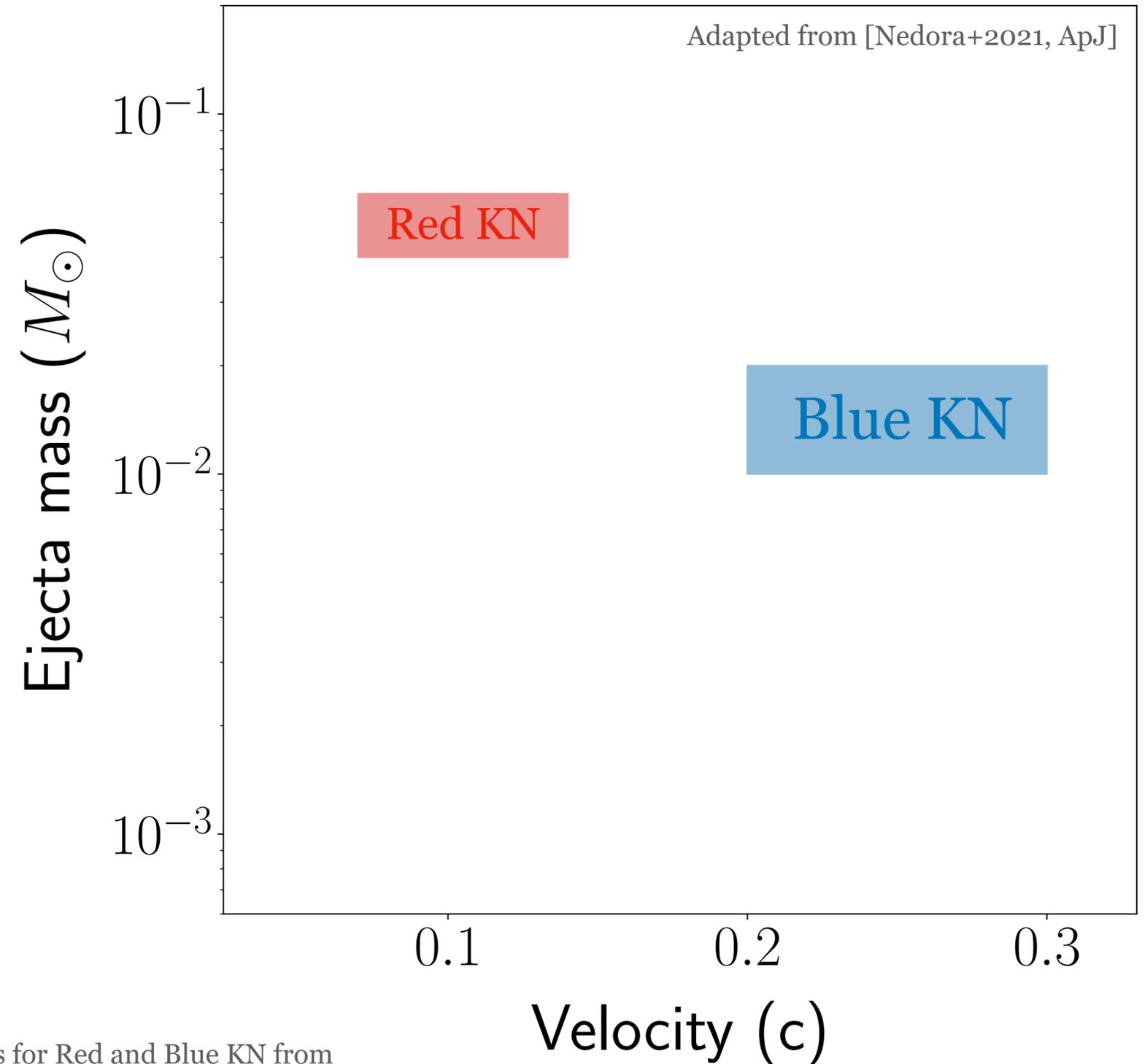
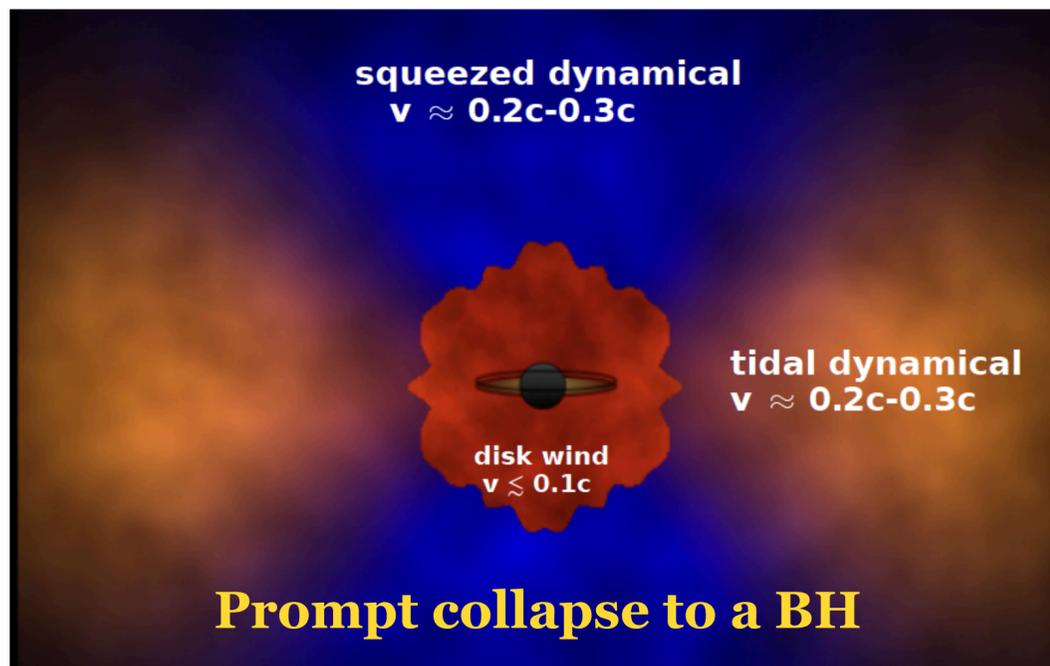
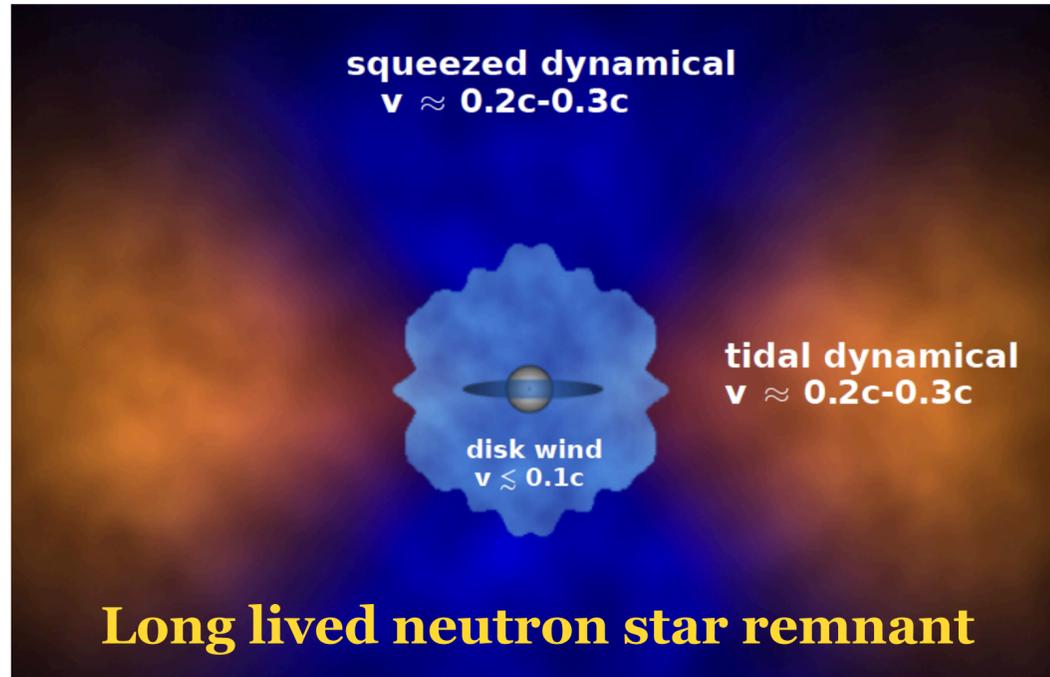
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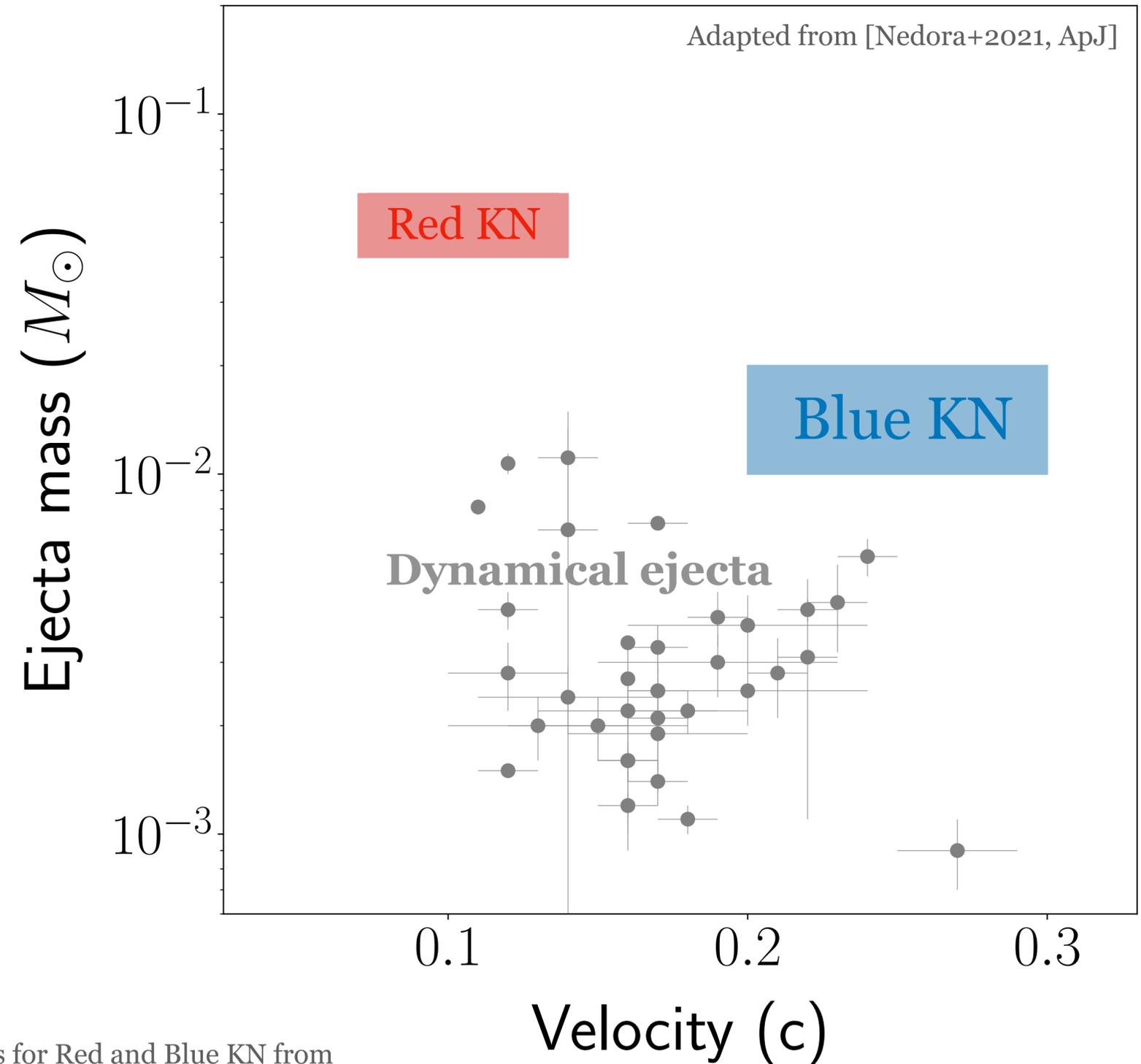
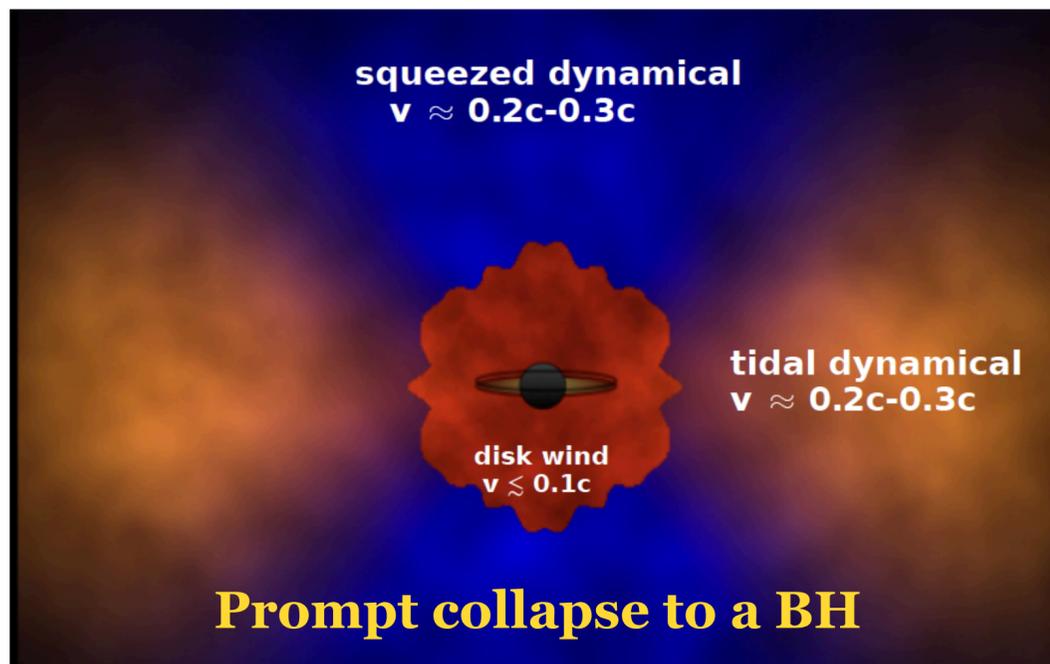
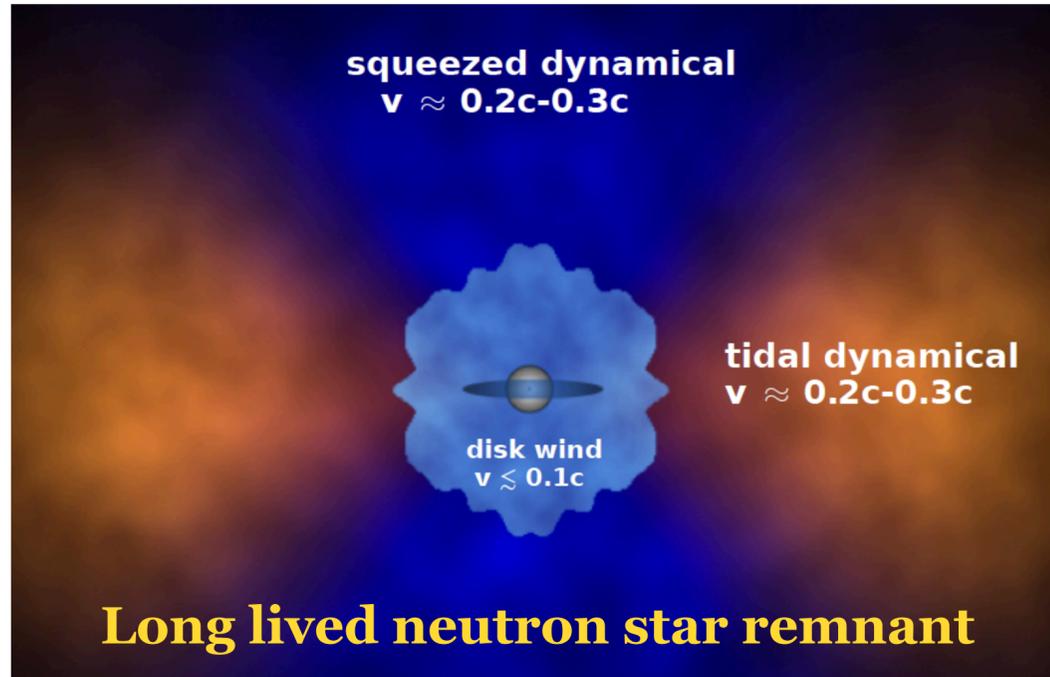


Parameters for Red and Blue KN from [Siegel 2019, Eur. Phys. J. A.]

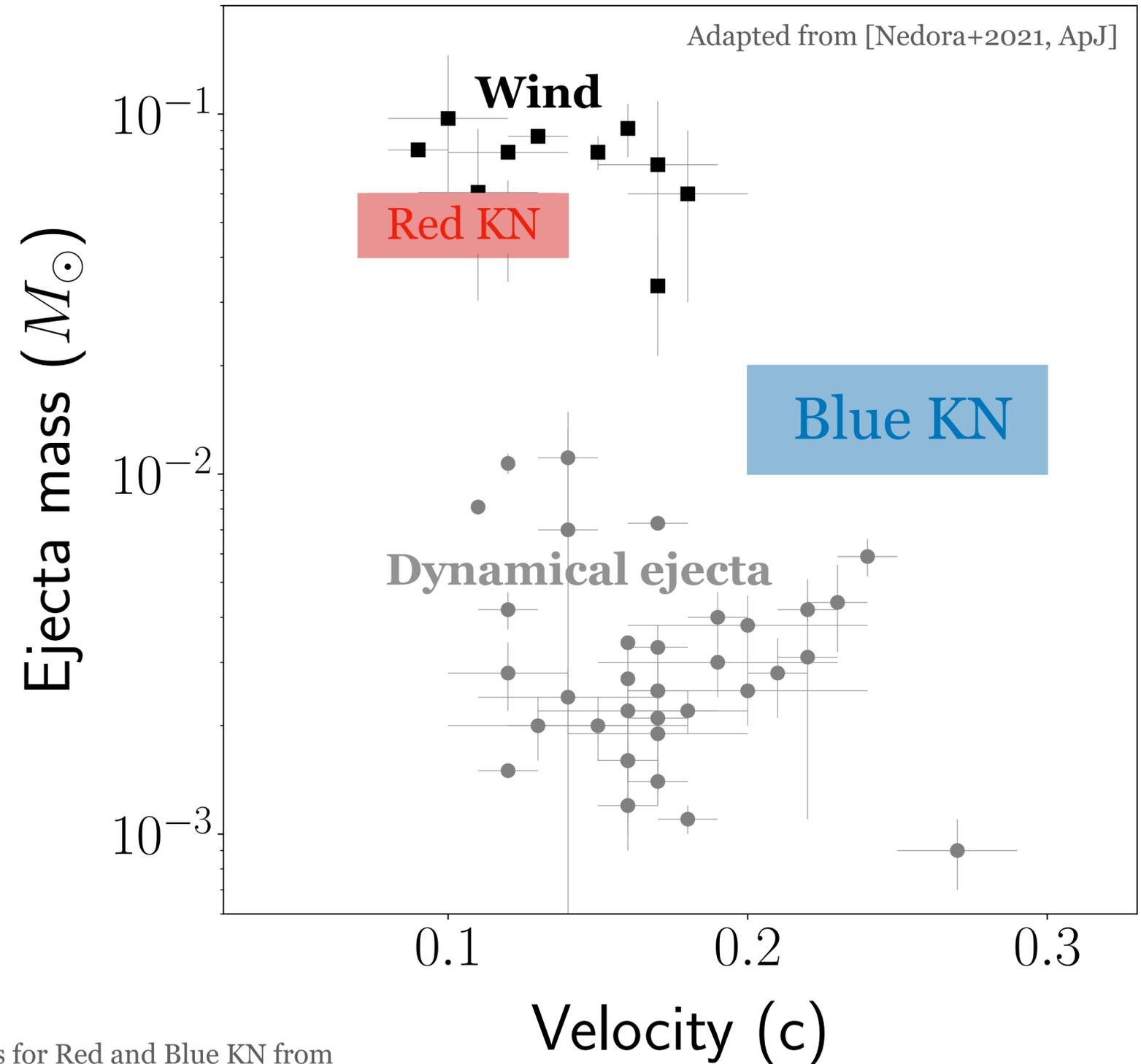
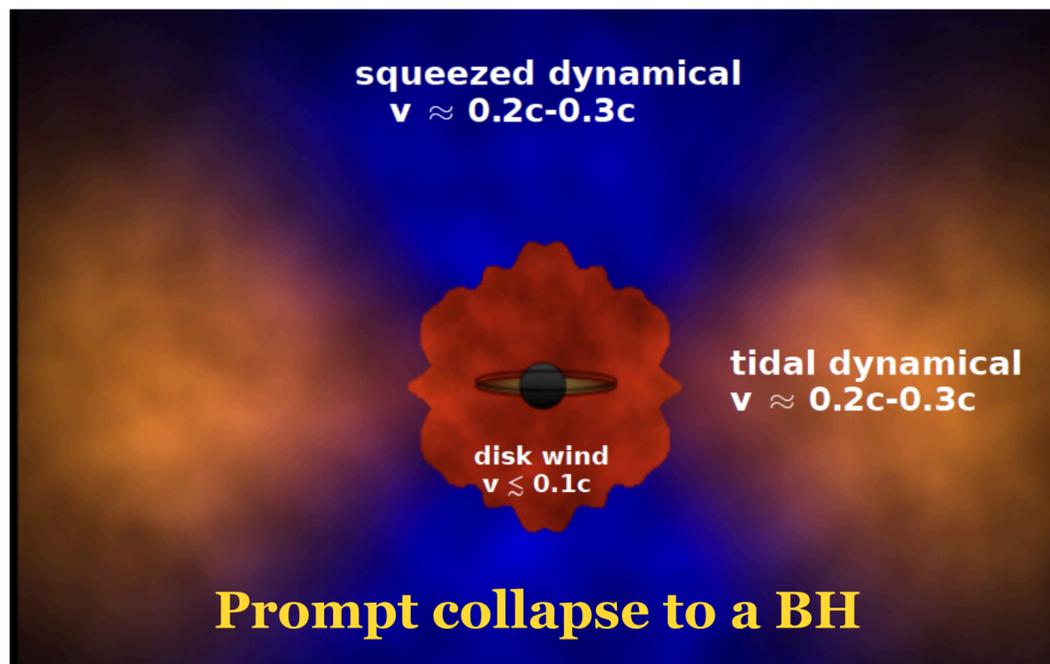
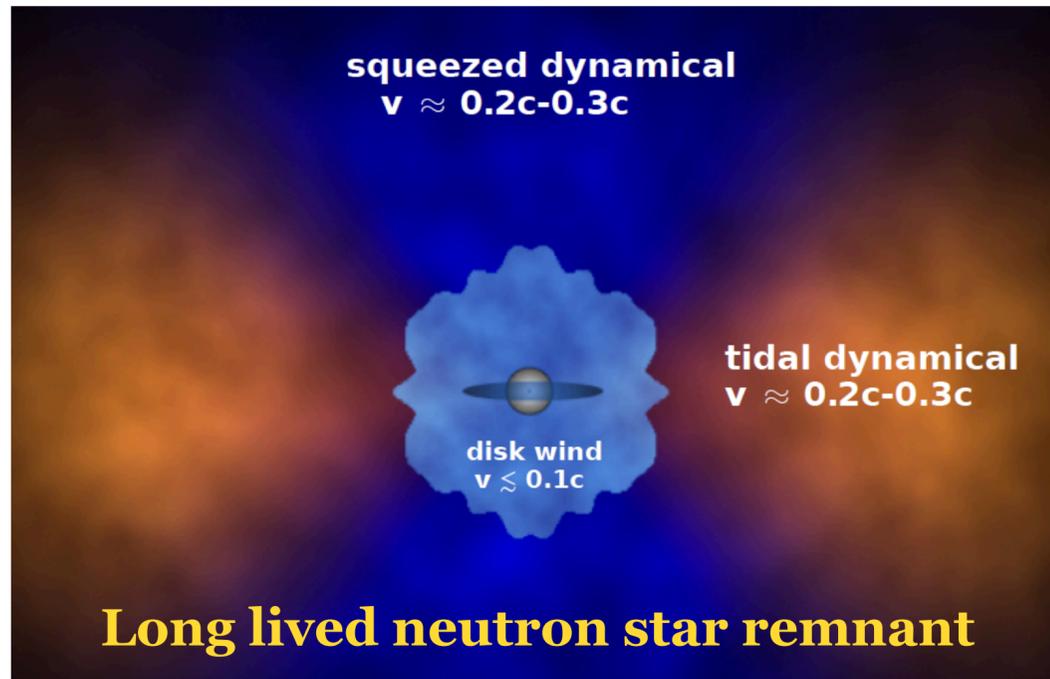
NS mergers and kilonovae



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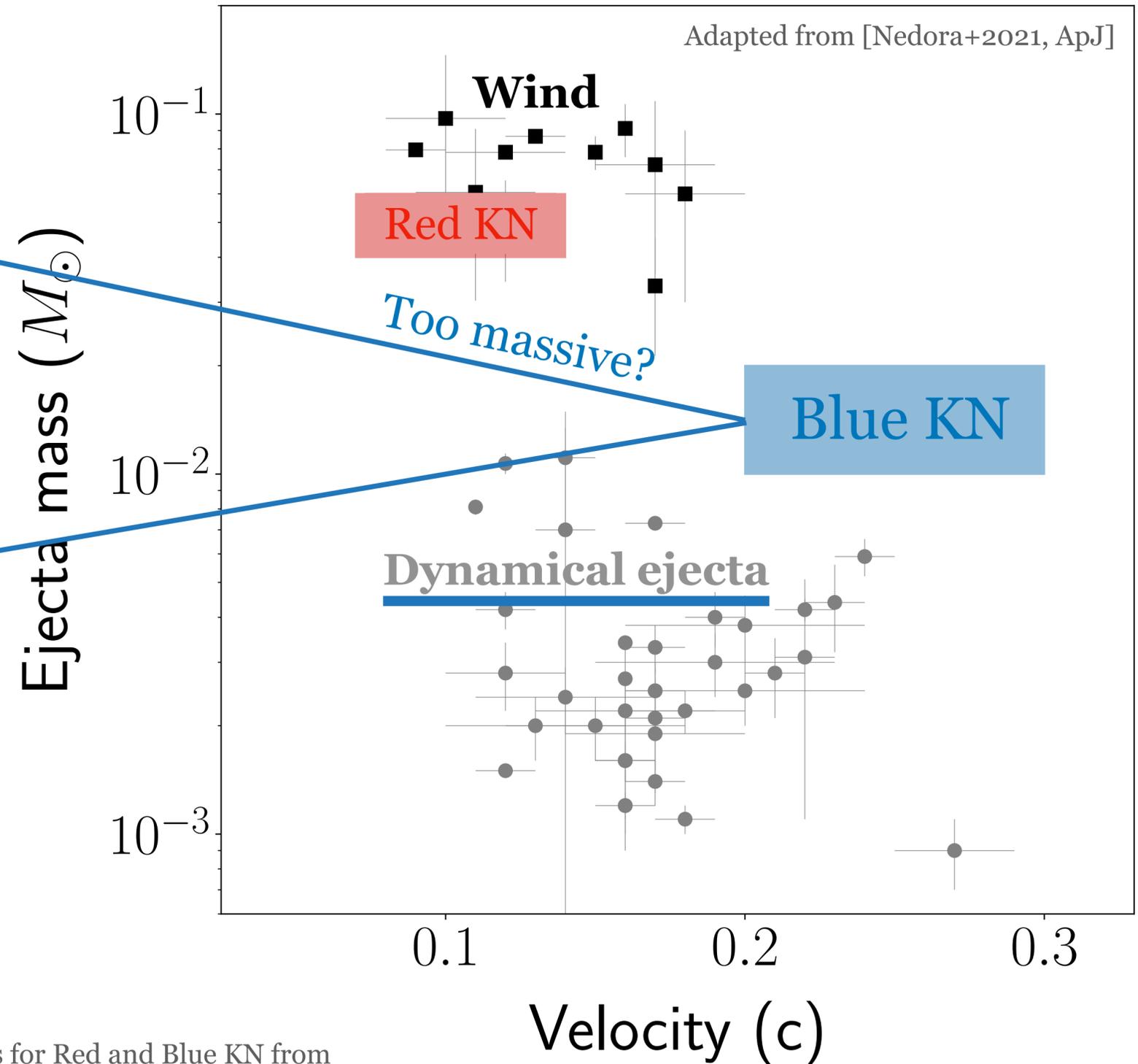
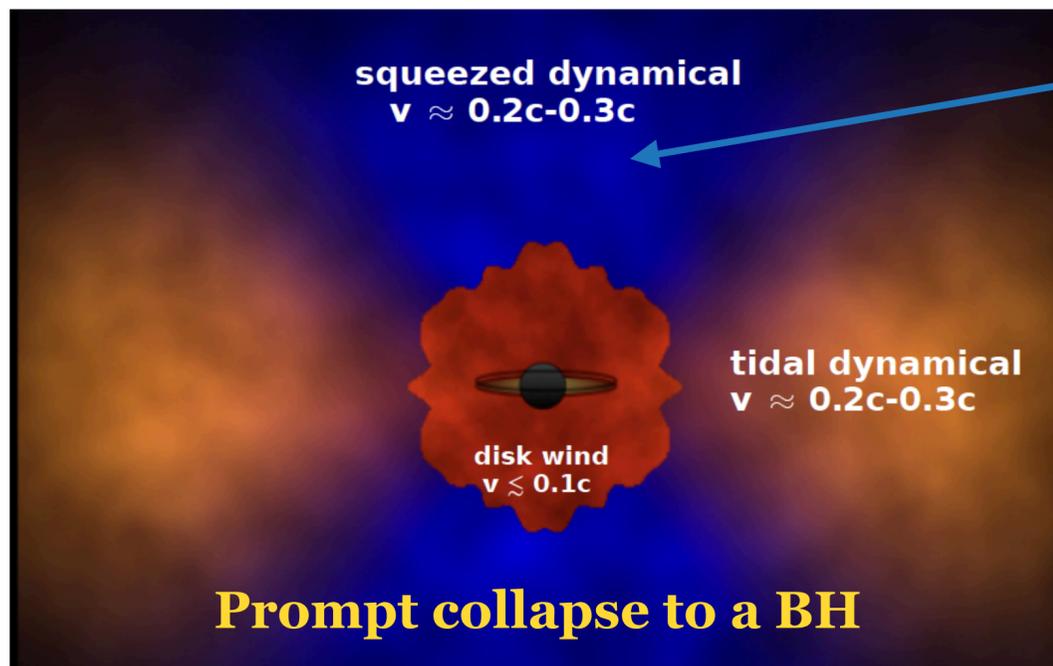
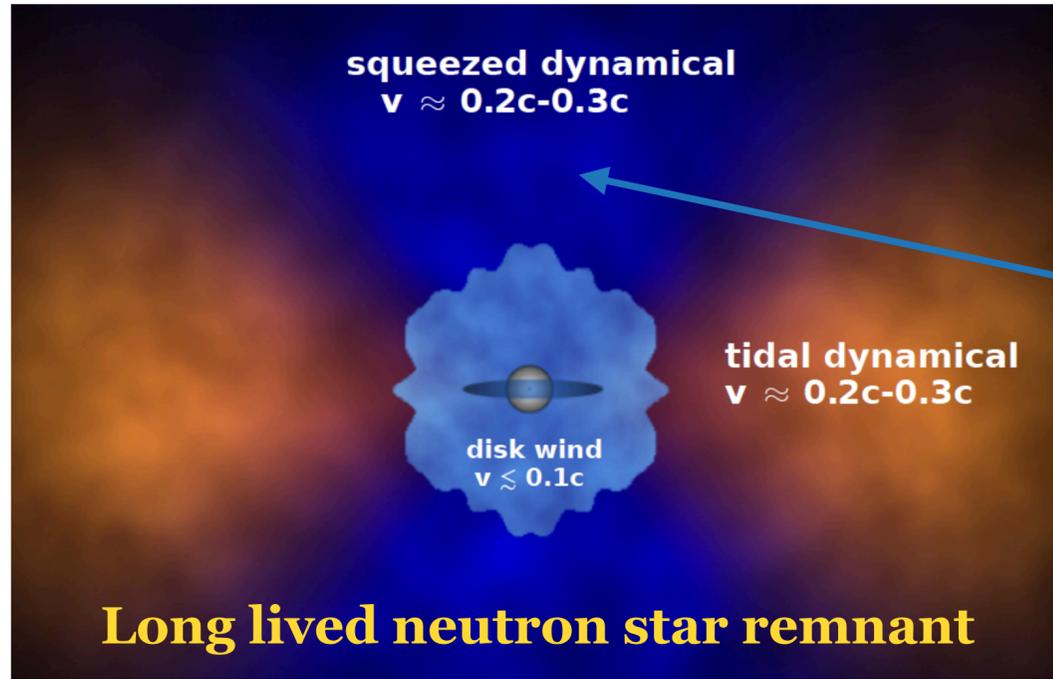


NS mergers and kilonovae



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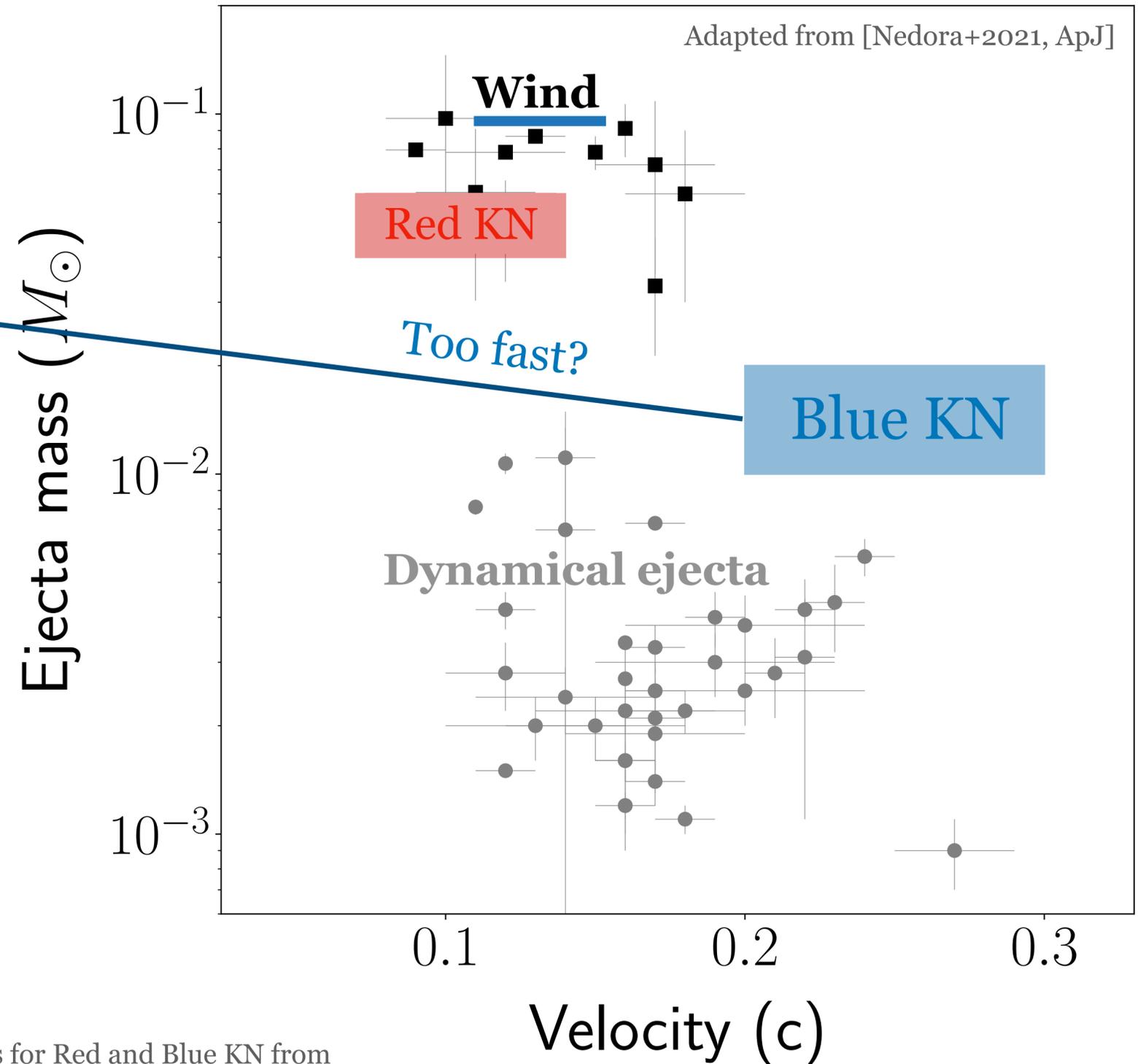
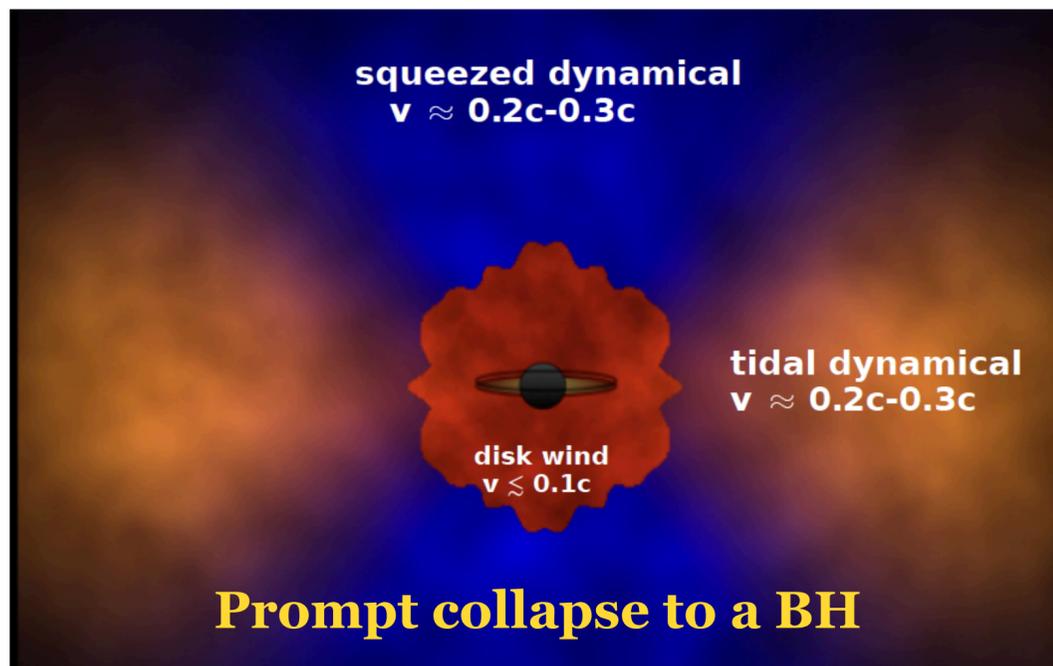
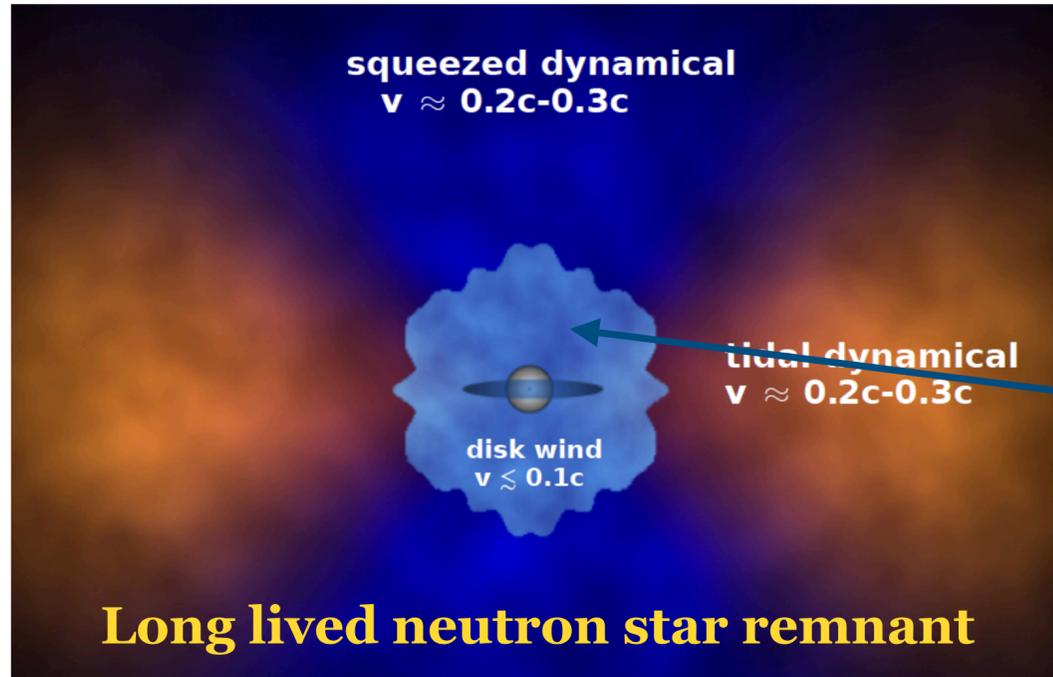
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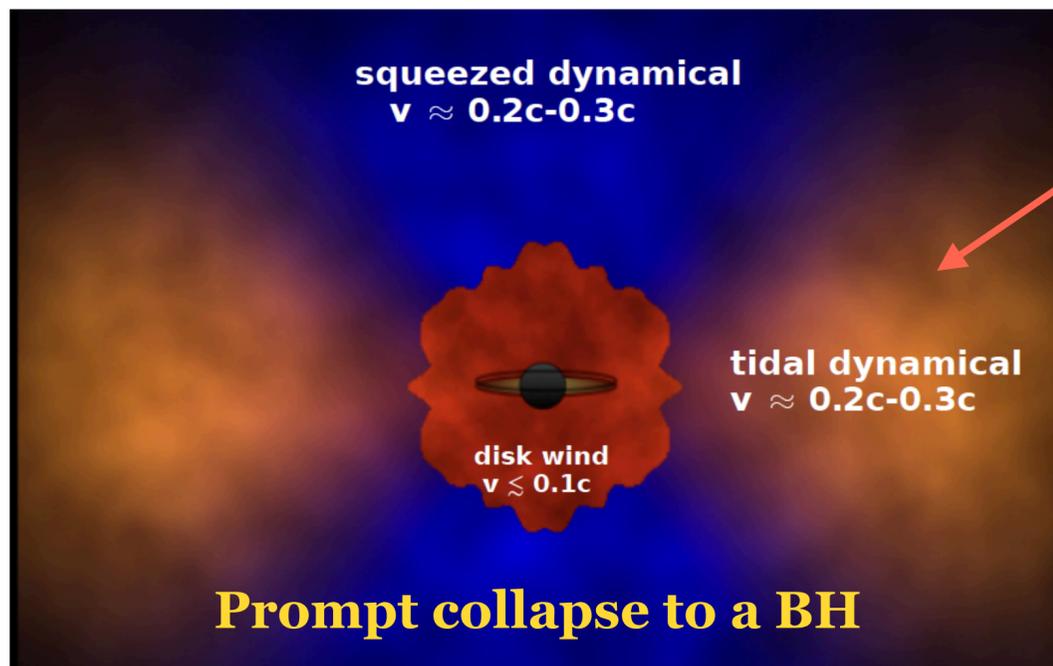
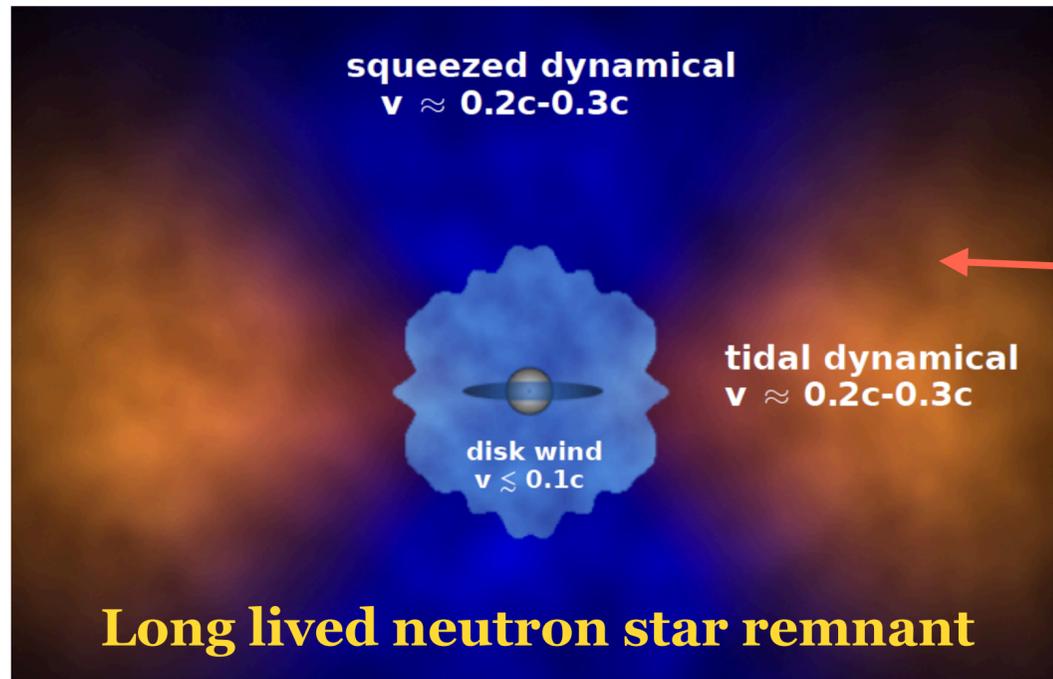
NS mergers and kilonovae

See Steven Fahlman's talk on Thursday



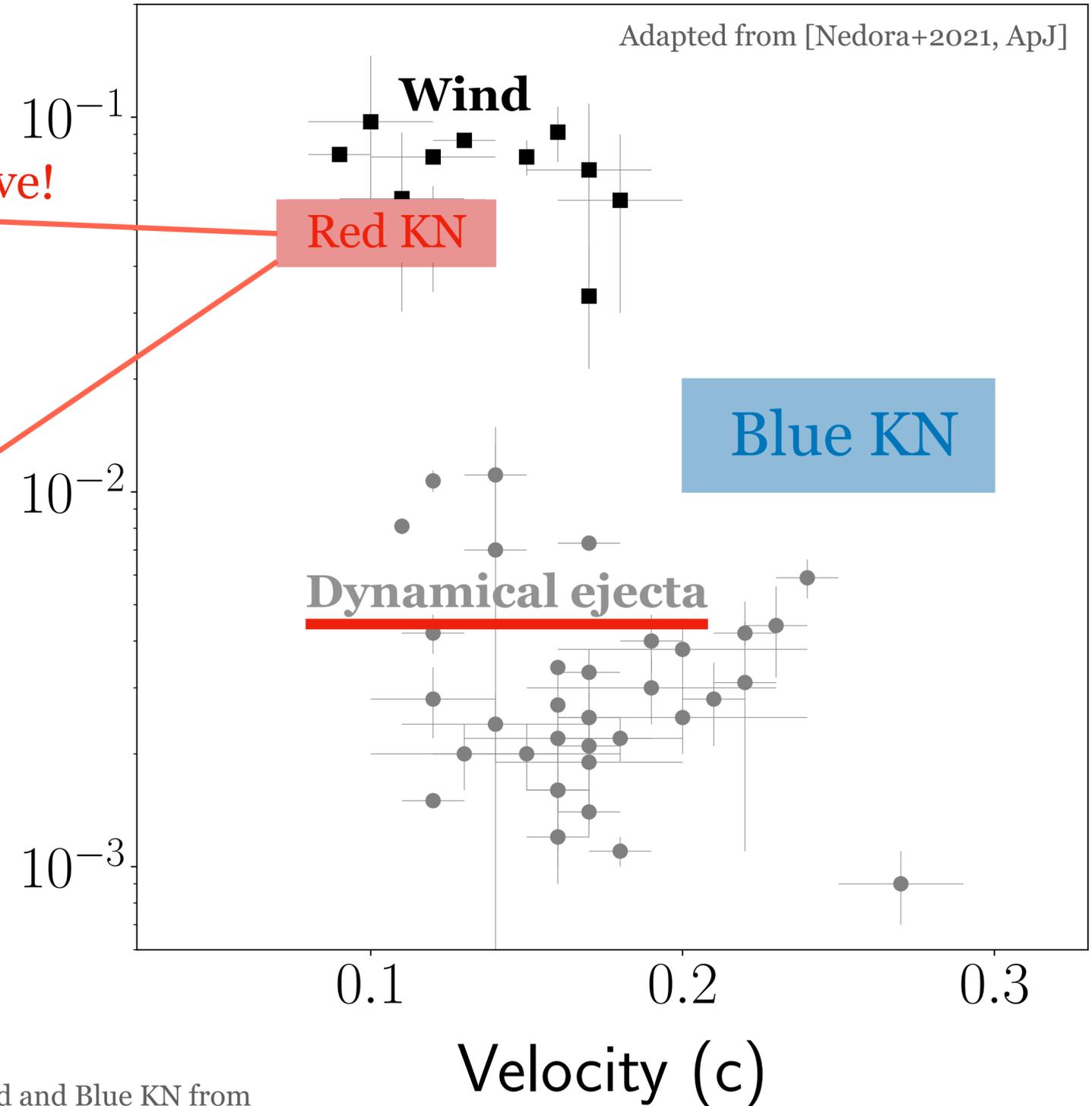
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NS mergers and kilonovae



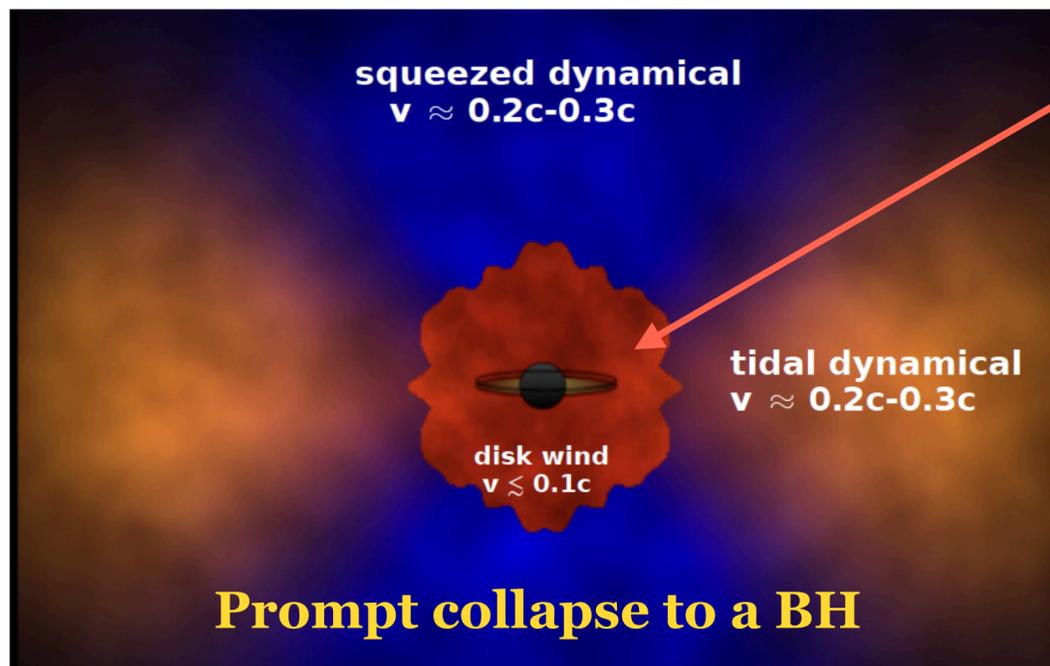
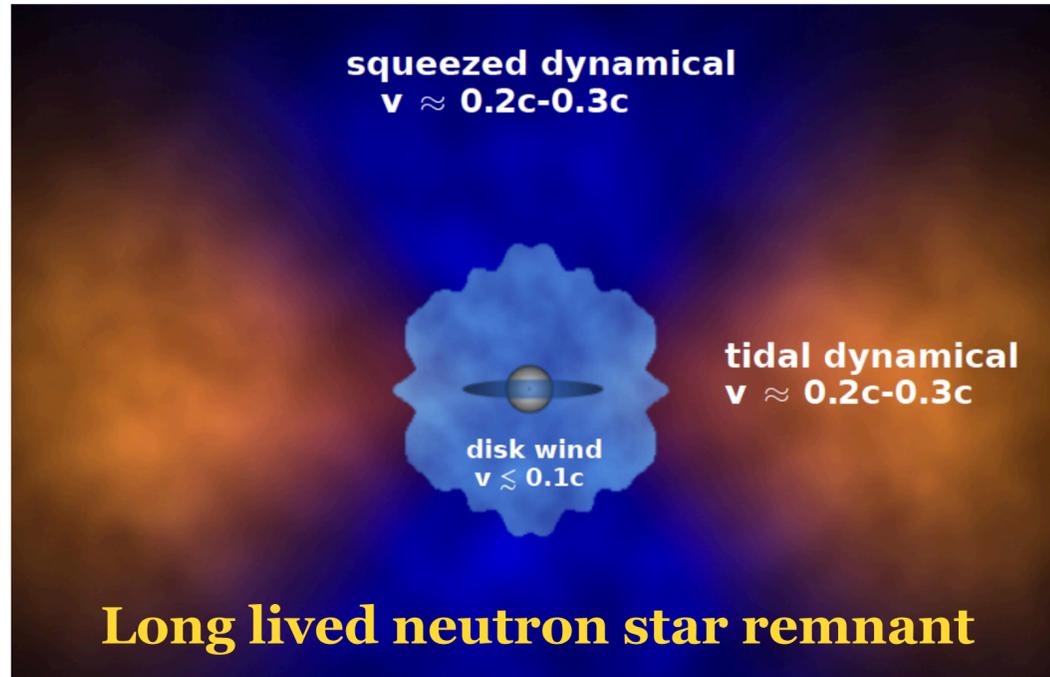
Too massive!

Ejecta mass (M_{\odot})

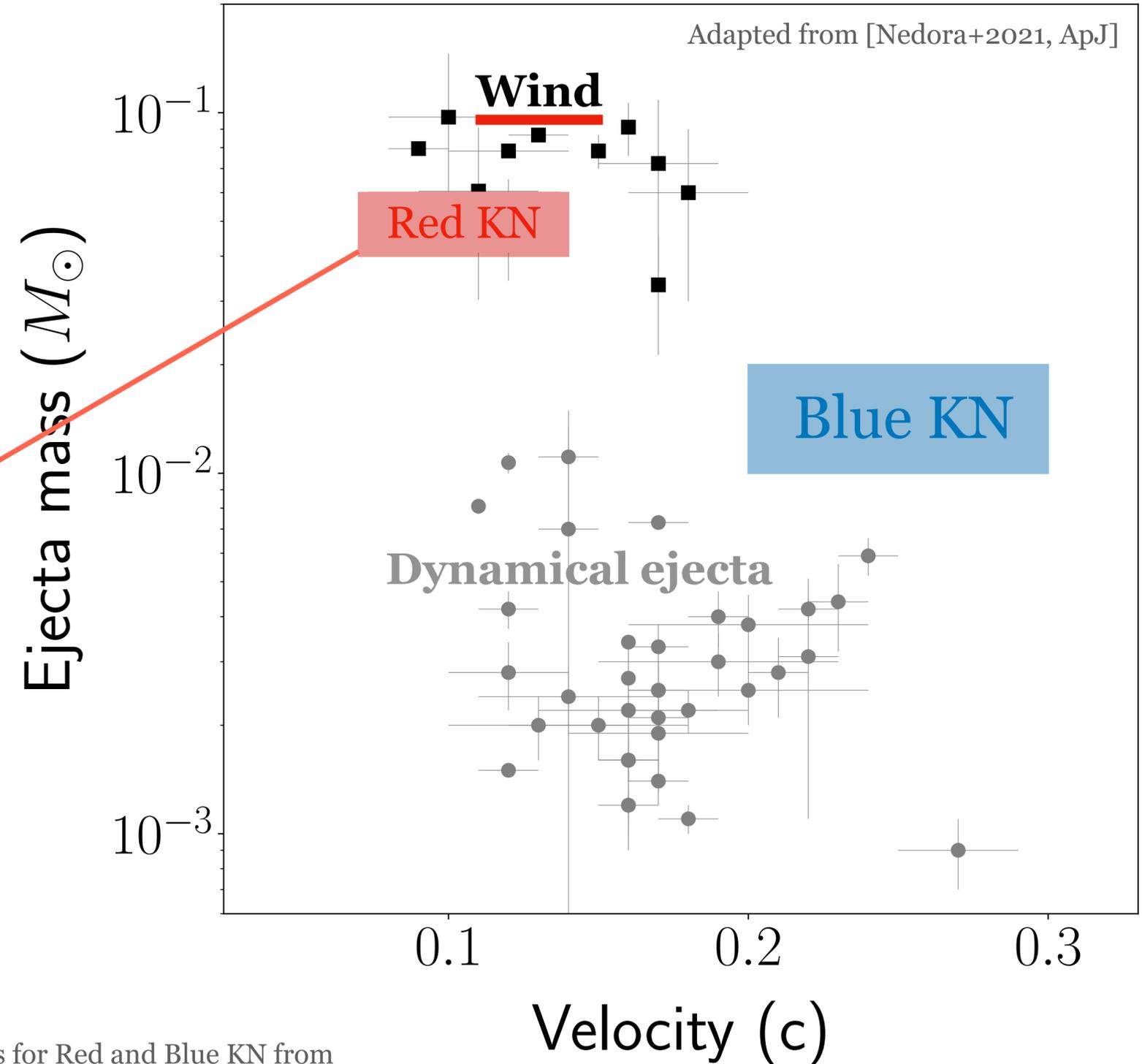


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NS mergers and kilonovae

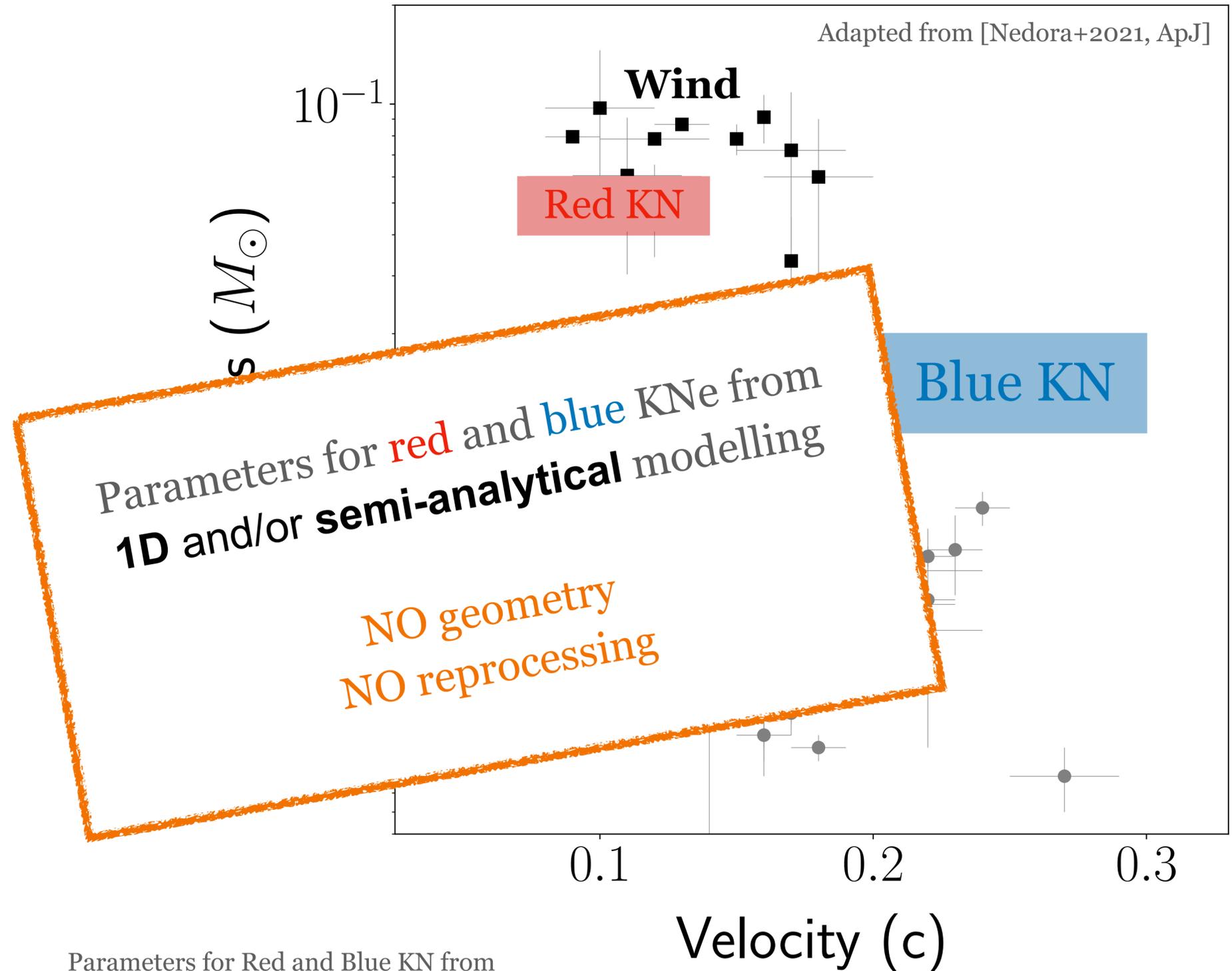
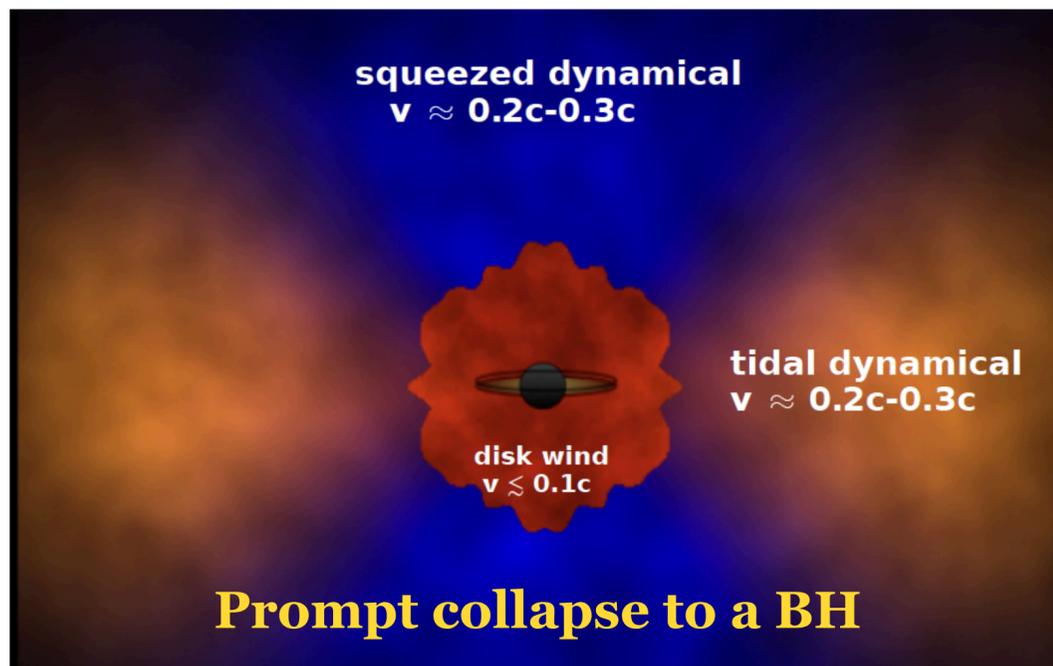
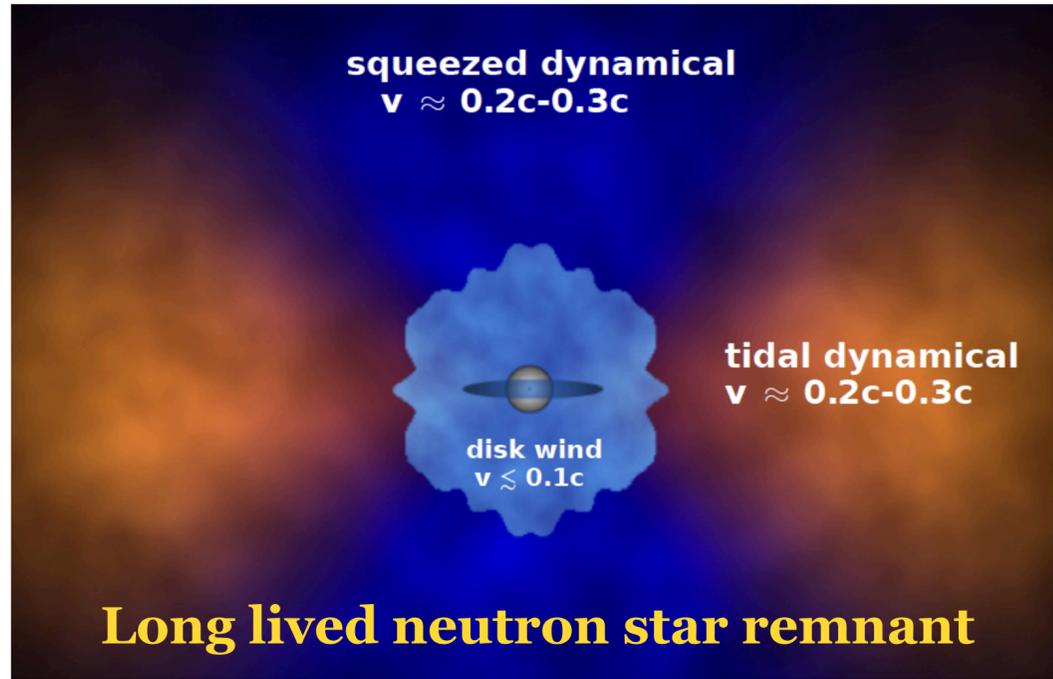


Ok



Parameters for Red and Blue KN from
[Siegel 2019, Eur. Phys. J. A.]

NS mergers and kilonovae



Parameters for Red and Blue KN from [Siegel 2019, Eur. Phys. J. A.]

POSSIS

A 3D Monte Carlo radiative transfer code to model kilonovae

[**MB**+2015, MNRAS; **MB** 2019, MNRAS]

POSSIS

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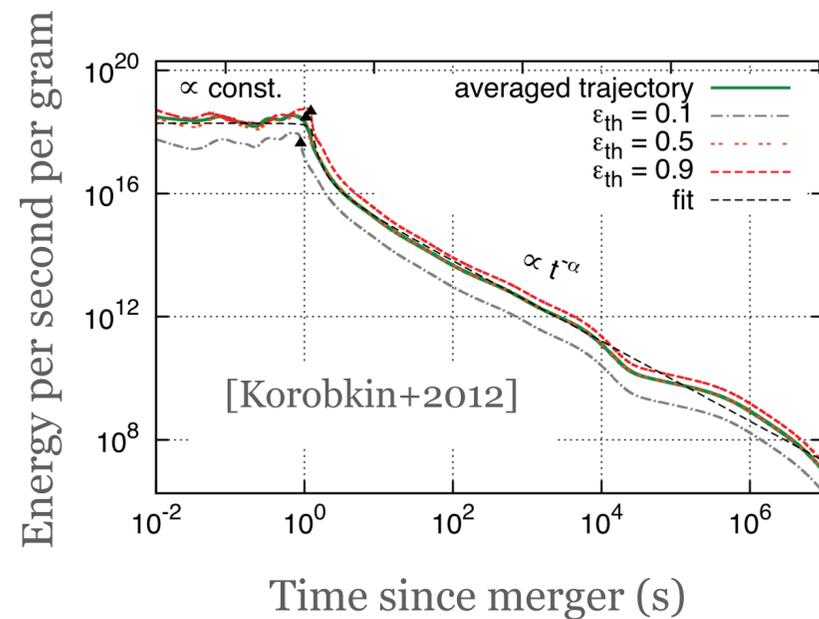
Creating photons

Frequency

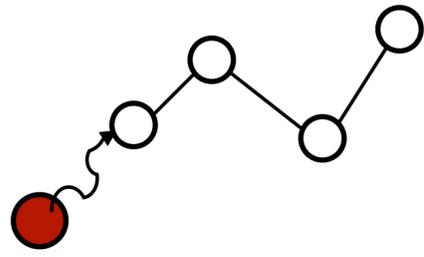
From temperature

Energy

Nuclear heating rates
Thermalisation efficiencies



Stokes parameters



POSSIS

A 3D Monte Carlo radiative transfer code to model kilonovae

[MB+2015, MNRAS; MB 2019, MNRAS]

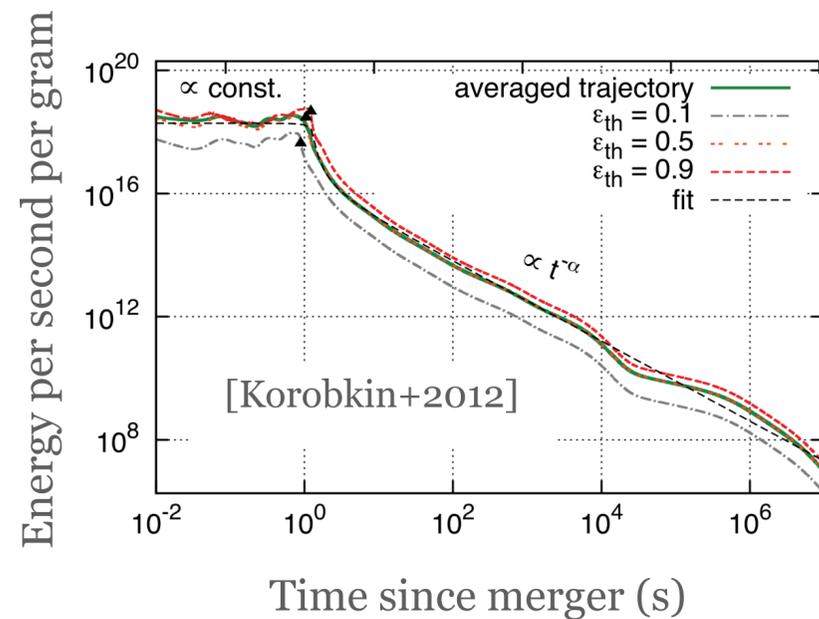
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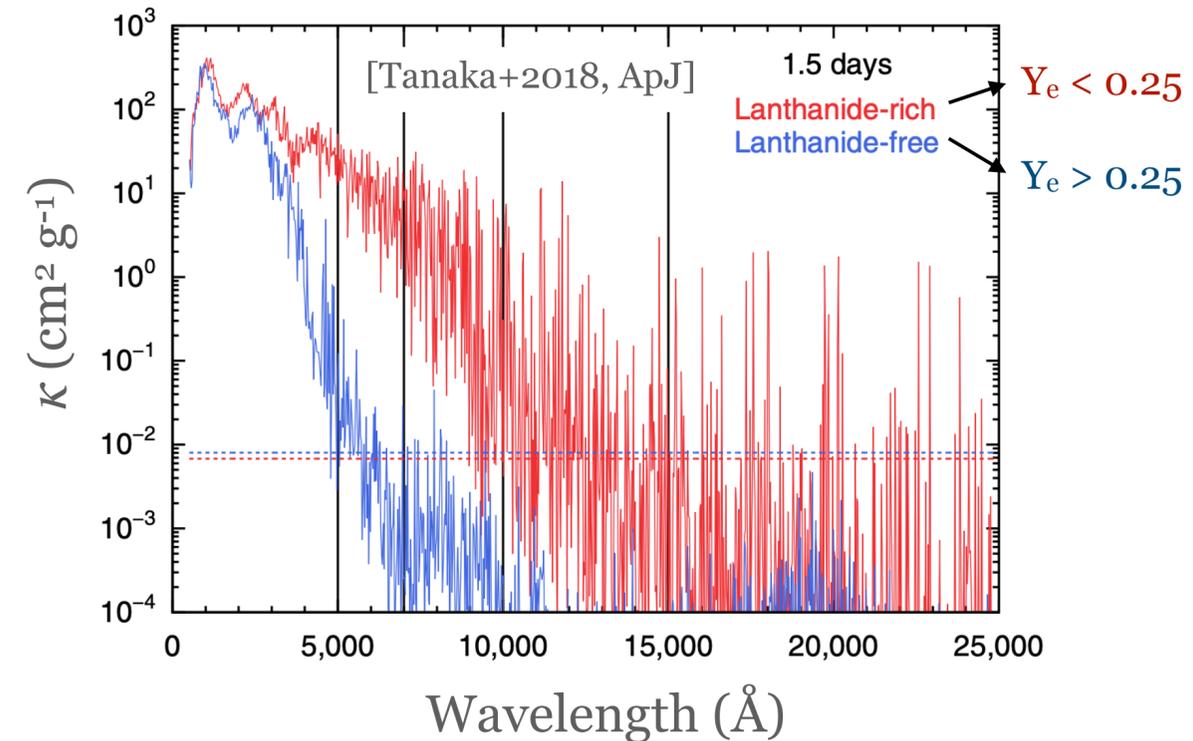
Stokes parameters

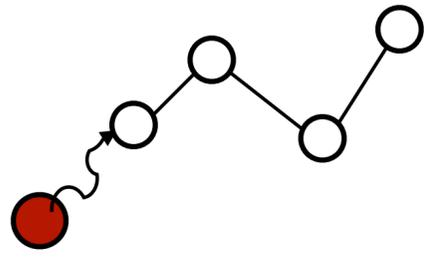
Propagating photons

Opacity

$$\tau = \int \kappa \rho dr \quad P_{\text{interaction}} = 1 - e^{-\tau}$$

Main source of opacity in KNe: bound-bound





POSSIS

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[MB+2015, MNRAS; MB 2019, MNRAS]

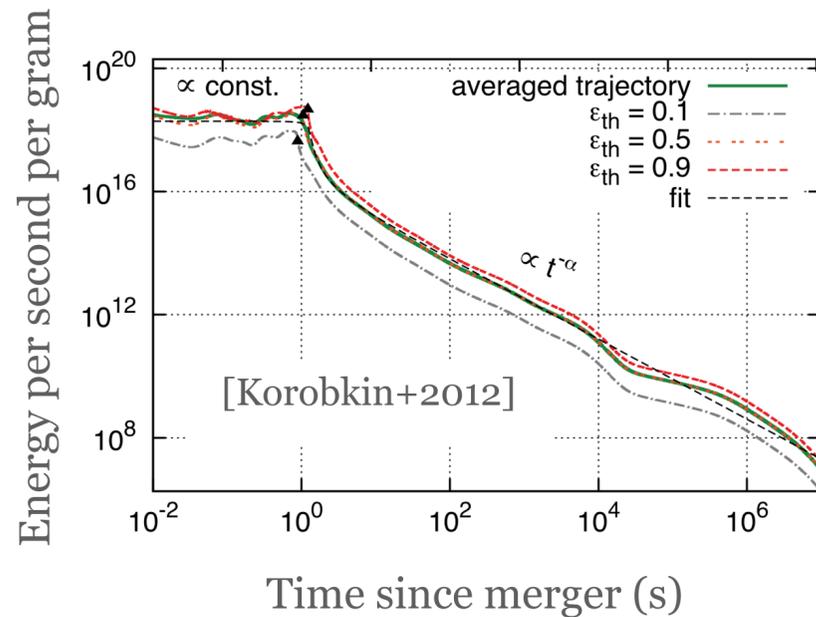
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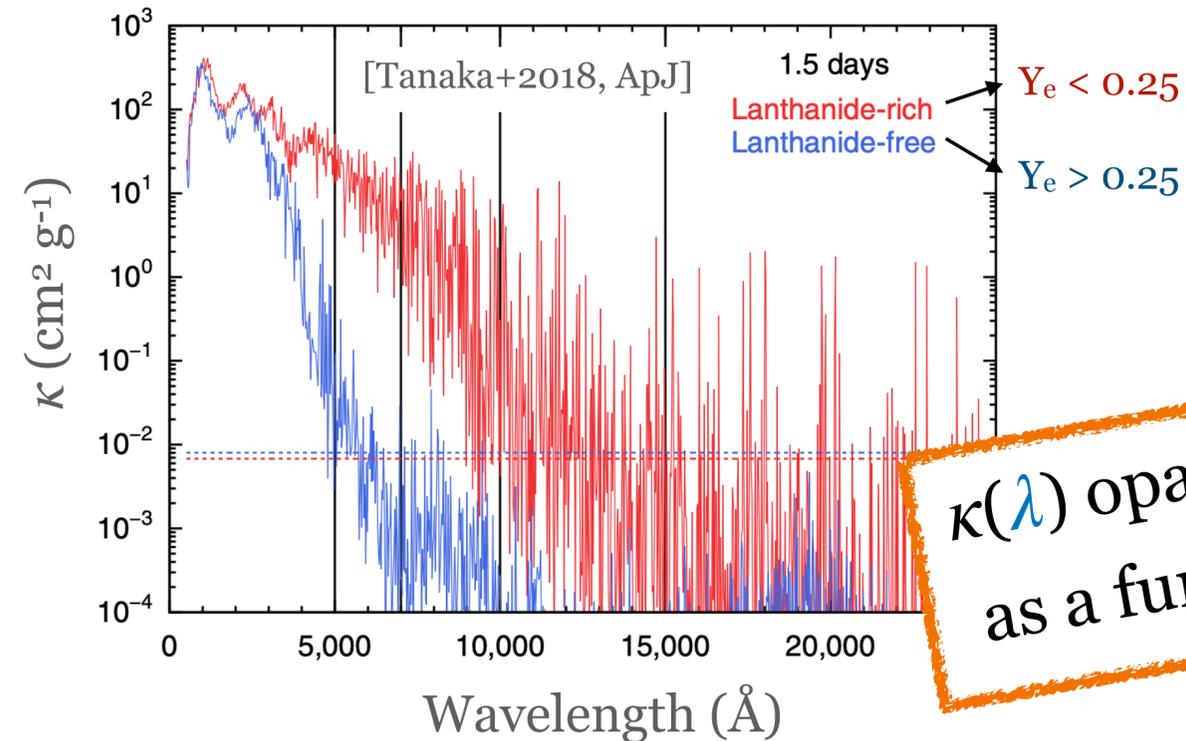
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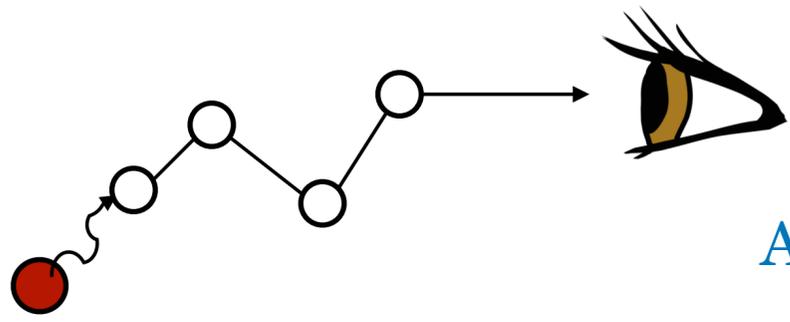
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$\kappa(\lambda)$ opacities from Tanaka+2020
as a function of ρ , T , Y_e and time



POSSIS

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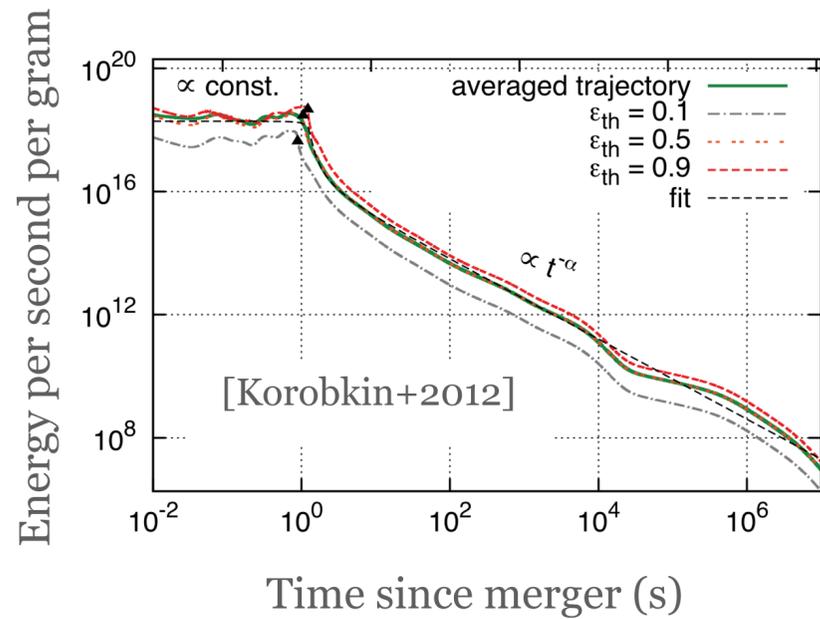
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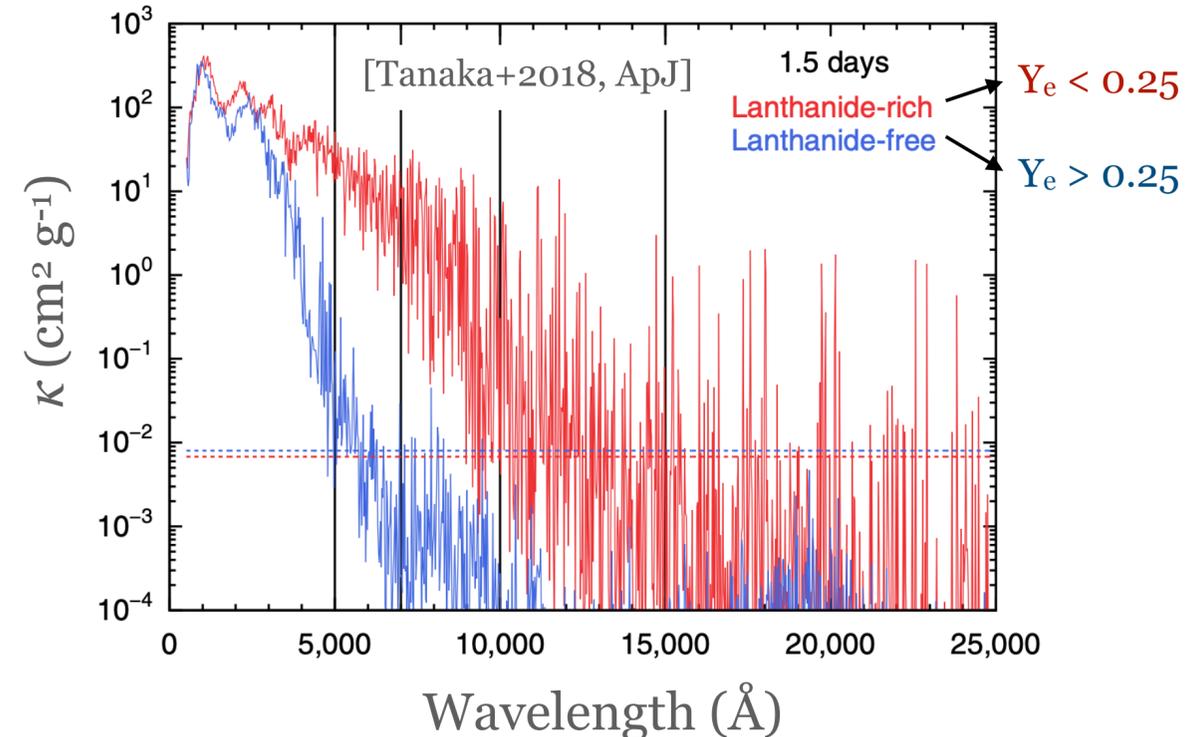
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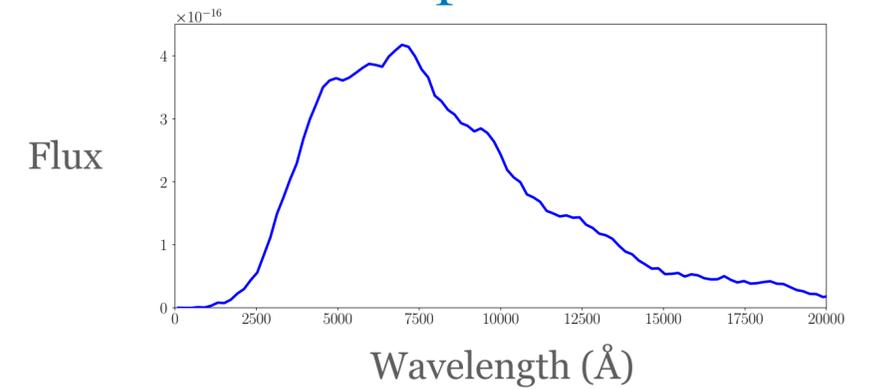
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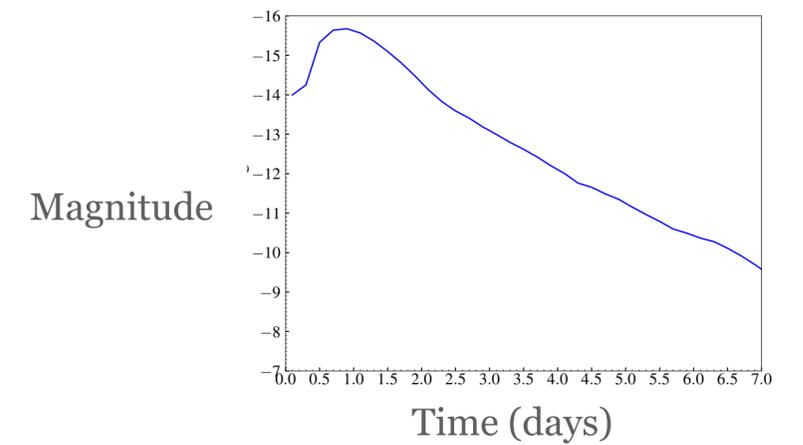


Collecting photons

Spectra



Light curves



Polarization

POSSIS

A 3D Monte Carlo radiative transfer code to model kilonovae

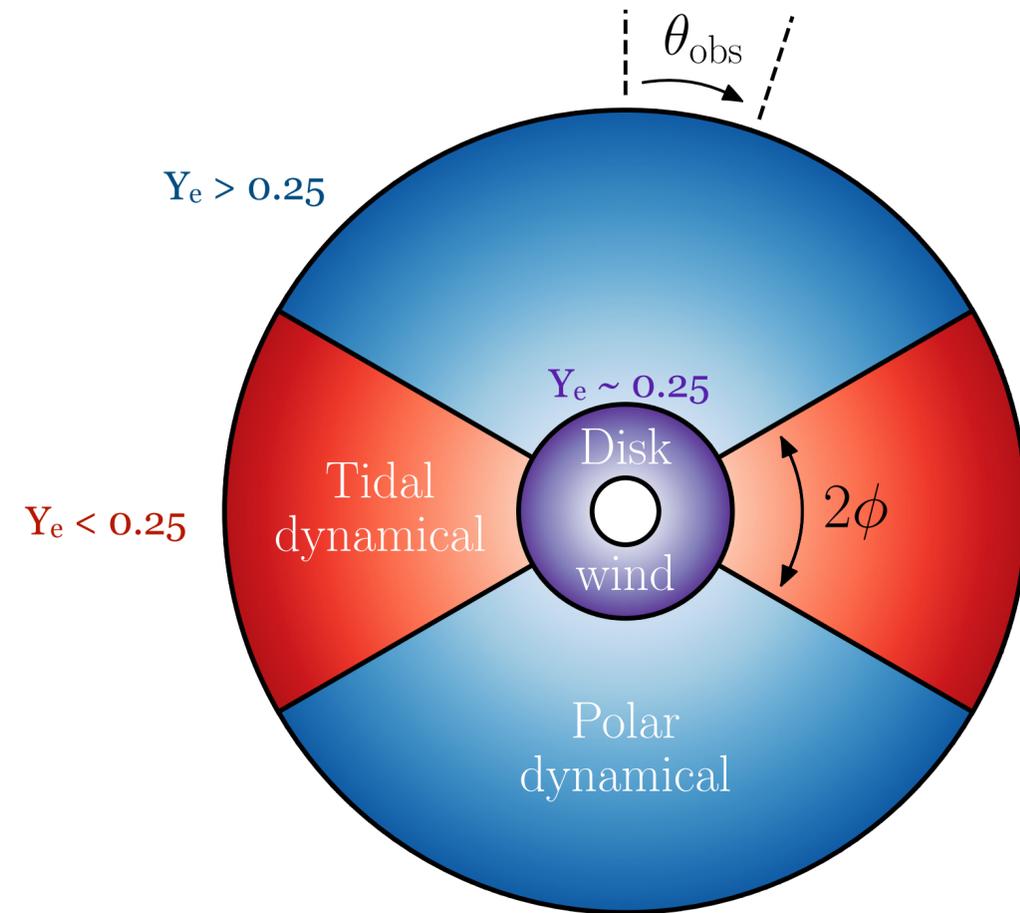
[MB+2015; MB 2019]

Neutron Star - Neutron Star

[Dietrich, Coughlin, Pang, MB+2020, Science]

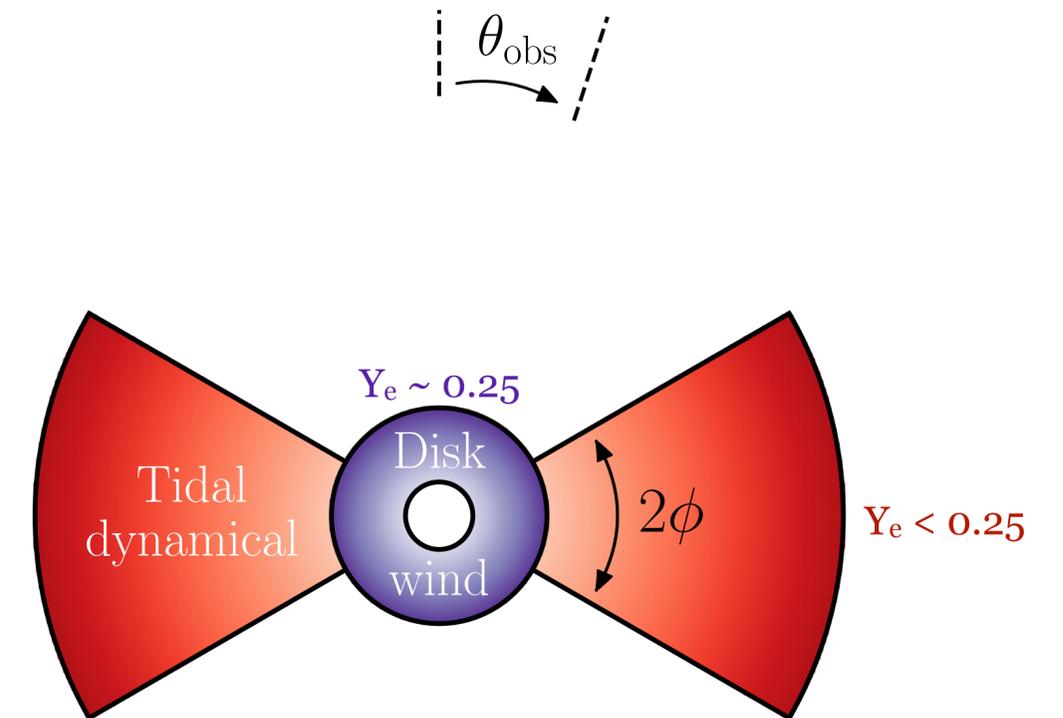
Black Hole - Neutron Star

[Anand, Coughlin, Kasliwal, MB+2020, Nature Astronomy]



1540 models

varying ejecta masses ($M_{\text{ej,dyn}}$, $M_{\text{ej,wind}}$),
half-opening angles (ϕ) and viewing angle (θ_{obs})



891 models

varying ejecta masses ($M_{\text{ej,dyn}}$, $M_{\text{ej,wind}}$),
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A 3D Monte Carlo radiative transfer code to model kilonovae

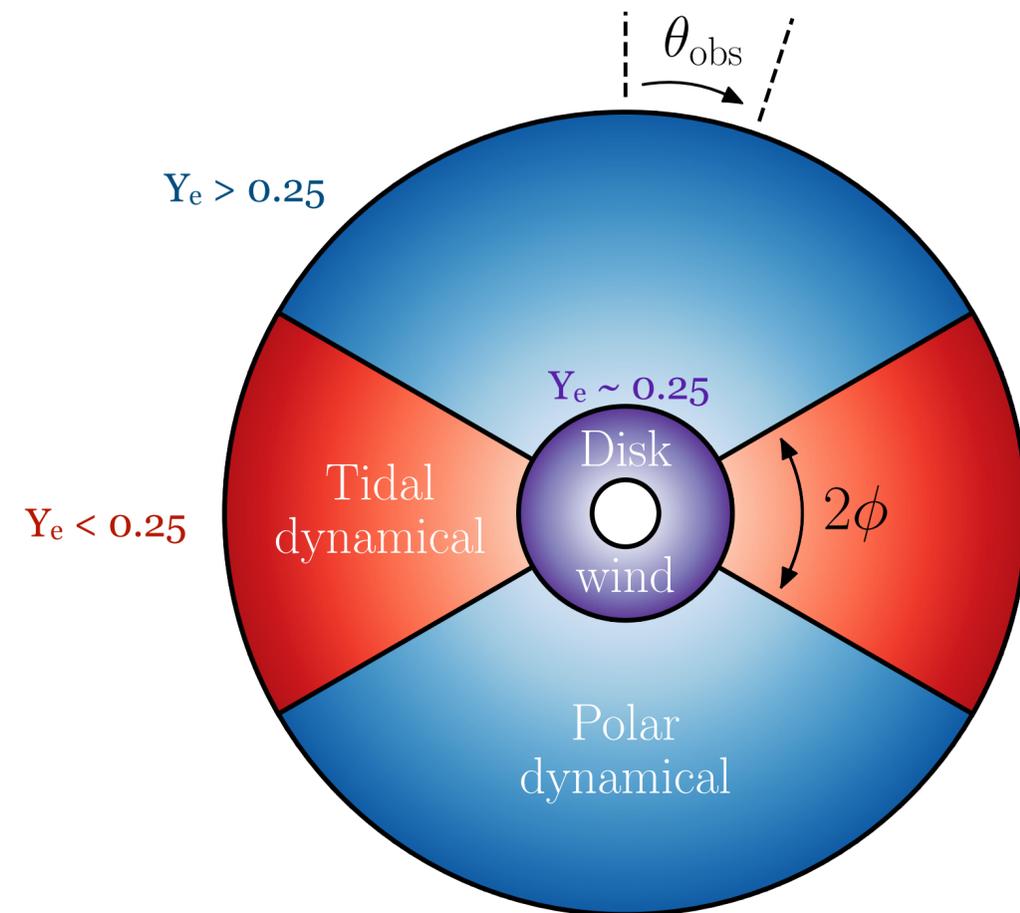
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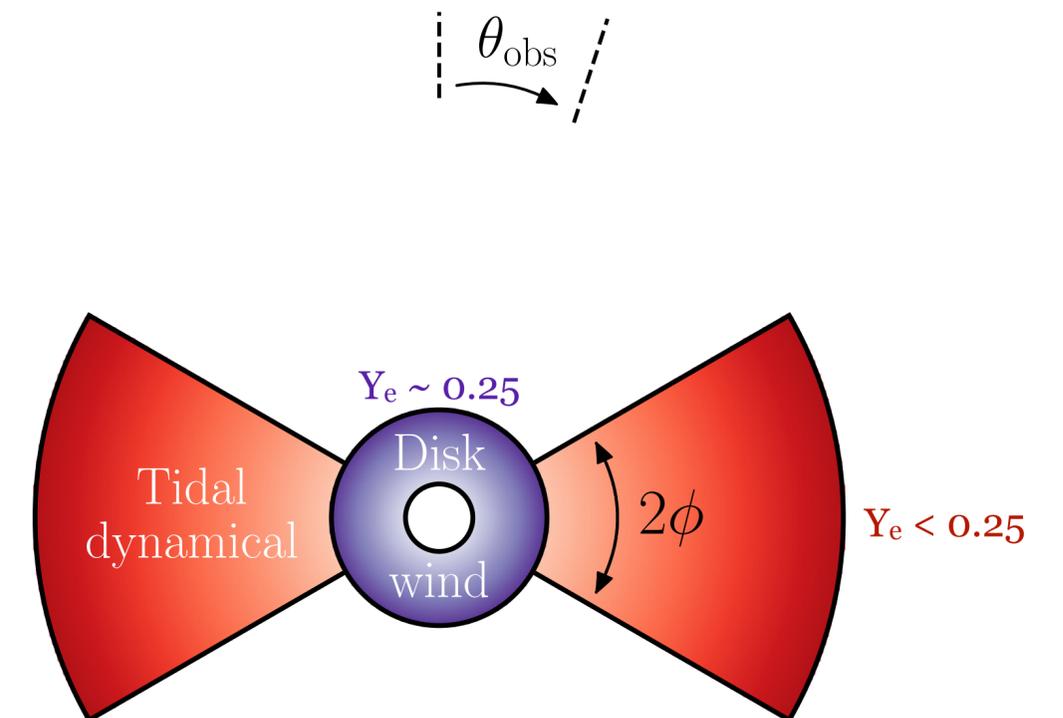
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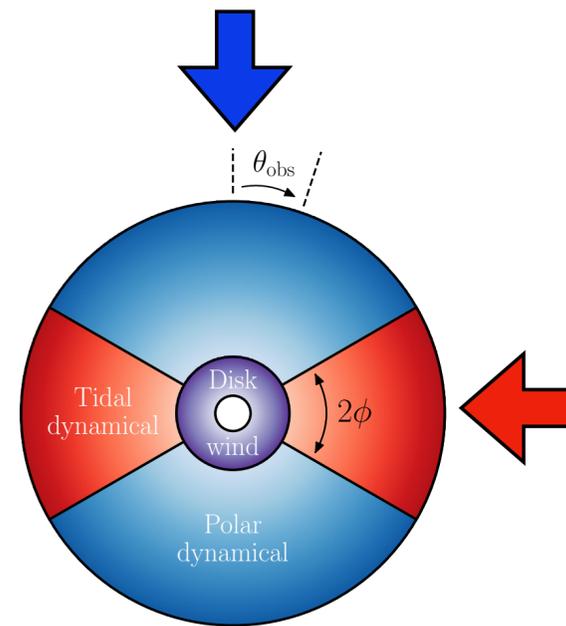
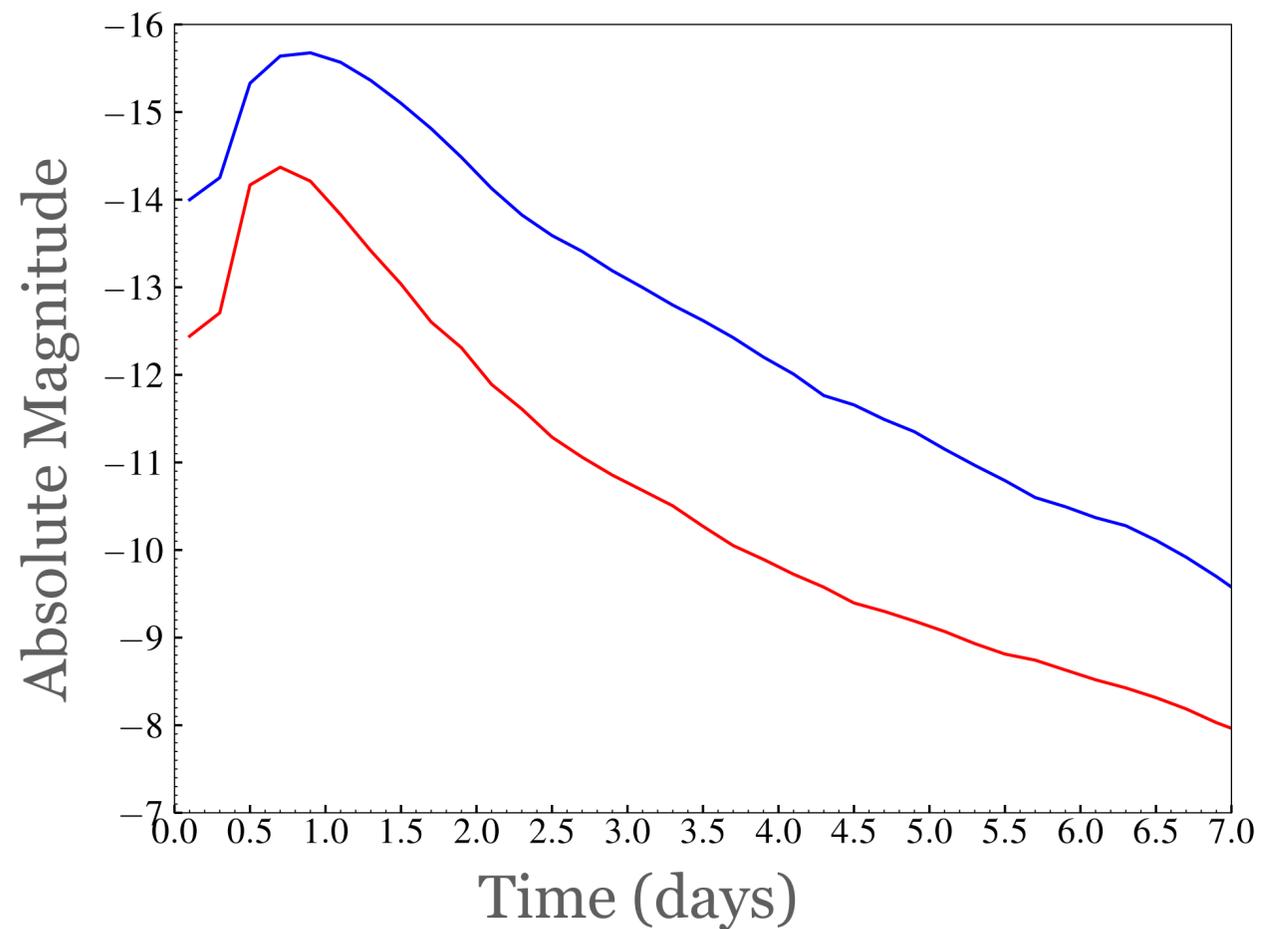
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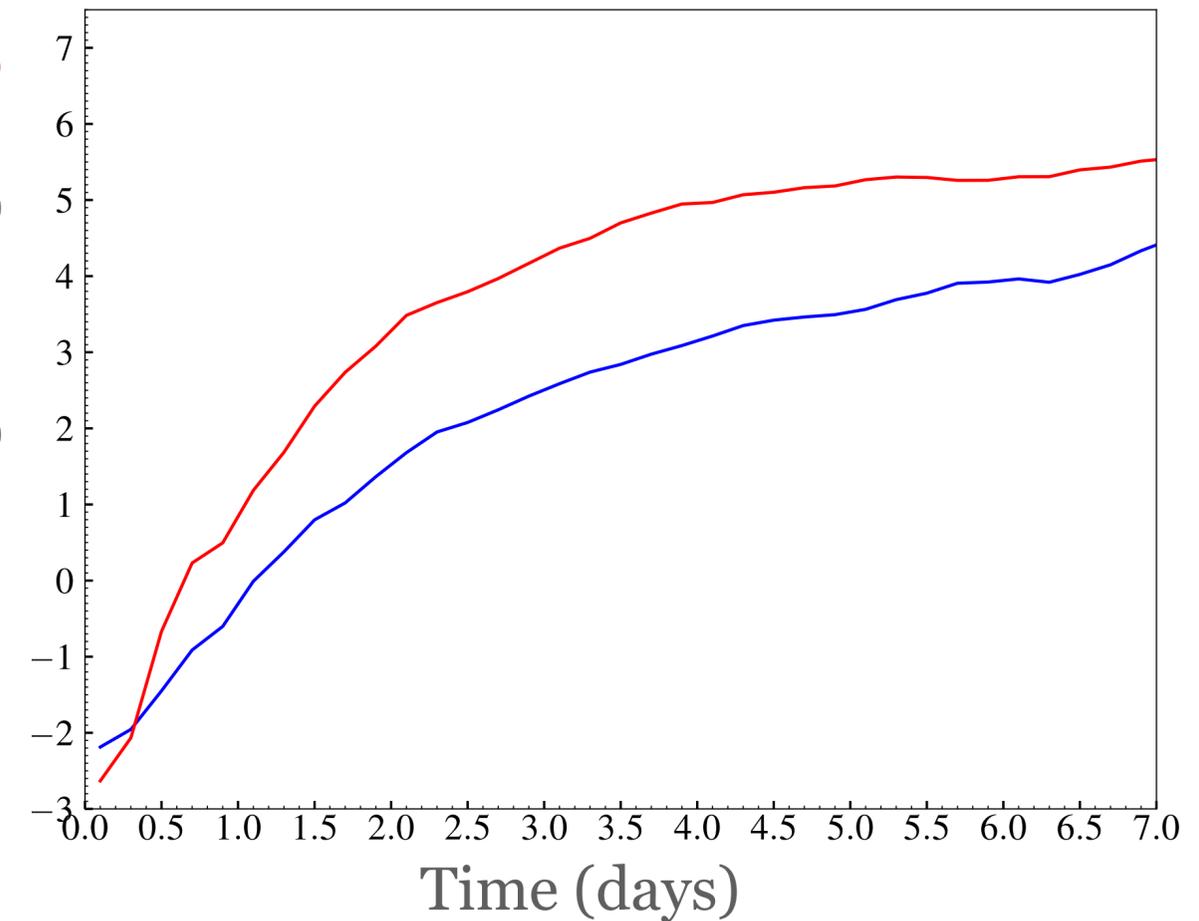
Viewing-angle dependence

Kilonovae viewed **face-on** ($\theta_{\text{obs}} = 0^\circ$, jet axis) are **brighter** and **bluer** compared to kilonovae viewed **edge-on** ($\theta_{\text{obs}} = 90^\circ$, merger plane)



RED

BLUE





Gaussian Process Regression
[Coughlin..MB..+2020, PRR]

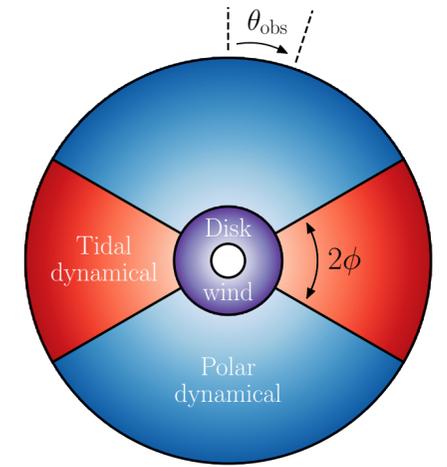
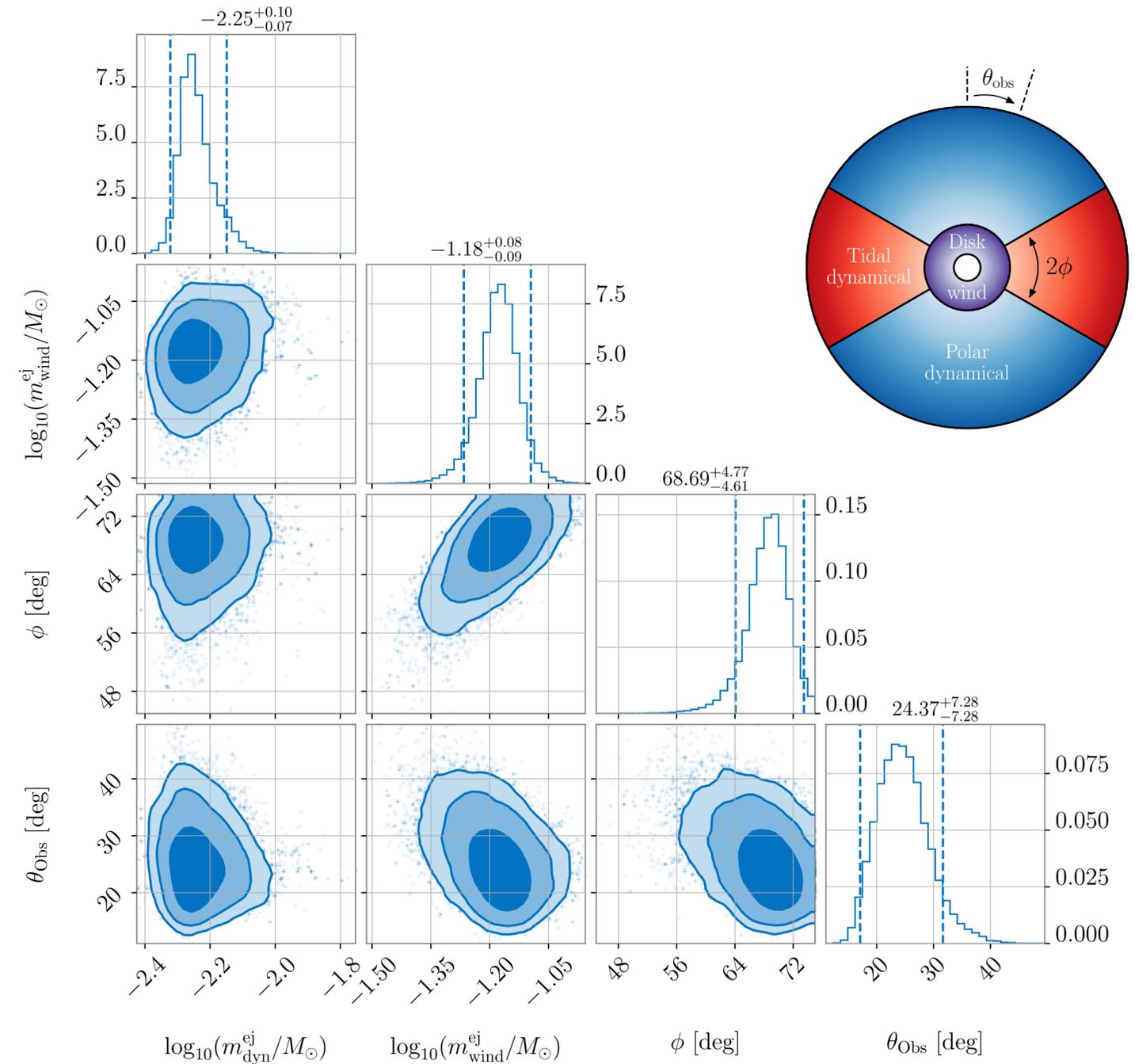
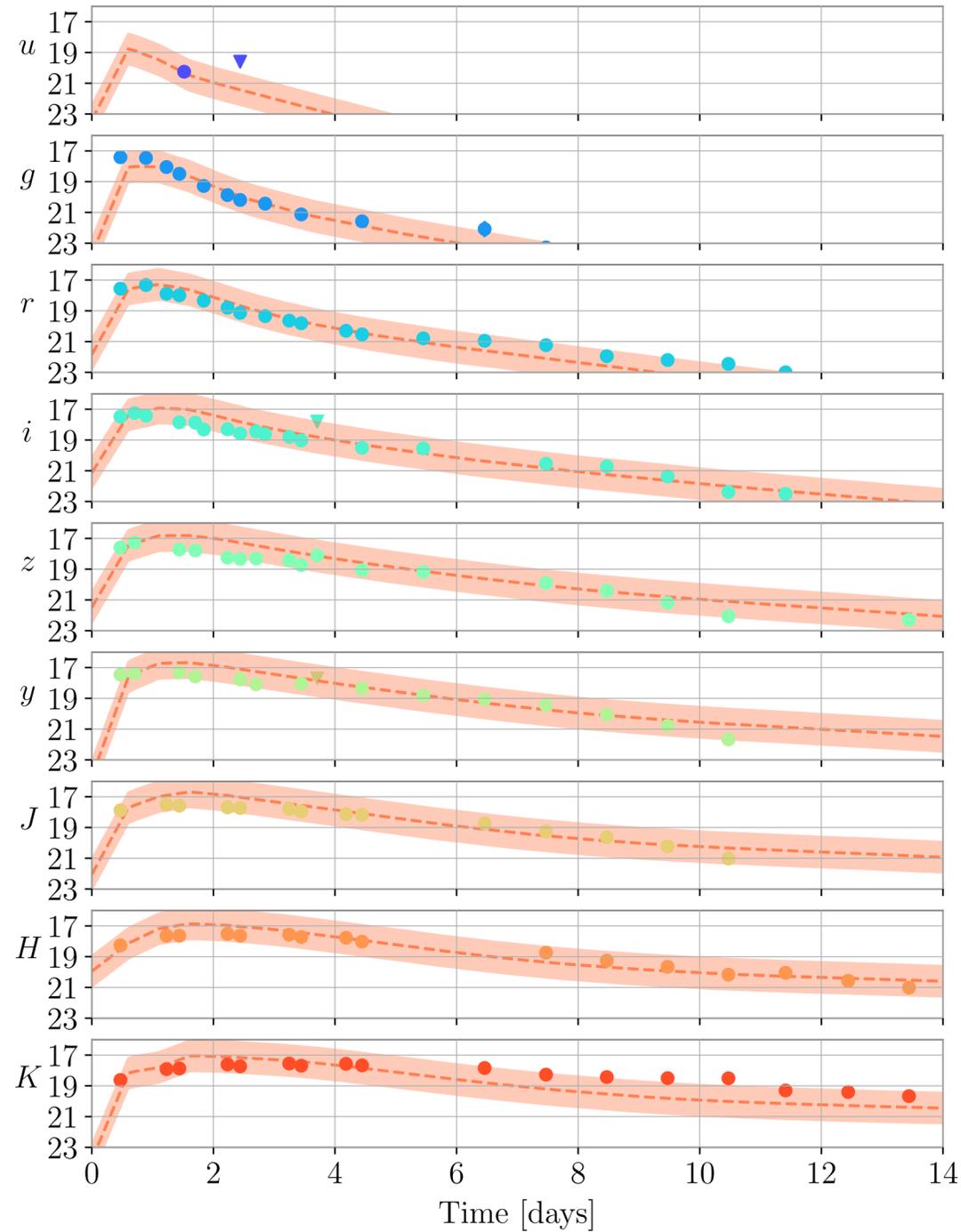
A fit to the kilonova AT2017gfo

Interpolation scheme using **Gaussian Process Regression** or **Neural Networks**

[Pang, Dietrich, Coughlin, **MB+**, arXiv:2205.08513]



Neural Networks
[Almualla, Ning, **MB+**2021, arXiv:2112.15470]





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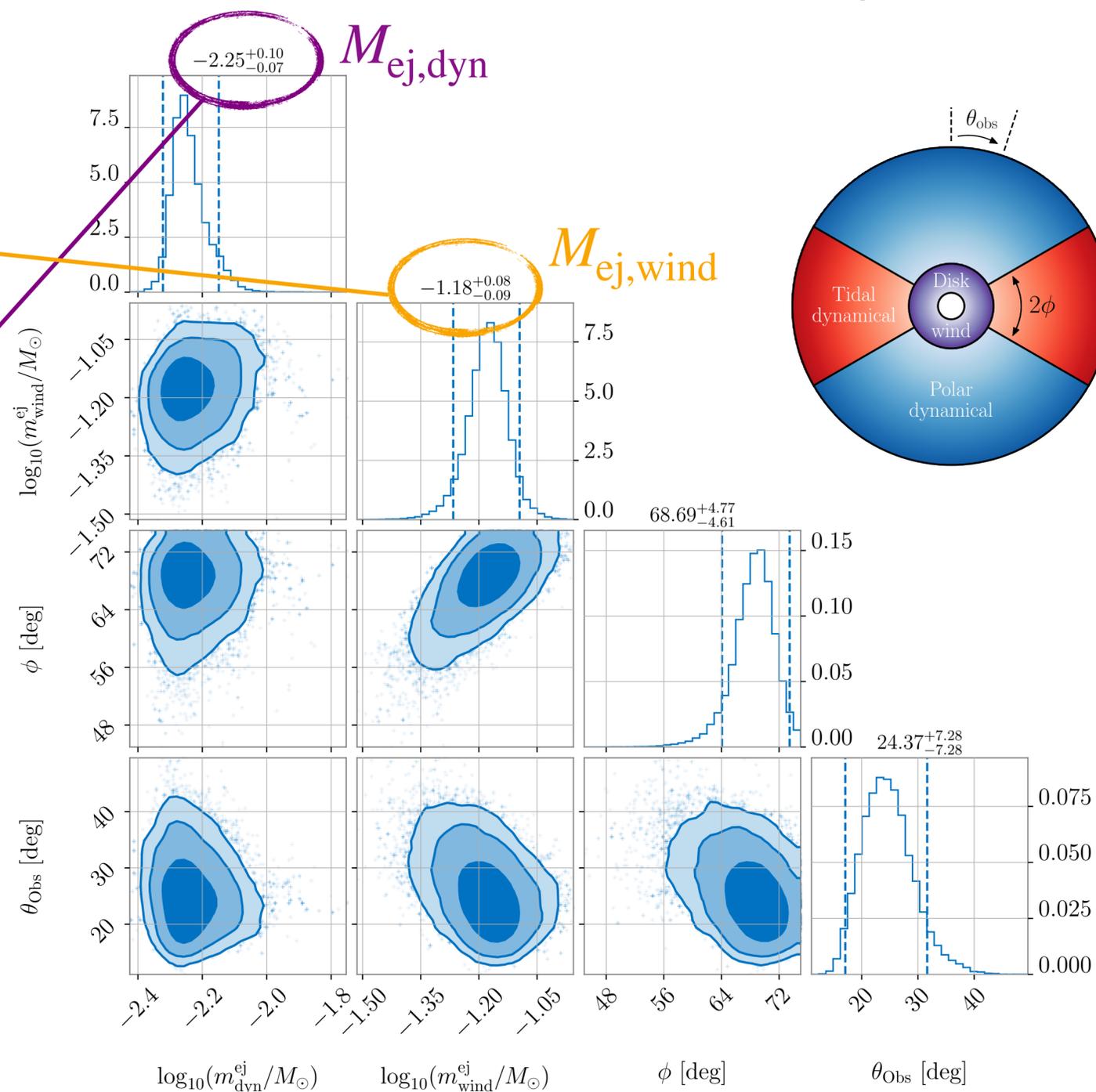
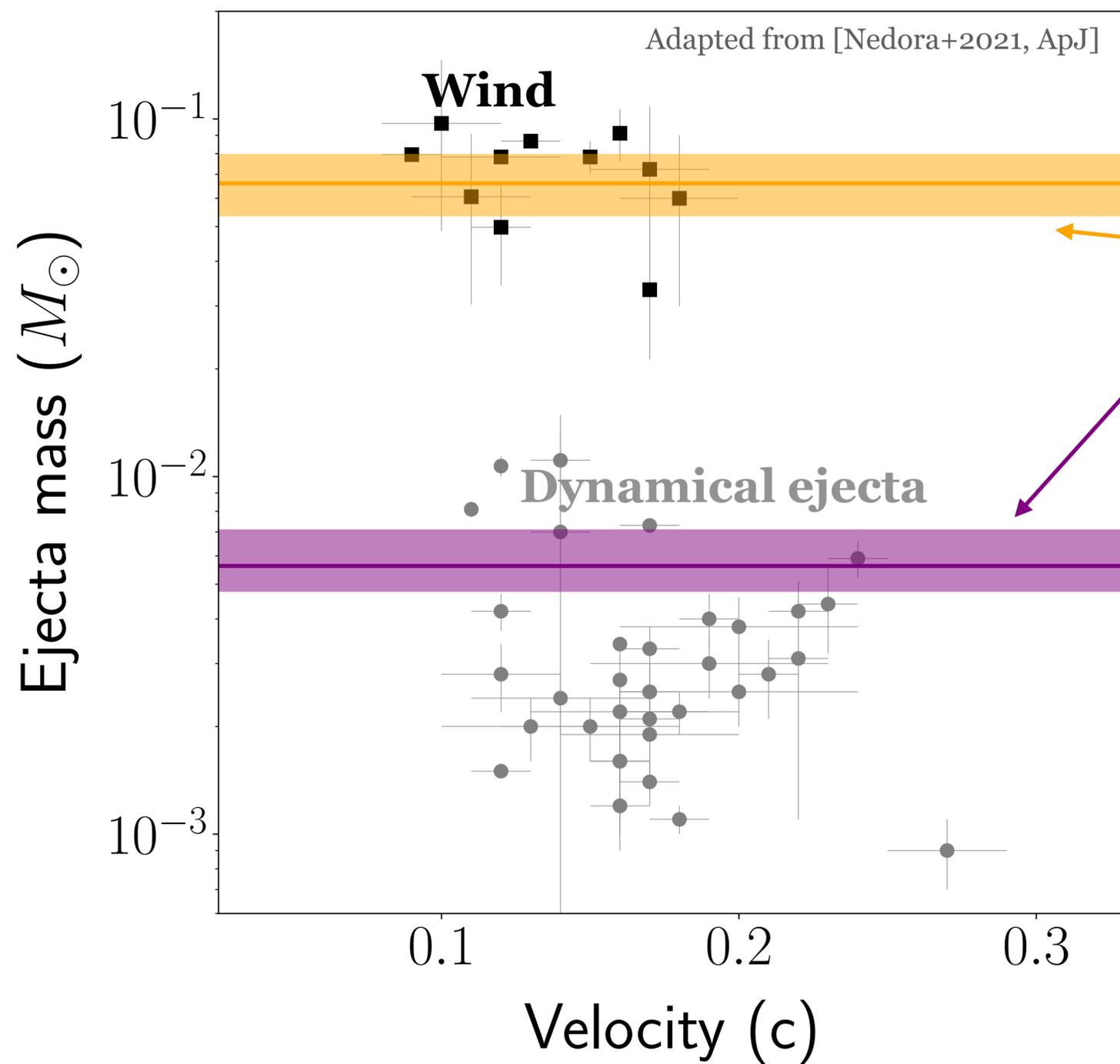
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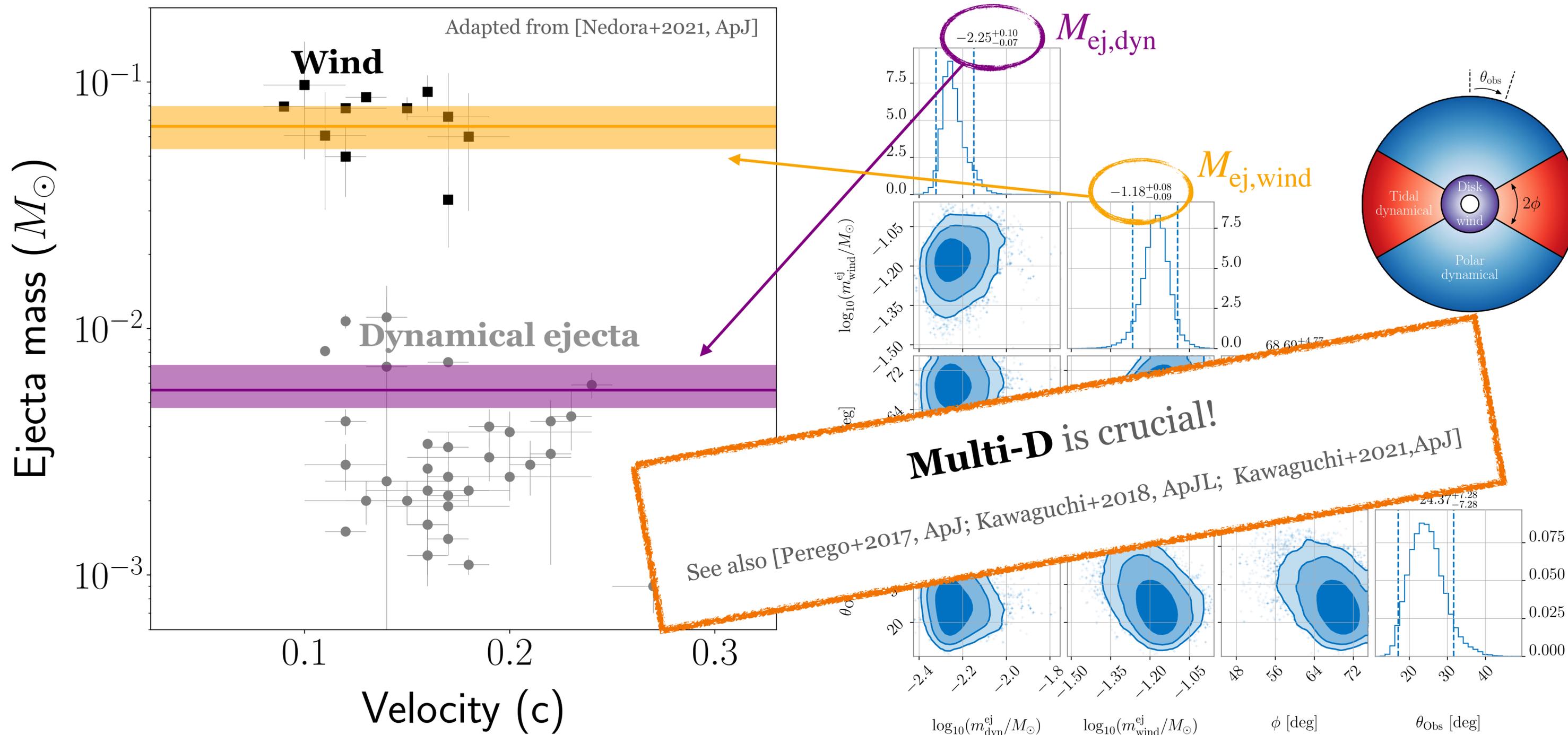


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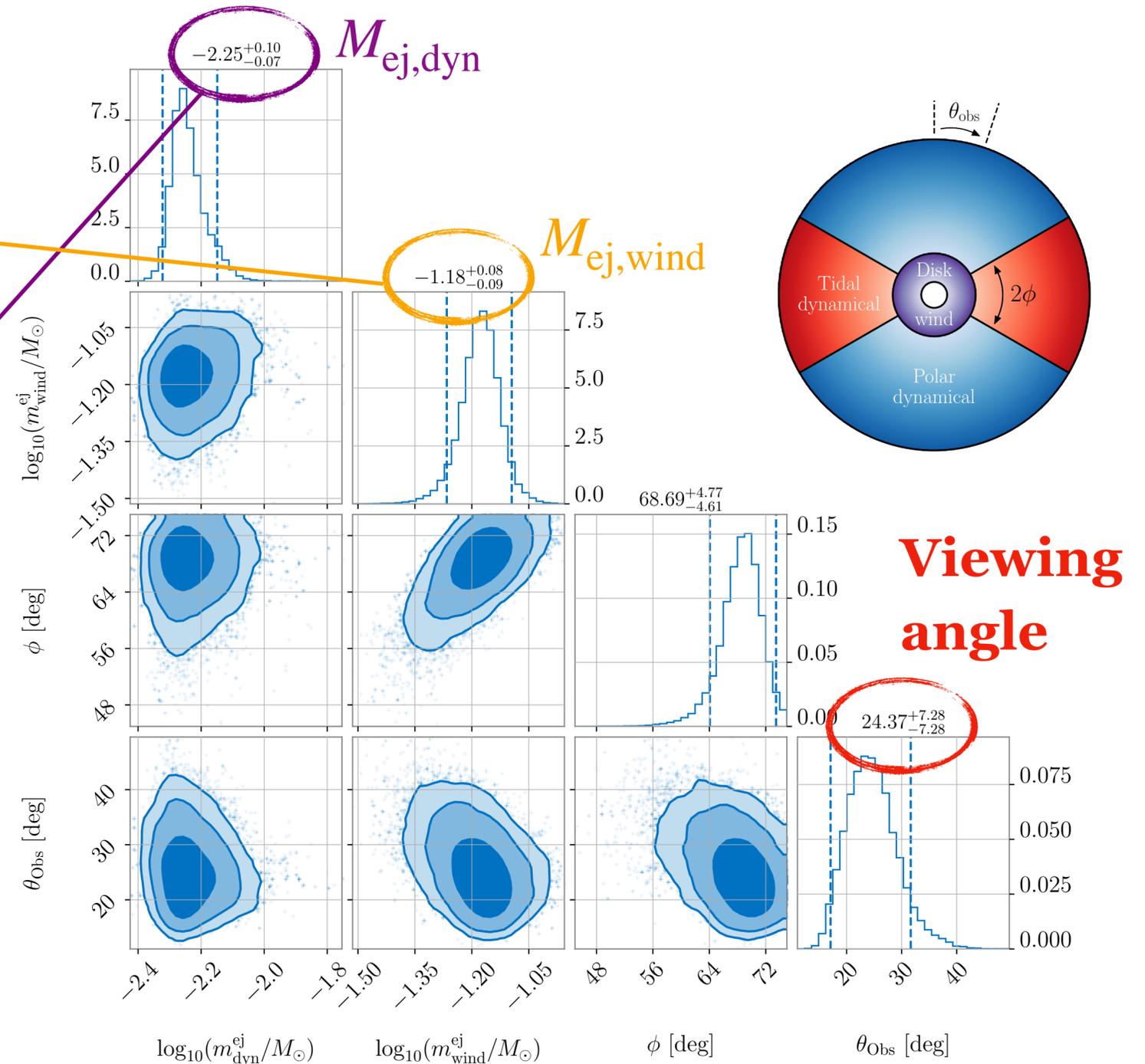
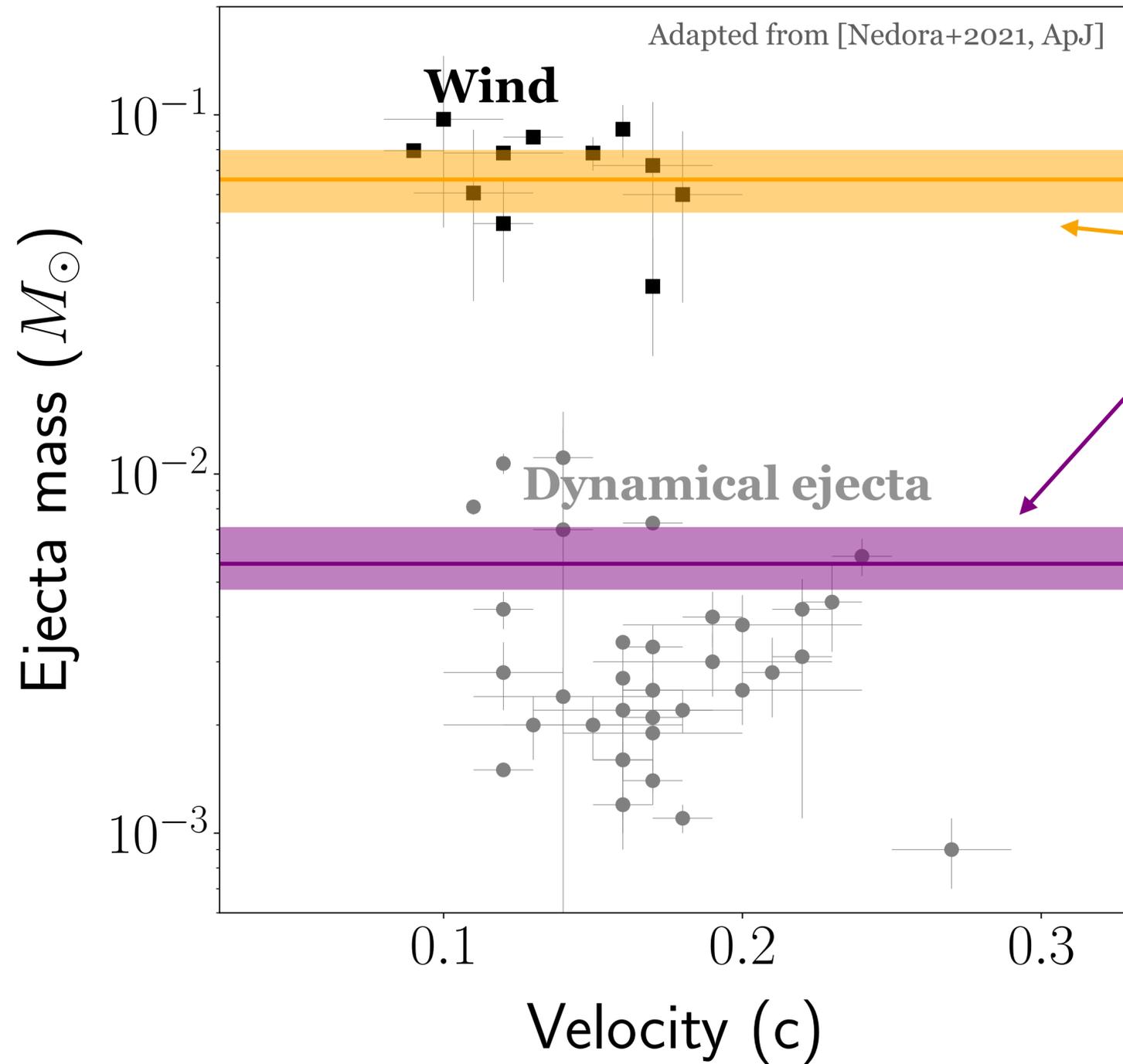
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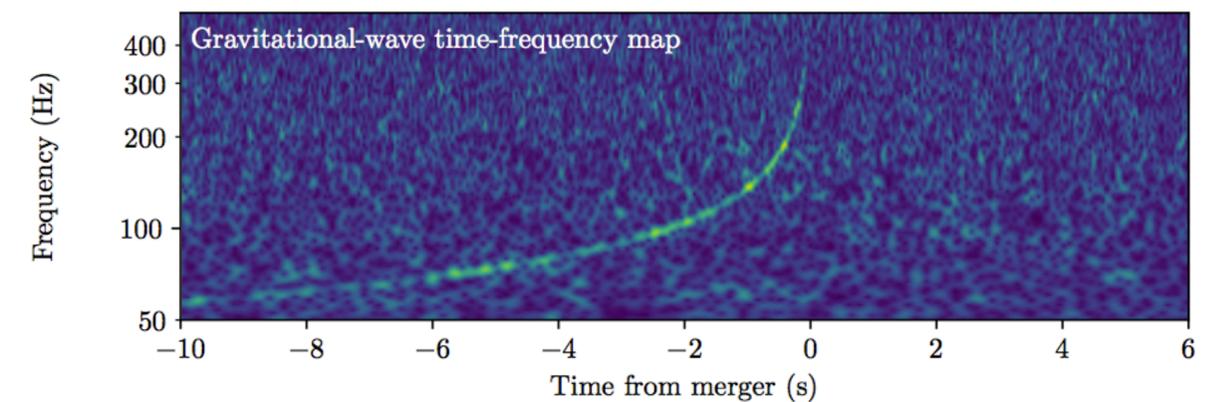
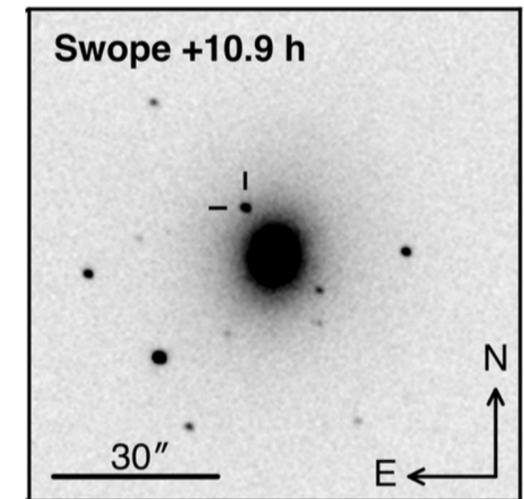


The Hubble constant H_0

Gravitational Waves as Standard Sirens

[Schutz 1986, Nature; Holz & Hughes 2005, ApJ]

$$H_0 = \frac{\text{Velocity}}{\text{Distance}} = \frac{[\text{speed of light}] \cdot \text{Redshift}}{\text{Distance}}$$

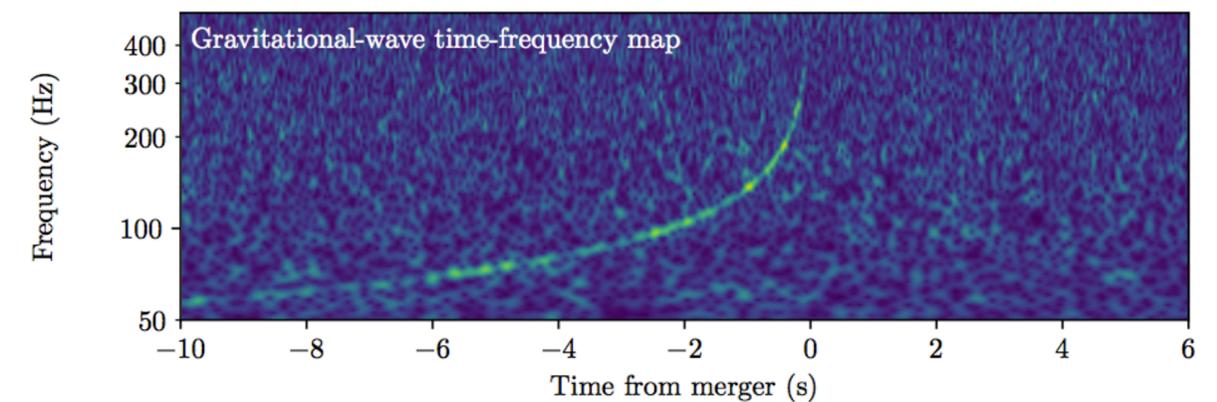
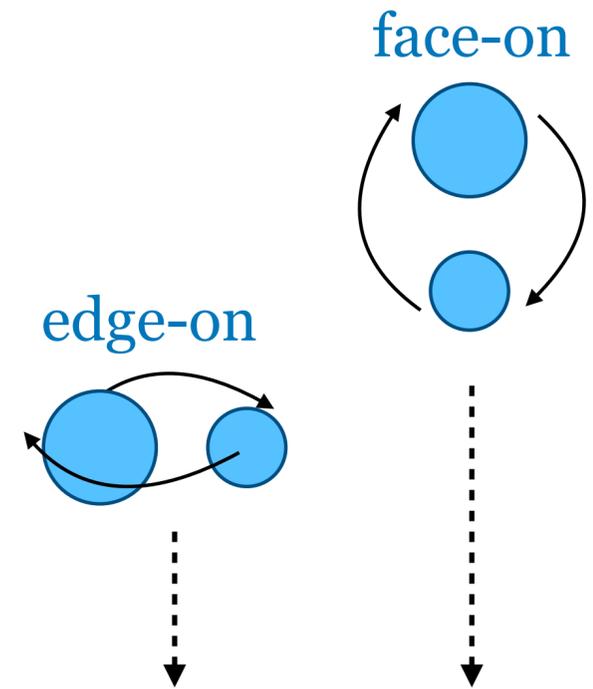


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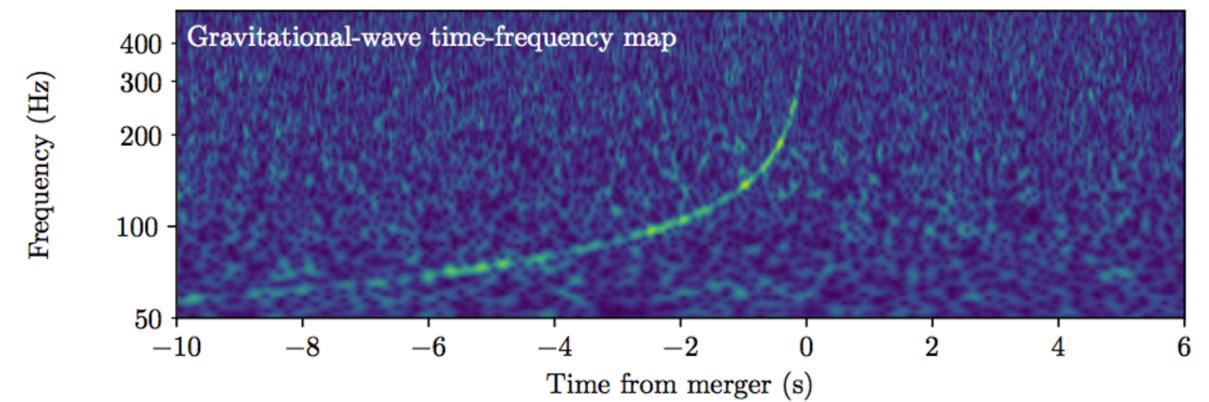
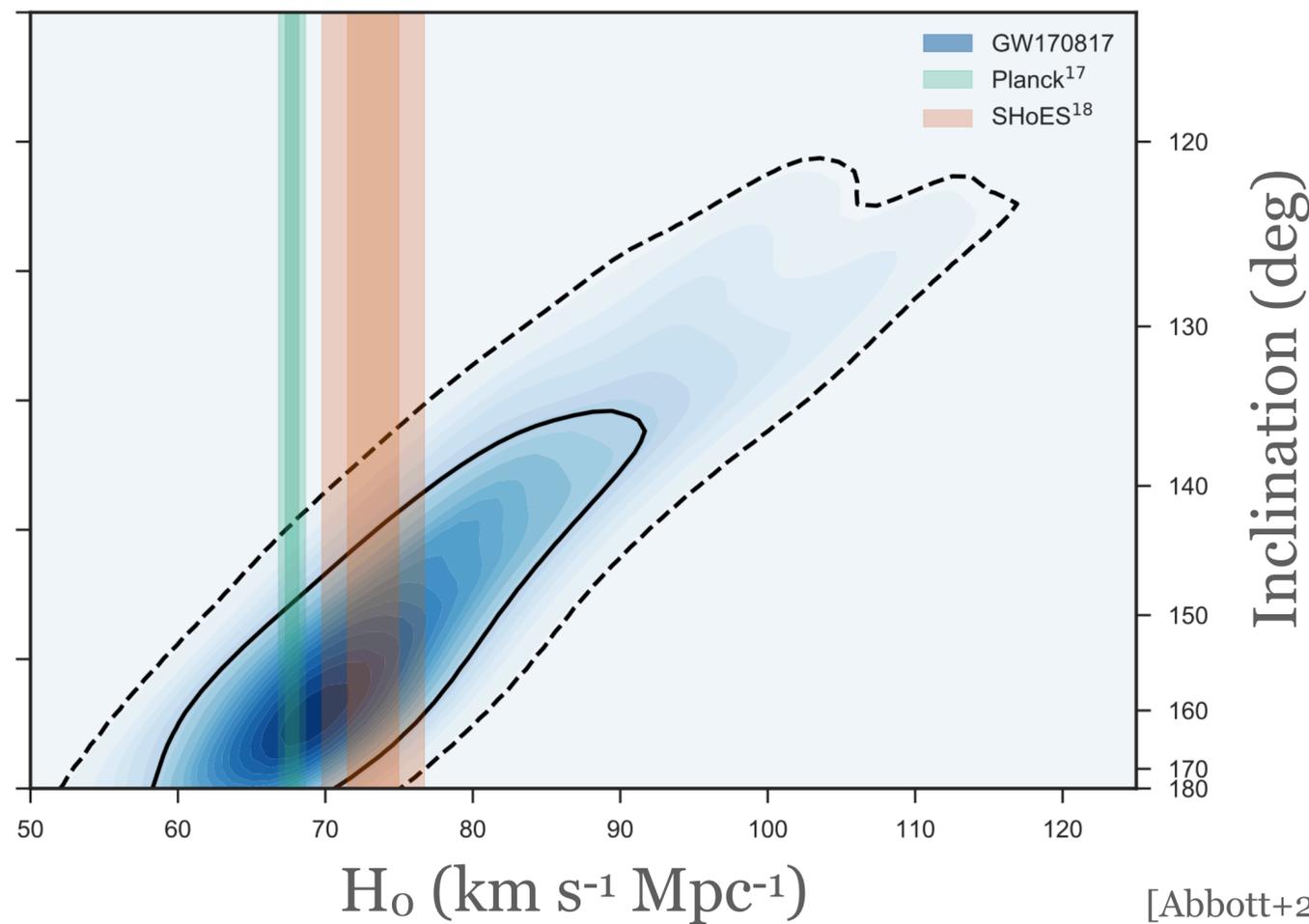
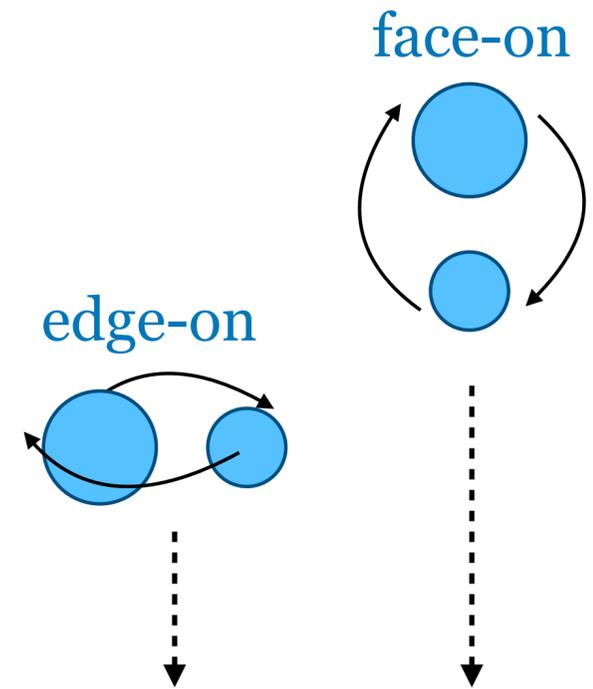


The Hubble constant H_0

Gravitational Waves as Standard Sirens

[Schutz 1986, Nature; Holz & Hughes 2005, ApJ]

$$H_0 = \frac{\text{Velocity}}{\text{Distance}} = \frac{[\text{speed of light}] \cdot \text{Redshift}}{\text{Distance}}$$



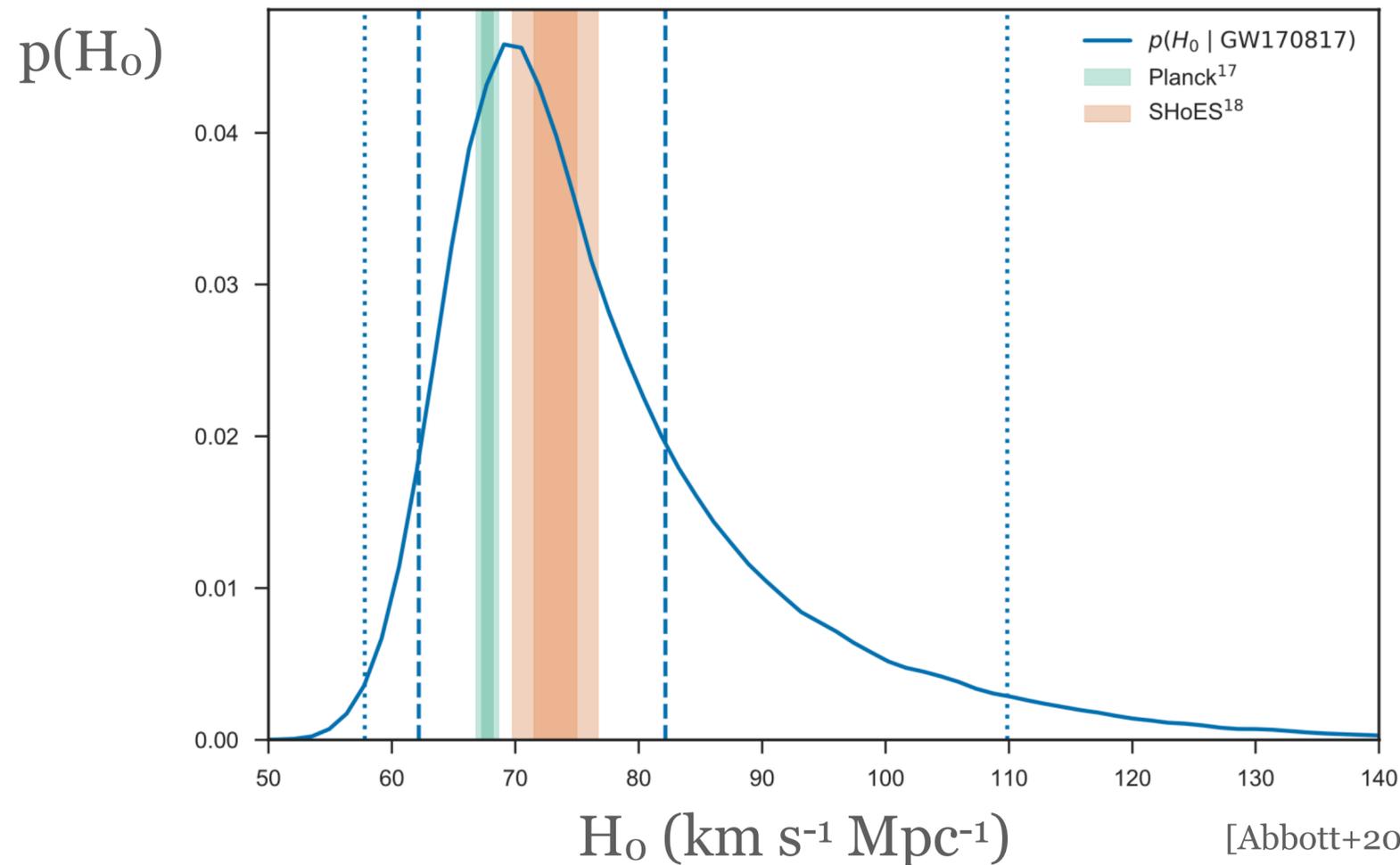
$$H_0 = 70.0^{+12.0}_{-8.0} \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$

The Hubble constant H_0

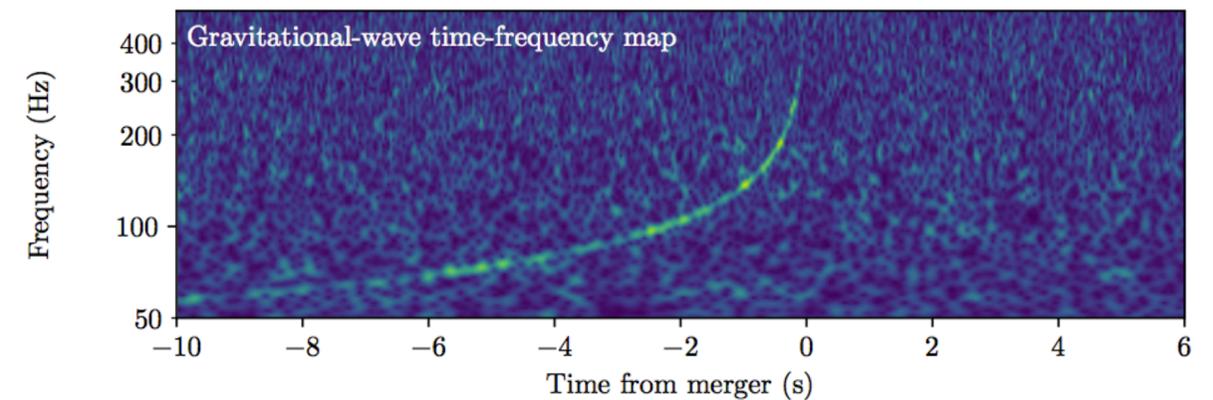
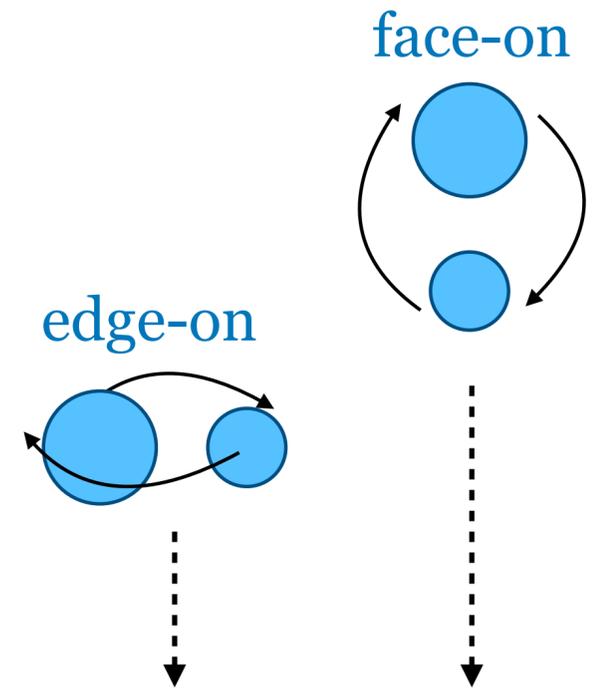
Gravitational Waves as Standard Sirens

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[Abbott+2017, Nature]



$$H_0 = 70.0^{+12.0}_{-8.0} \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$

The Hubble constant H_0



24% improvement on H_0

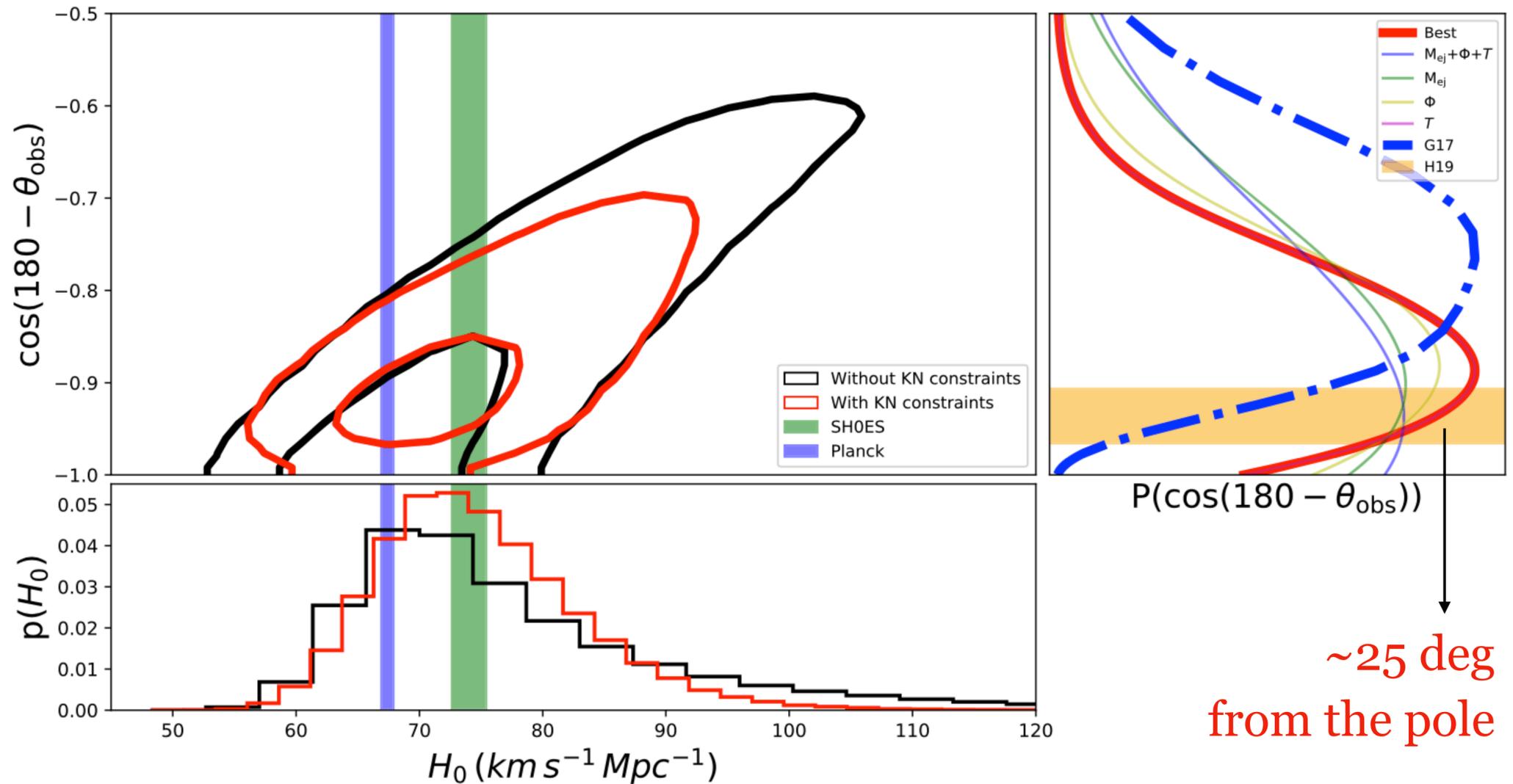
[Dhawan, MB+2020, ApJ]

GW only

$$H_0 = 70.0^{+12.0}_{-8.0} \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$

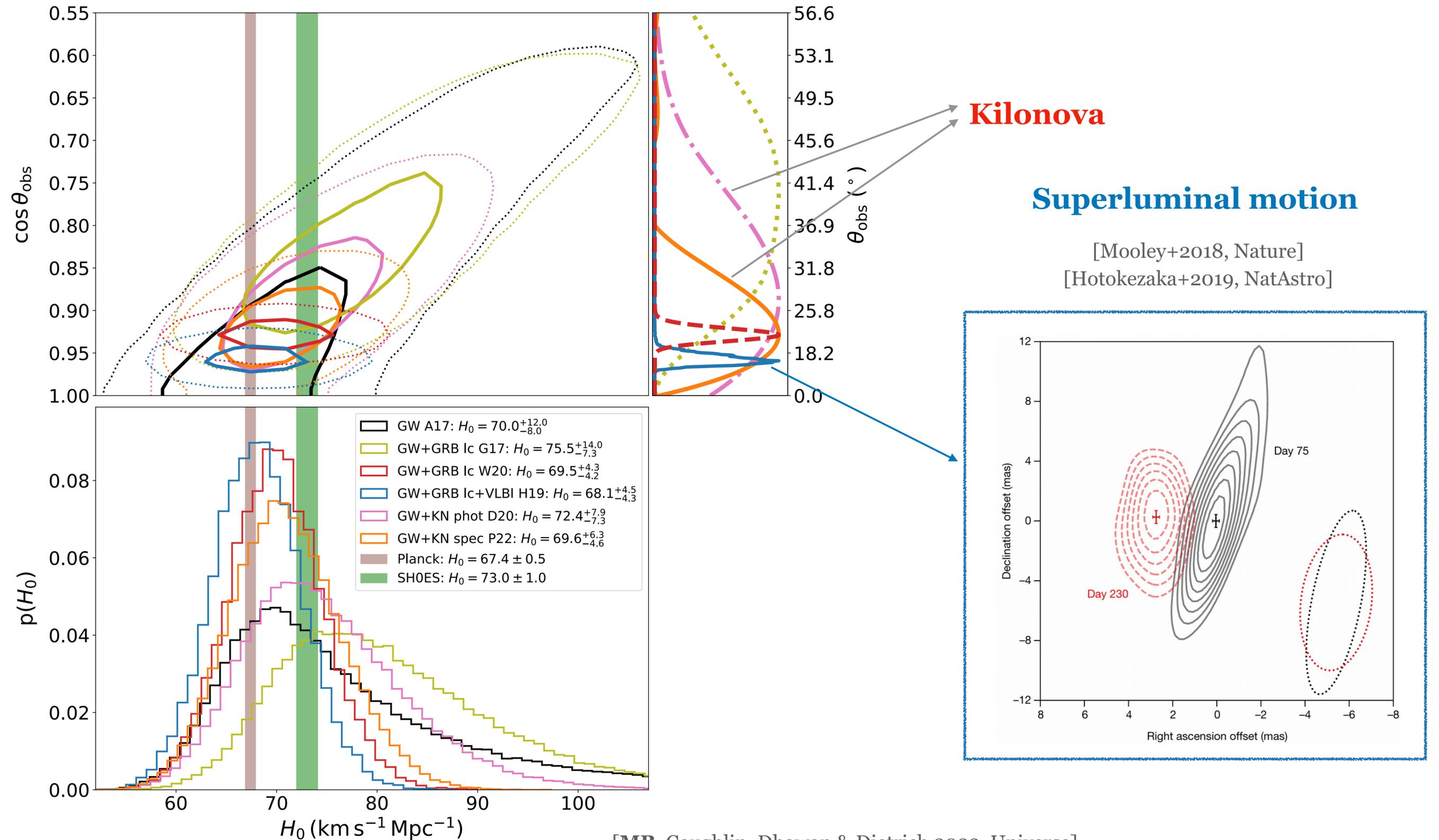
GW + kilonova

$$H_0 = 72.4^{+7.9}_{-7.3} \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$$



see also [Coughlin...MB...+2020, Nature Communications]

The Hubble constant H_0

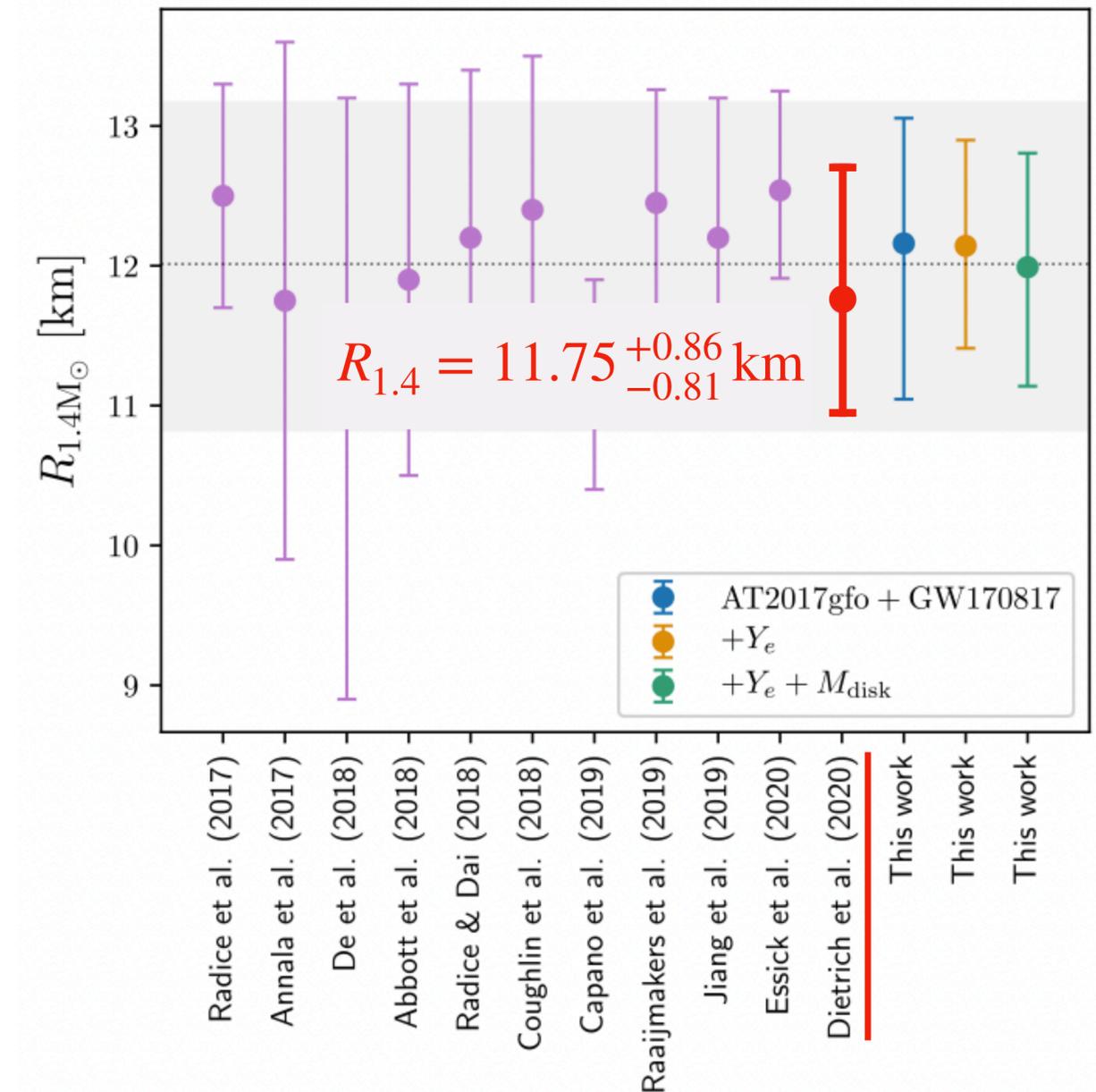
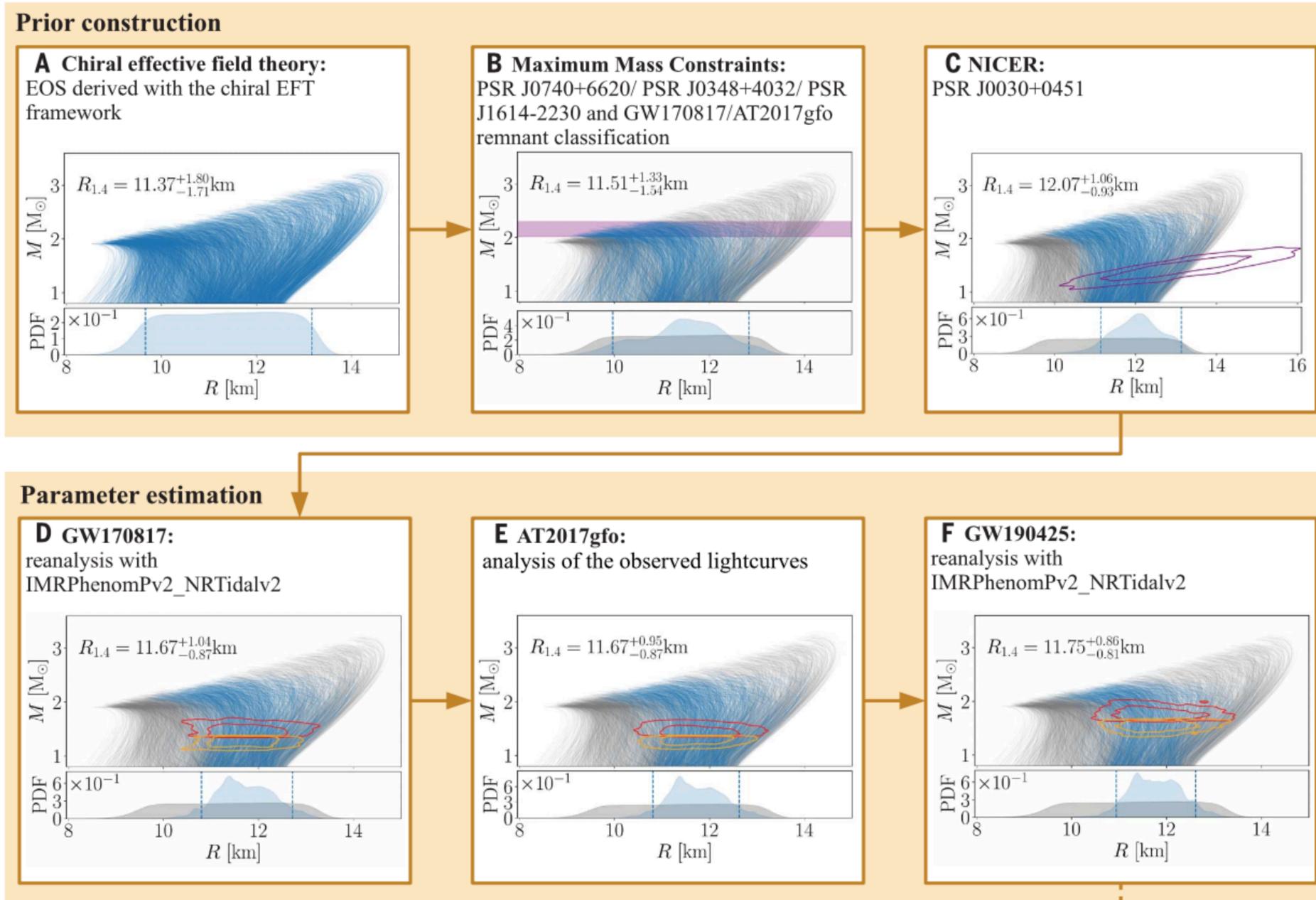


NMMA: A framework to rule them all



A nuclear-physics **multi-messenger** bayesian framework

[Dietrich, Coughlin, Pang, MB+2020, Science]



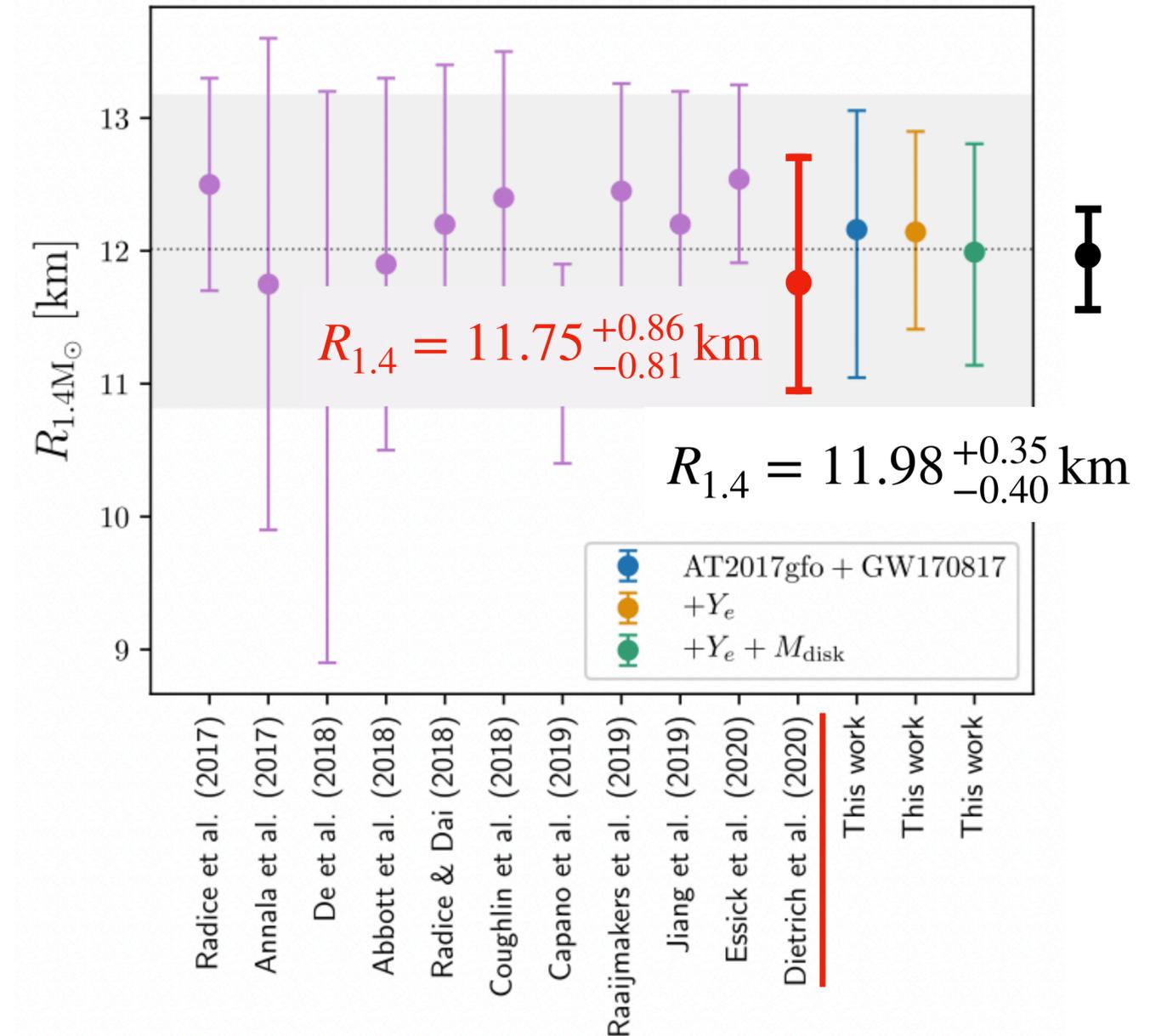
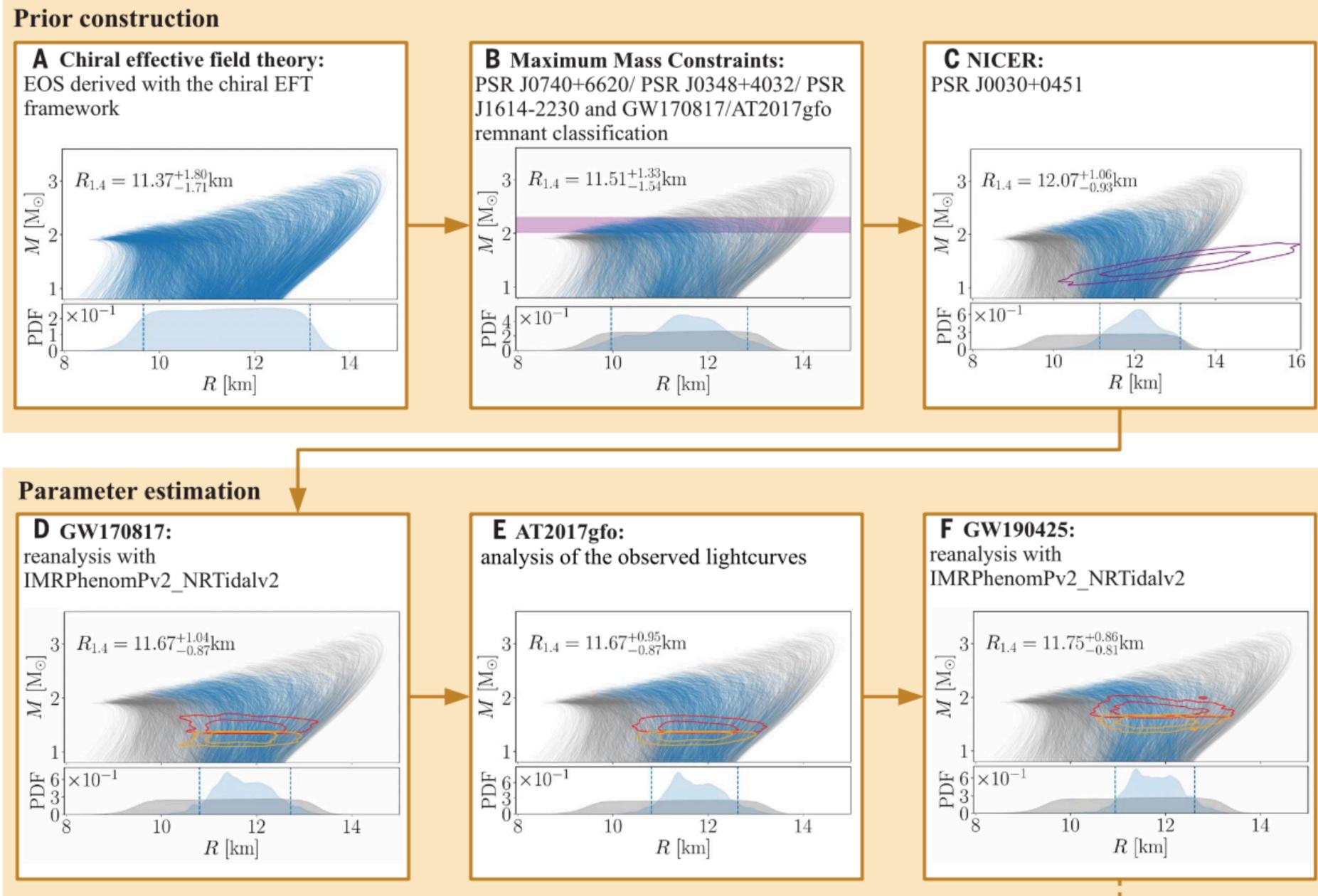
NMMA: A framework to rule them all



A nuclear-physics **multi-messenger** bayesian framework

[Dietrich, Coughlin, Pang, **MB**+2020, Science]

[Pang, Dietrich, Coughlin, **MB**+, arXiv:2205.08513]



[Breschi+2021,MNRAS]

NMMA: A framework to rule them all

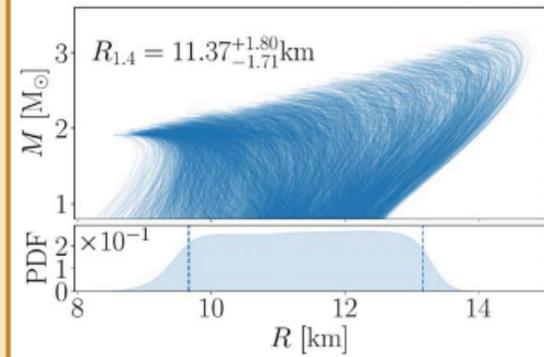


A nuclear-physics **multi-messenger** bayesian framework

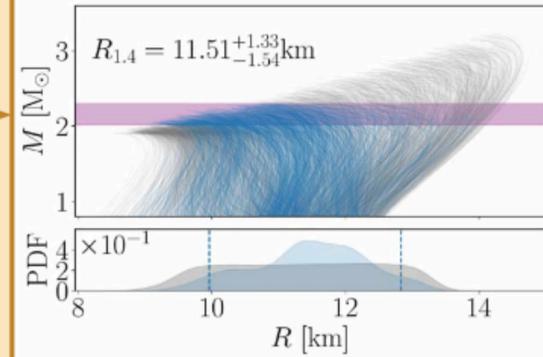
[Dietrich, Coughlin, Pang, **MB**+2020, Science]

Prior construction

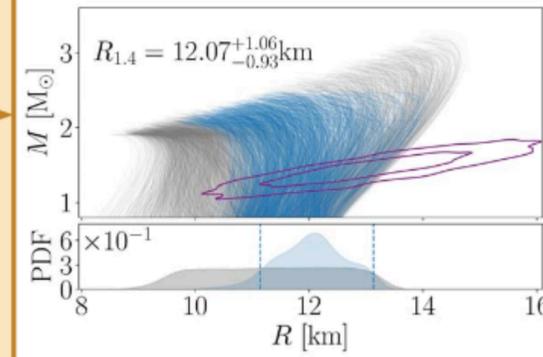
A Chiral effective field theory:
EOS derived with the chiral EFT framework



B Maximum Mass Constraints:
PSR J0740+6620/ PSR J0348+4032/ PSR J1614-2230 and GW170817/AT2017gfo remnant classification

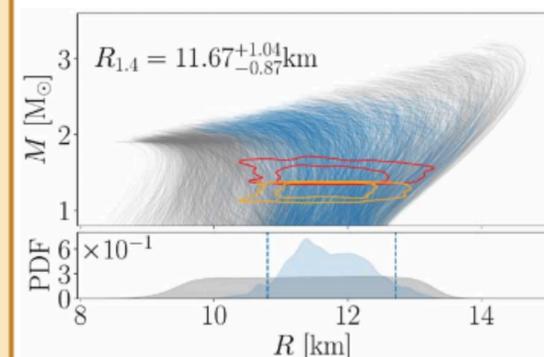


C NICER:
PSR J0030+0451

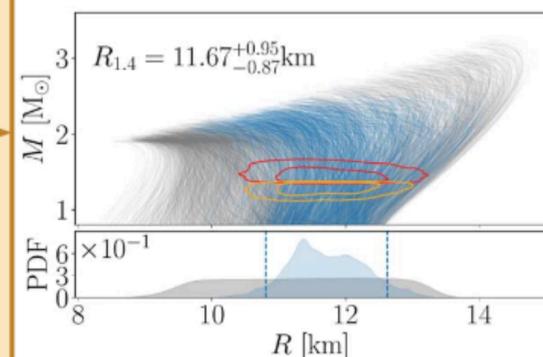


Parameter estimation

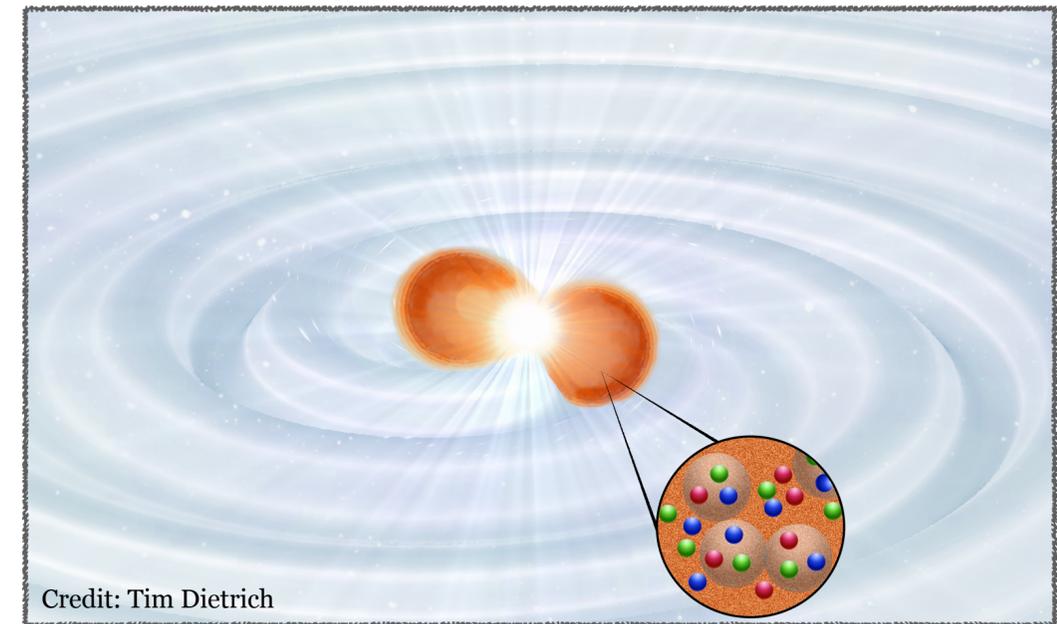
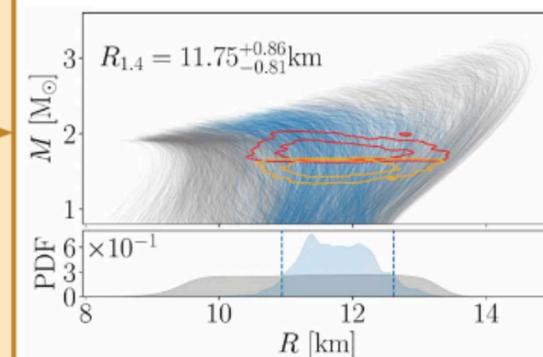
D GW170817:
reanalysis with IMRPhenomPv2_NRTidalv2



E AT2017gfo:
analysis of the observed lightcurves



F GW190425:
reanalysis with IMRPhenomPv2_NRTidalv2

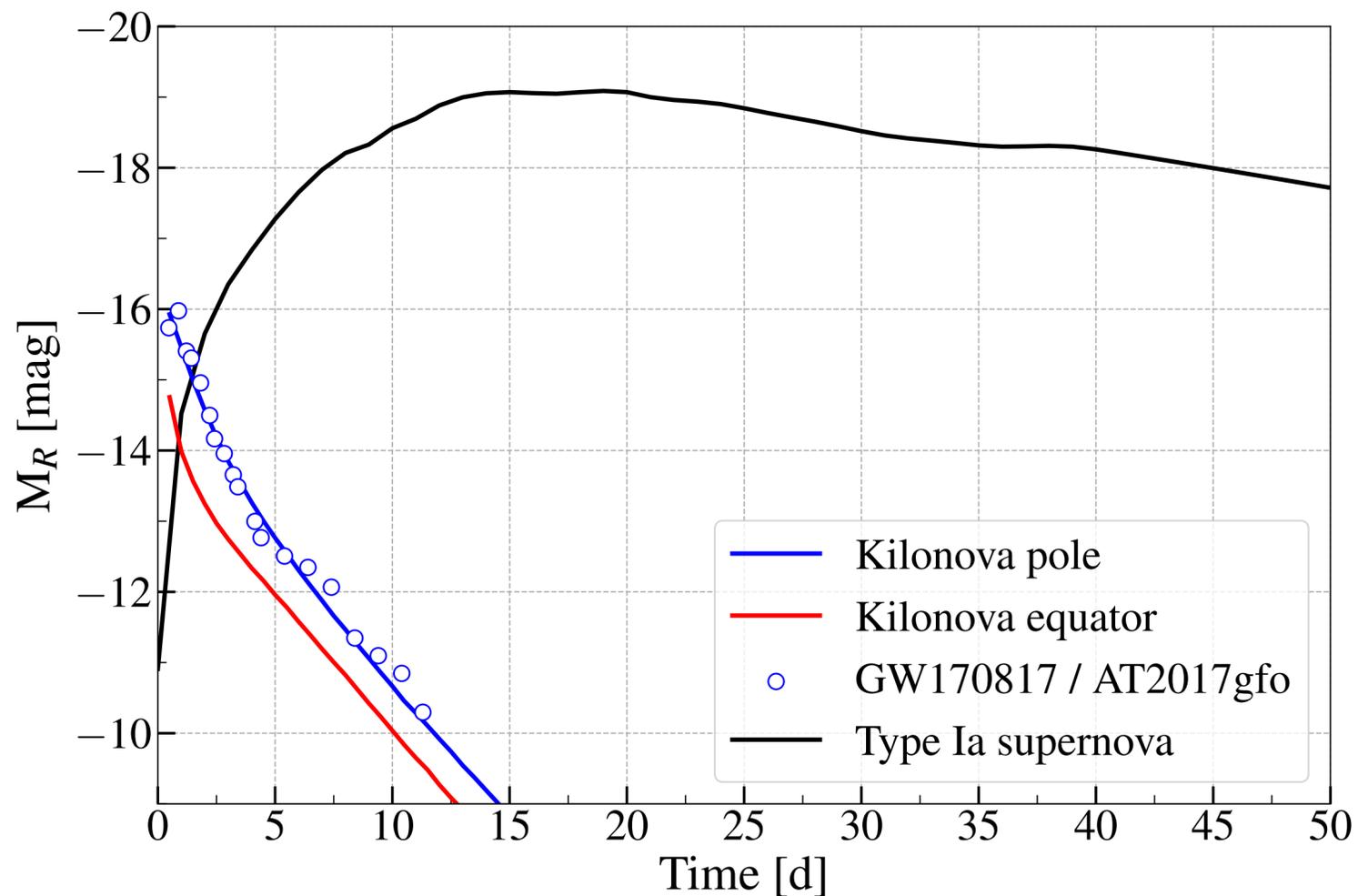


Credit: Tim Dietrich

- GW190814 as a BBH [Tews..**MB**..+2021, ApJL]
- Adding PSRJ0740+6620 [Pang, Tews, Coughlin, **MB**+2021, ApJ]
- Kilonova searches [Andreoni..**MB**...+,2021,ApJ]
- MM observations + HIC [Huth..**MB**...+, Nature, in press]
- GRB211211A, in prep.

See Achim's talk on Tuesday

Hunting for kilonovae in O3



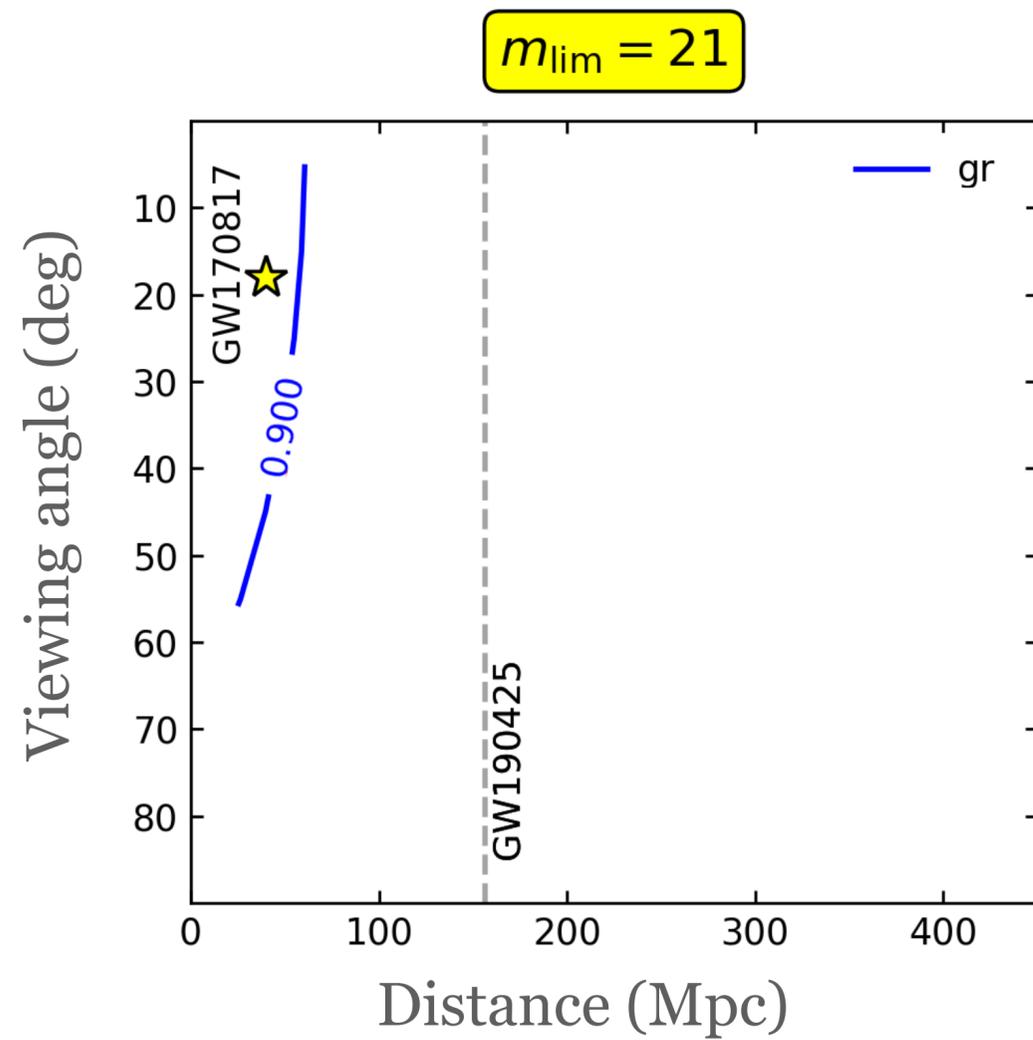
Name	Localization	Distance	Class
GW190425	7461 deg ²	156 ± 41 Mpc	BNS
S190426c	1131 deg ²	377 ± 100 Mpc	NSBH
GW190814	23 deg ²	267 ± 52 Mpc	NSBH
S190901ap	14,753 deg ²	241 ± 79 Mpc	BNS
S190910d	2482 deg ²	632 ± 186 Mpc	NSBH
S190910h	24,264 deg ²	230 ± 88 Mpc	BNS
S190923y	2107 deg ²	438 ± 133 Mpc	NSBH
S190930t	24,220 deg ²	108 ± 38 Mpc	NSBH
S191205ah	6378 deg ²	385 ± 164 Mpc	NSBH
S191213g	4480 deg ²	201 ± 81 Mpc	BNS
S200105ae	7373 deg ²	283 ± 74 Mpc	NSBH
S200115j	765 deg ²	340 ± 79 Mpc	NSBH
S200213t	2326 deg ²	201 ± 80 Mpc	BNS

GW170817 **30 deg²** **40 Mpc** **BNS**

Detectability of kilonovae



[Sagues-Carracedo, **MB**, Feindt & Goobar 2021, MNRAS]



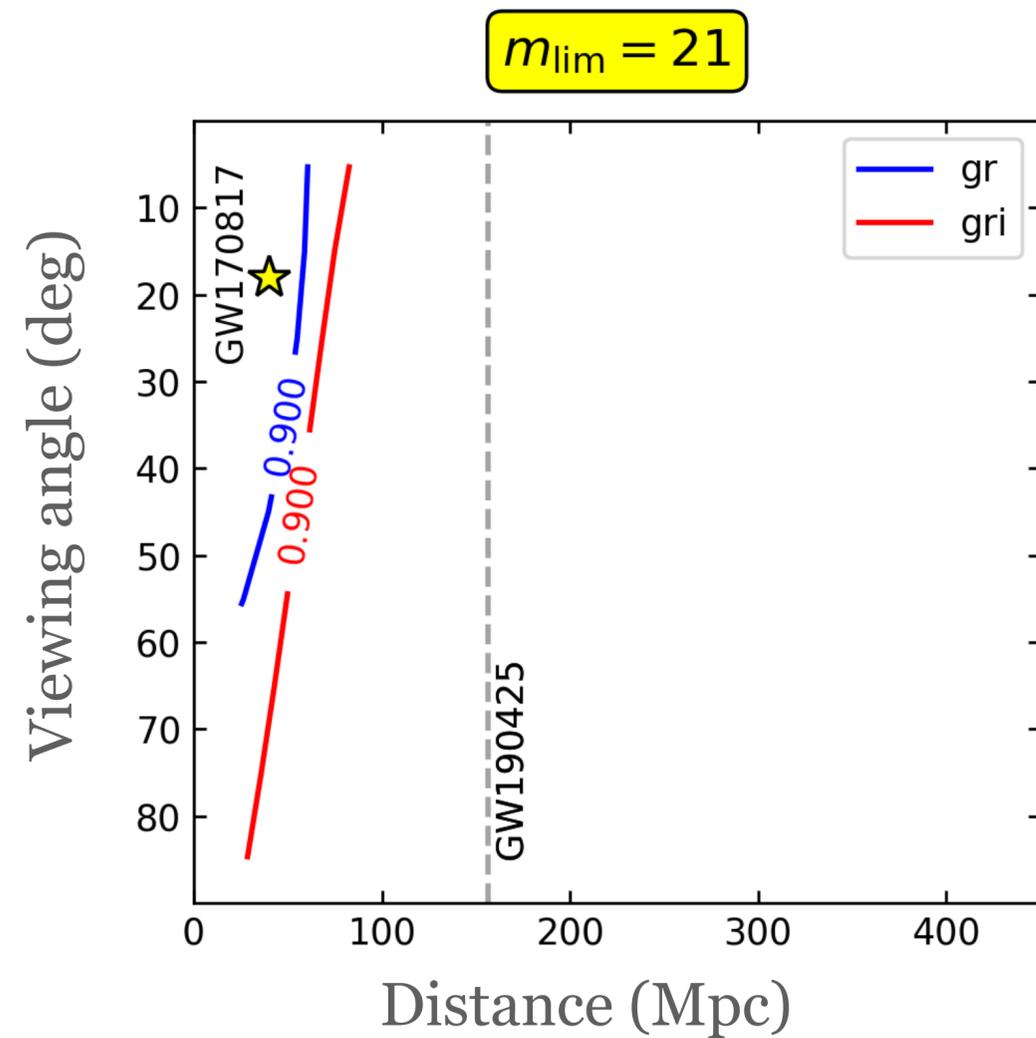
see also [Coughlin, Dietrich, Antier, **MB**+2020a, MNRAS / Coughlin..**MB**..+2020b, MNRAS / Almualla..**MB**..+2021, MNRAS]

Detectability of kilonovae



Go red!

[Sagues-Carracedo, **MB**, Feindt & Goobar 2021, MNRAS]



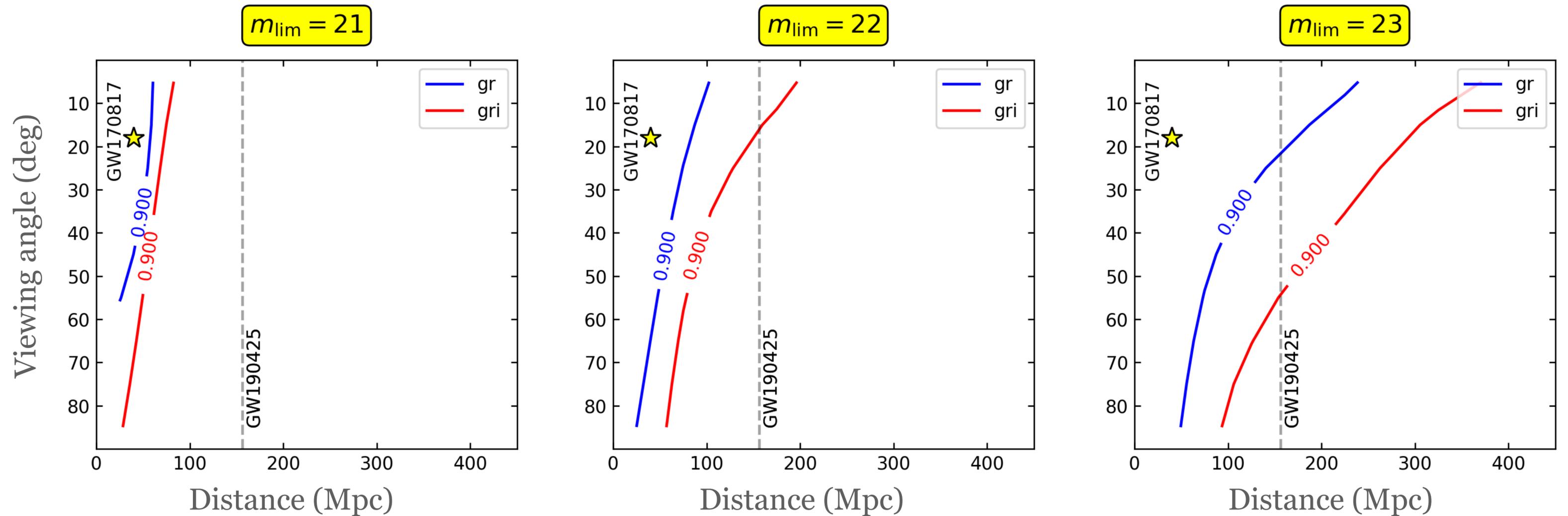
see also [Coughlin, Dietrich, Antier, **MB**+2020a, MNRAS / Coughlin..**MB**..+2020b, MNRAS / Almualla..**MB**..+2021, MNRAS]

Detectability of kilonovae



Go red! Go deep!

[Sagues-Carracedo, **MB**, Feindt & Goobar 2021, MNRAS]



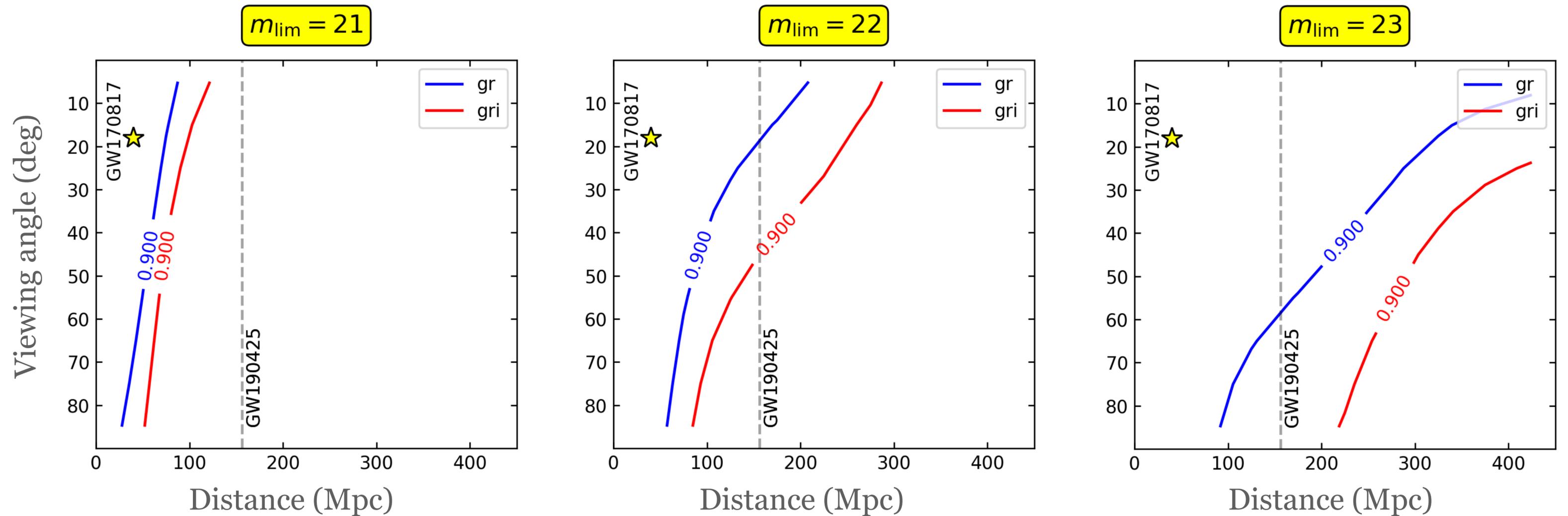
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Detectability of kilonovae



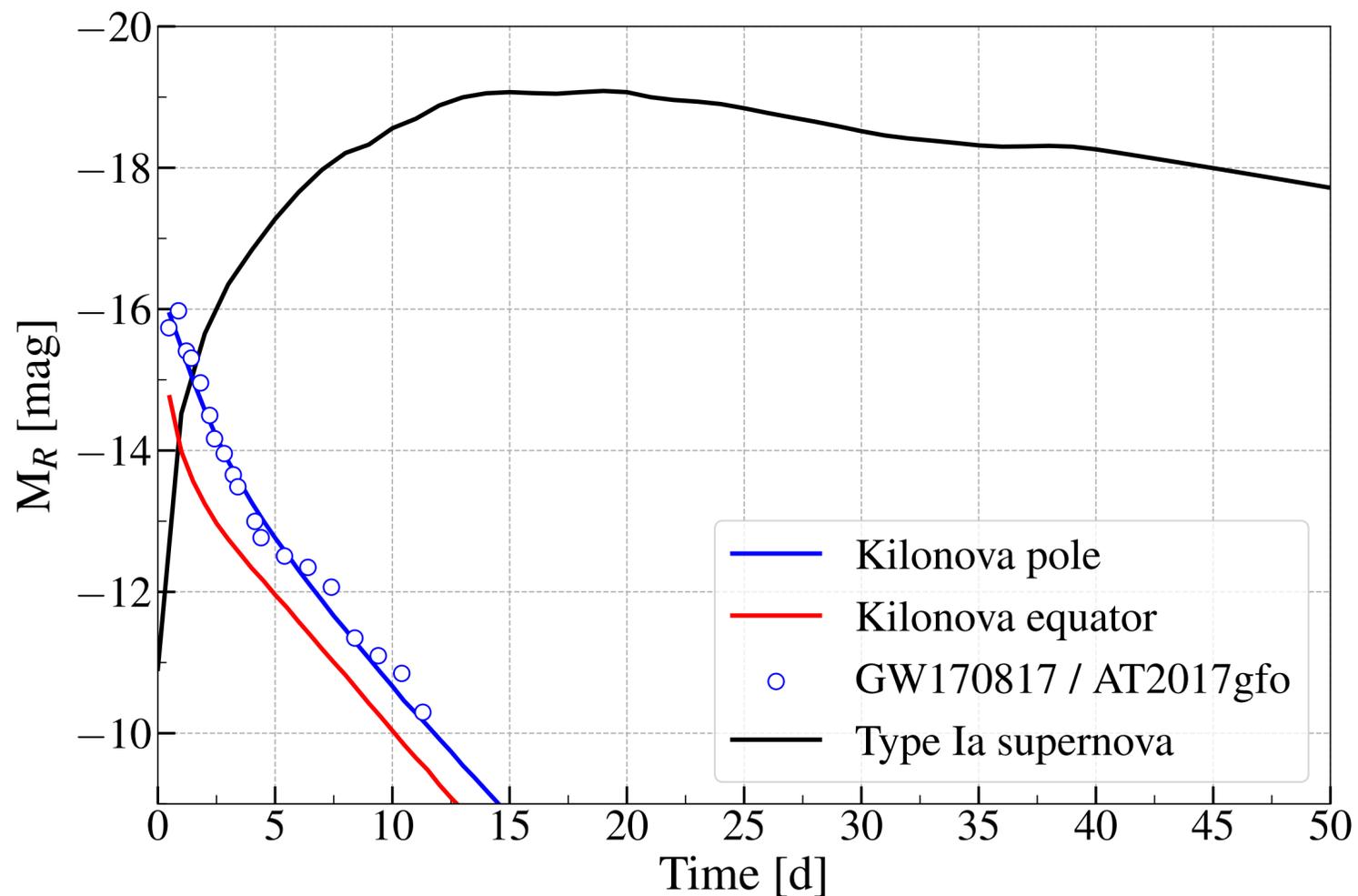
Go red! Go deep! Be quick!

[Sagues-Carracedo, **MB**, Feindt & Goobar 2021, MNRAS]



see also [Coughlin, Dietrich, Antier, **MB**+2020a, MNRAS / Coughlin..**MB**..+2020b, MNRAS / Almualla..**MB**..+2021, MNRAS]

Hunting for kilonovae in O3



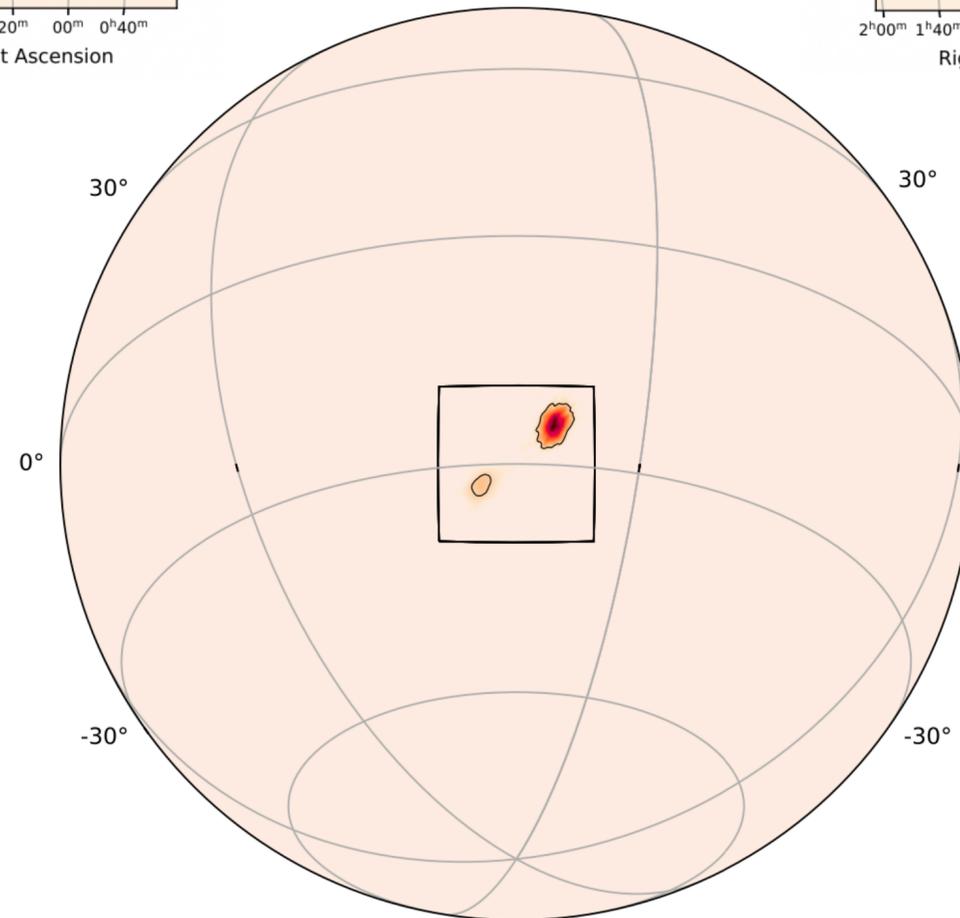
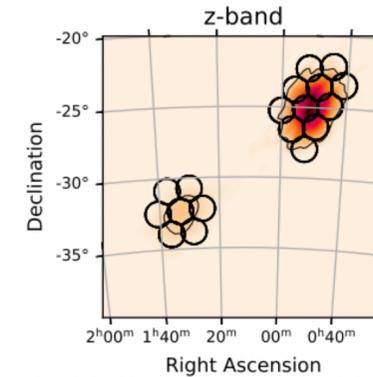
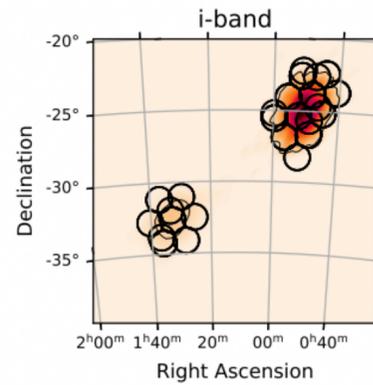
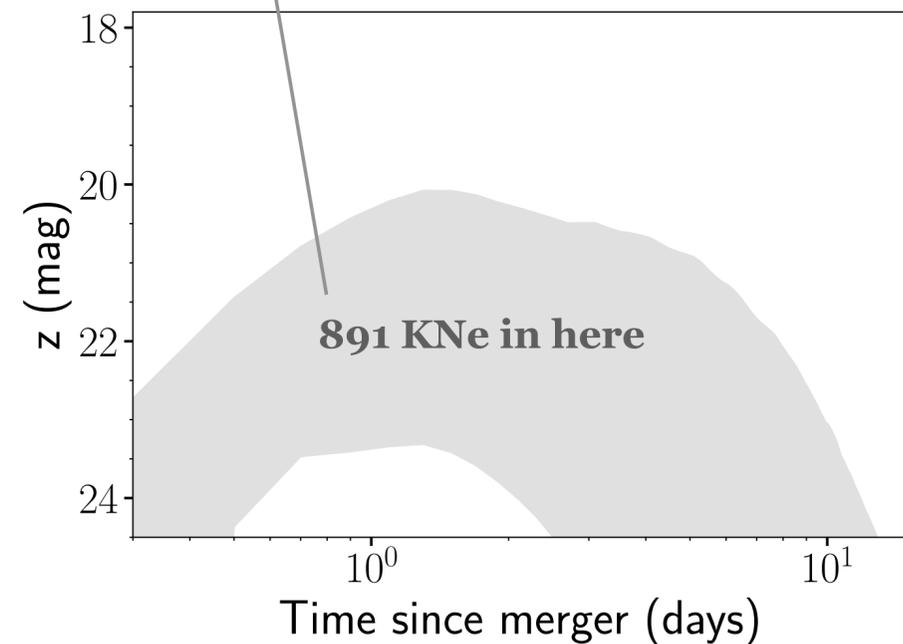
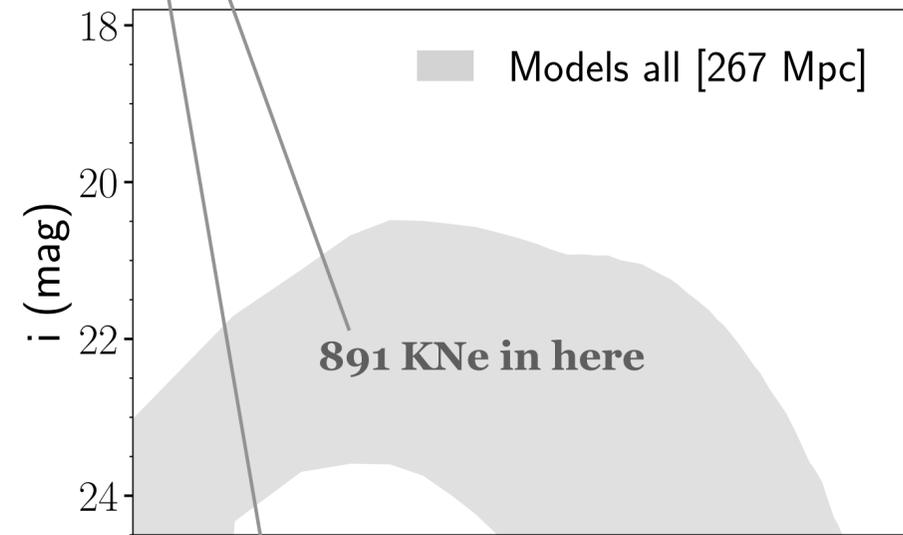
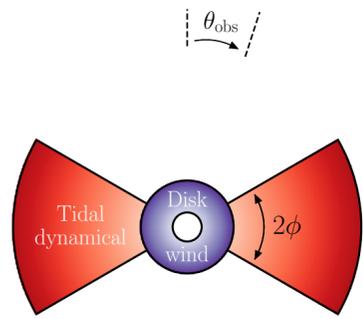
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GW170817 **30 deg²** **40 Mpc** **BNS**

Hunting for kilonovae in O3

Constraining the parameter space of models from non-detections

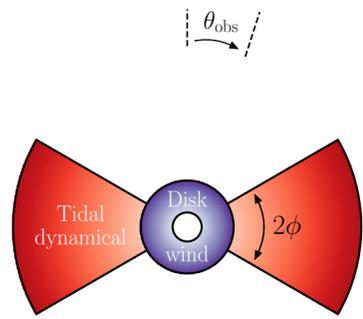
[Anand, Coughlin, Kasliwal, MB +2020, Nature Astronomy] [Andreoni..MB..+2020a, ApJ]



S190814bv
(now GW190814)

23 deg²
267 Mpc

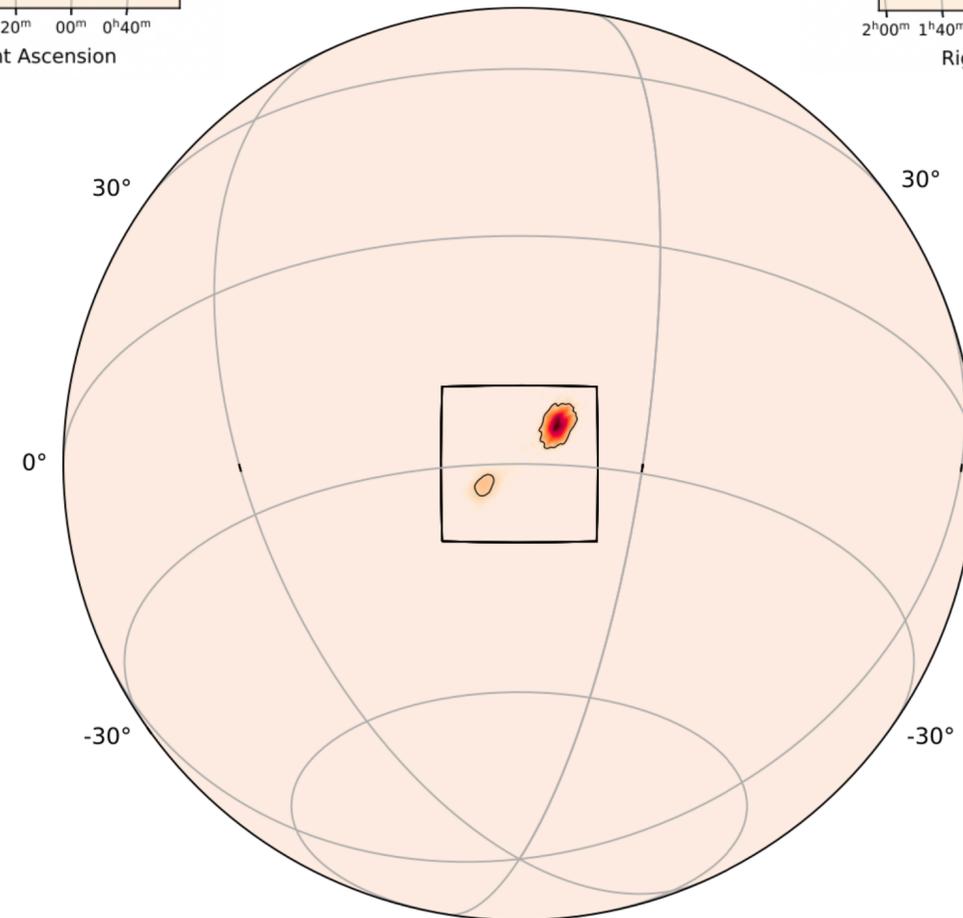
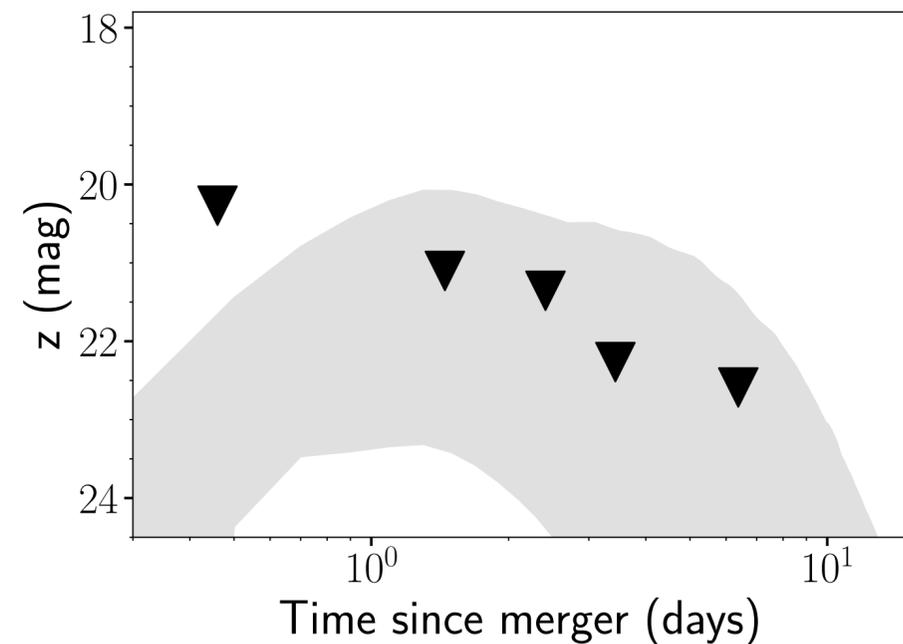
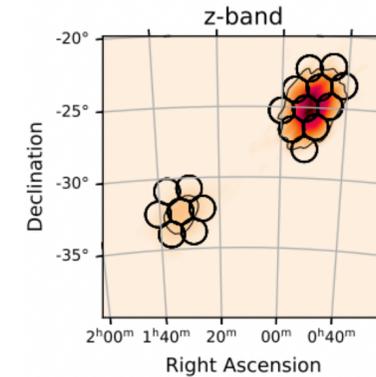
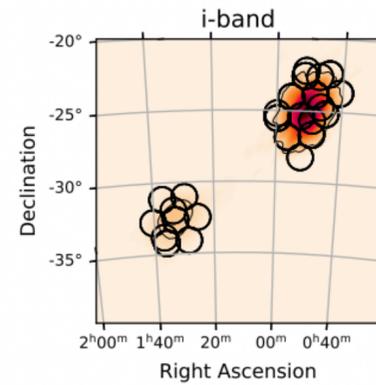
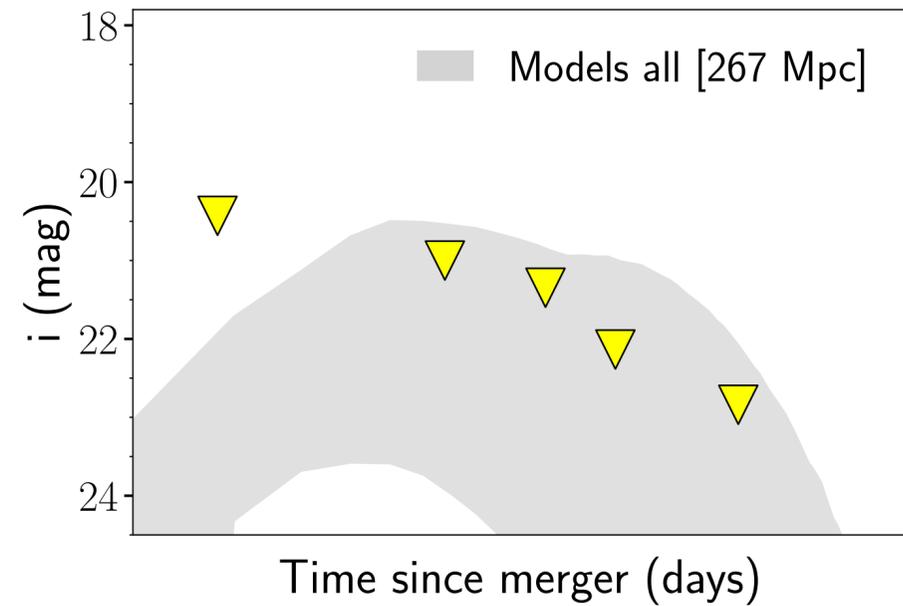
Possible NS-BH



Hunting for kilonovae in O3

Constraining the parameter space of models from non-detections

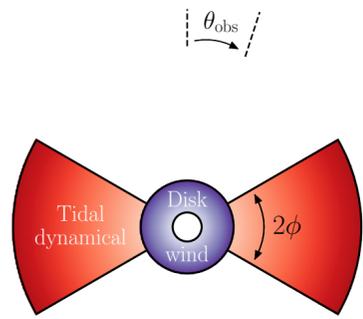
[Anand, Coughlin, Kasliwal, **MB** +2020, Nature Astronomy] [Andreoni..**MB**..+2020a, ApJ]



S190814bv
(now **GW190814**)

23 deg²
267 Mpc

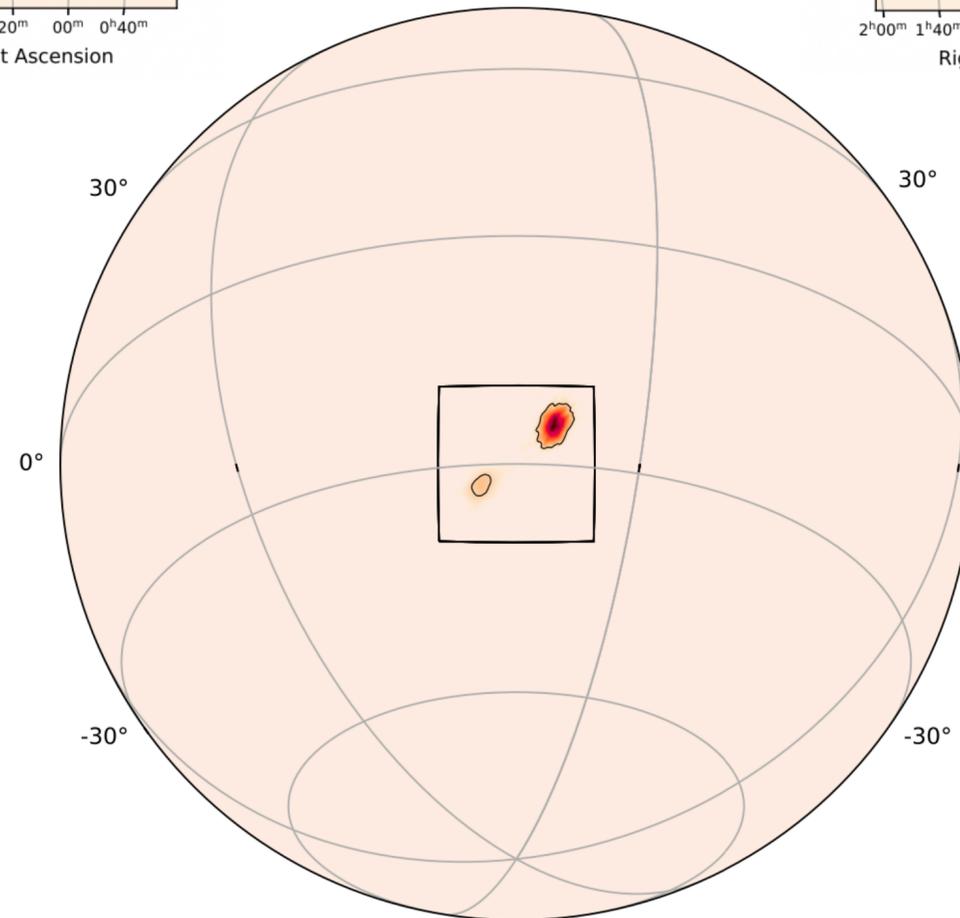
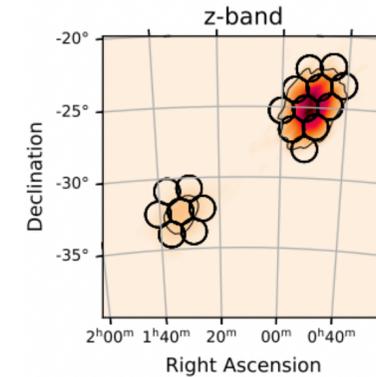
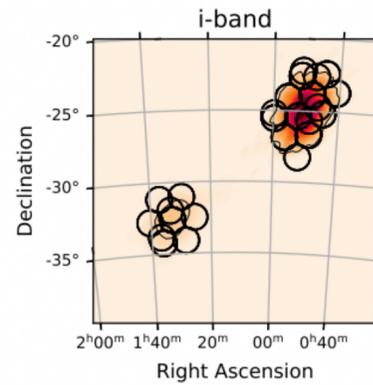
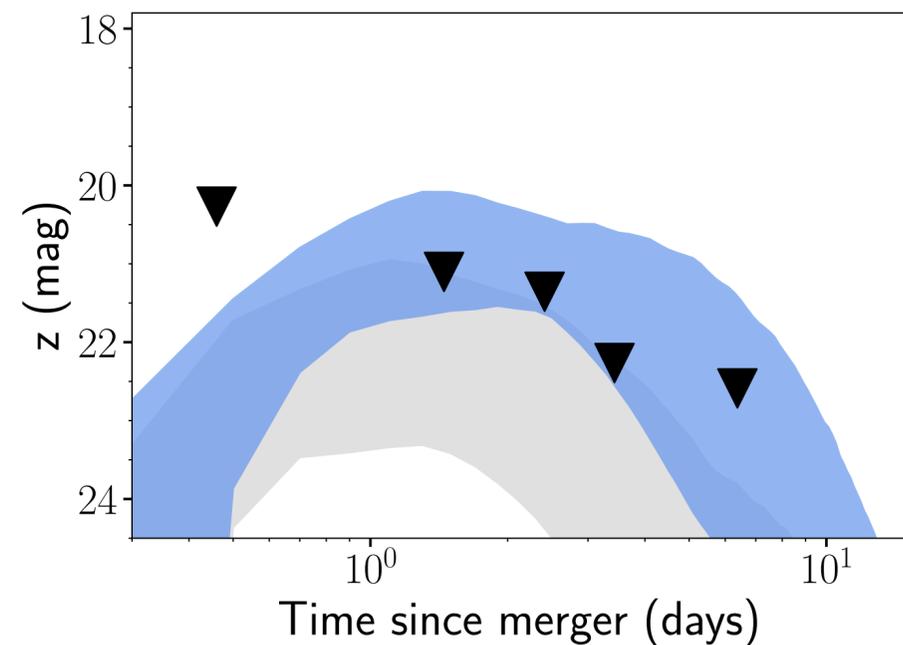
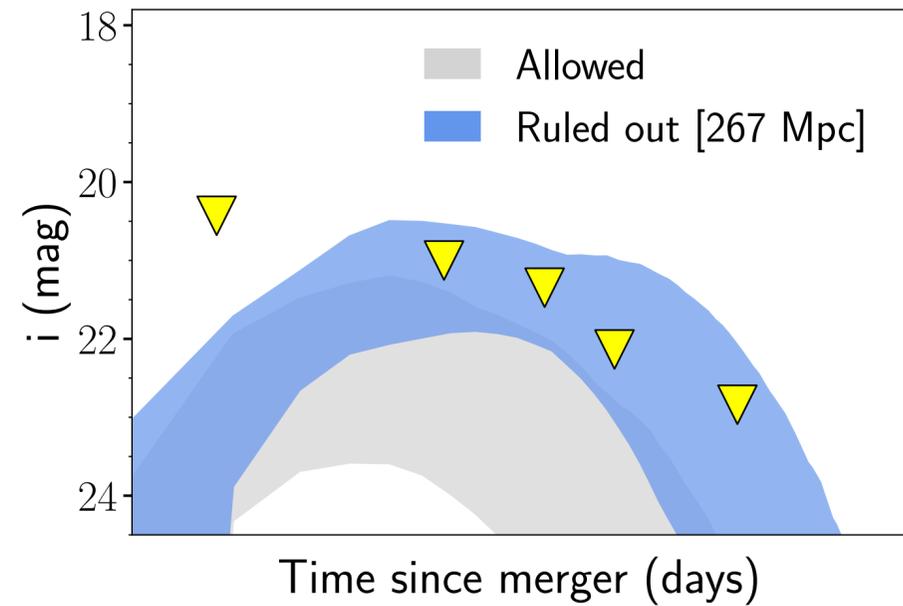
Possible NS-BH



Hunting for kilonovae in O3

Constraining the parameter space of models from non-detections

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S190814bv
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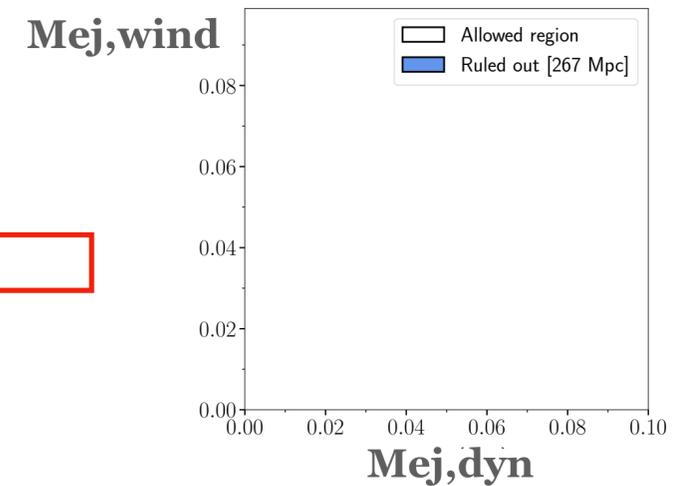
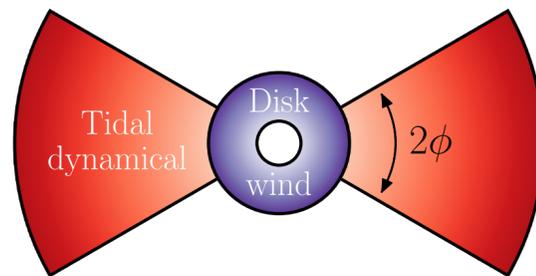
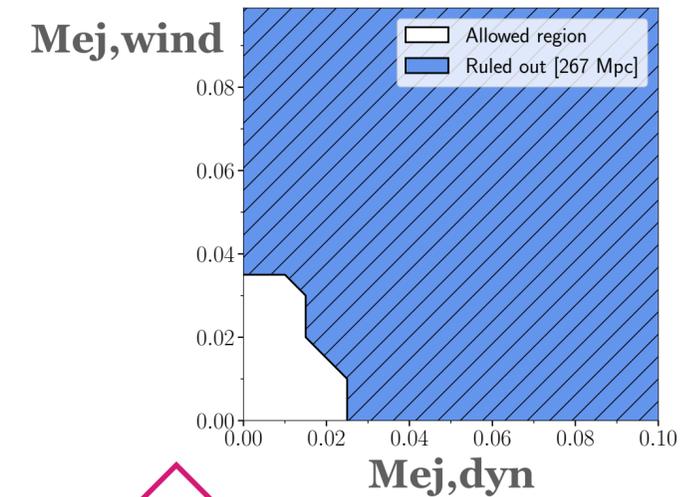
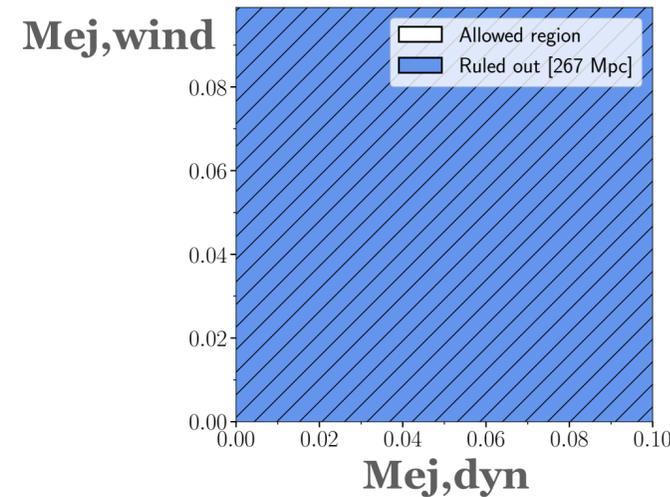
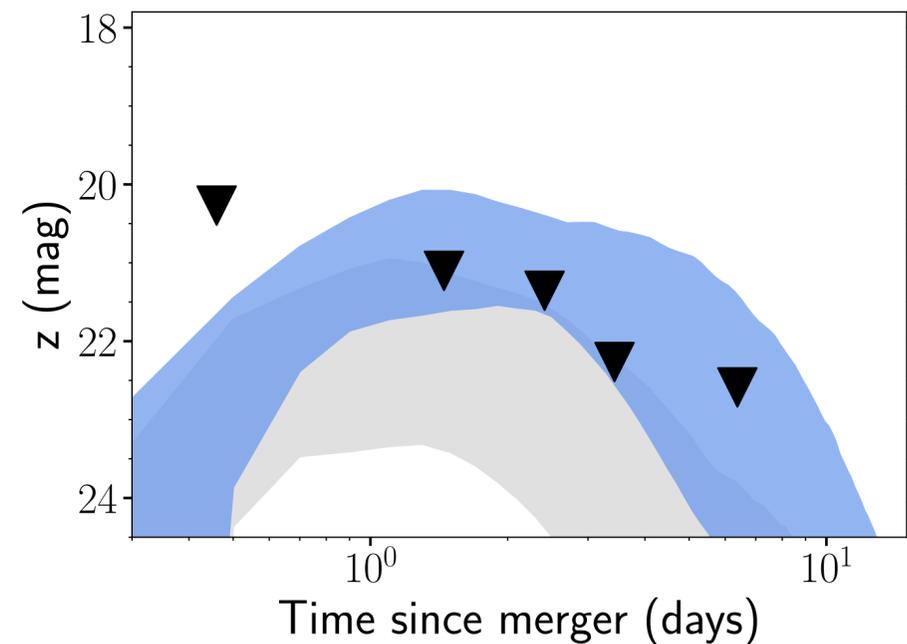
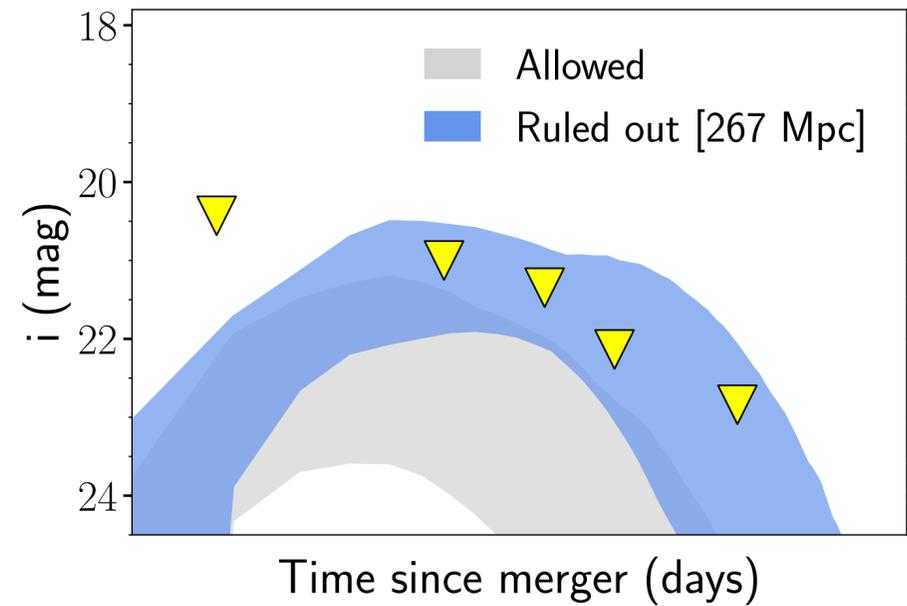
23 deg²
267 Mpc

Possible NS-BH

Hunting for kilonovae in O3

Constraining the parameter space of models from non-detections

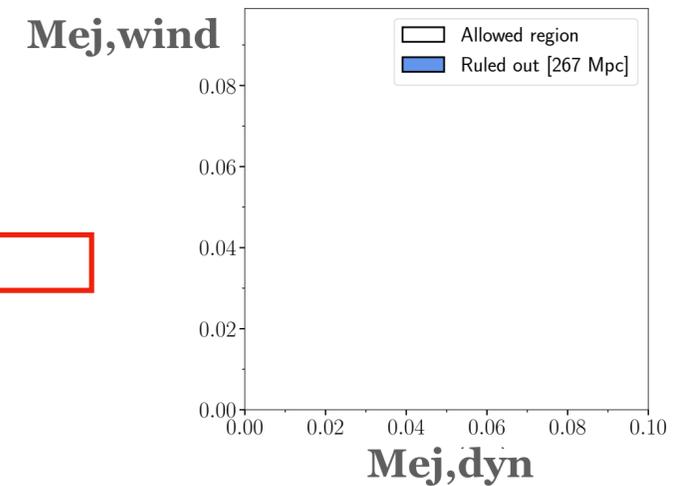
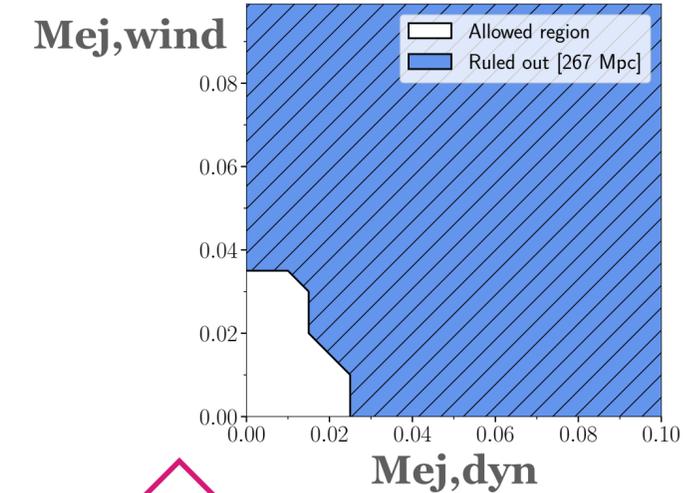
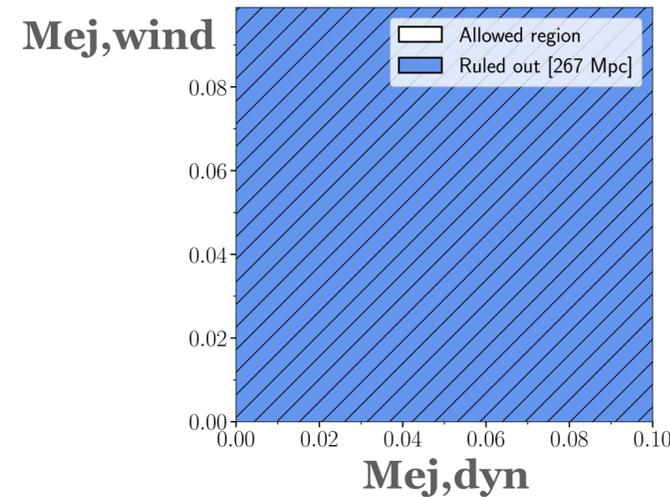
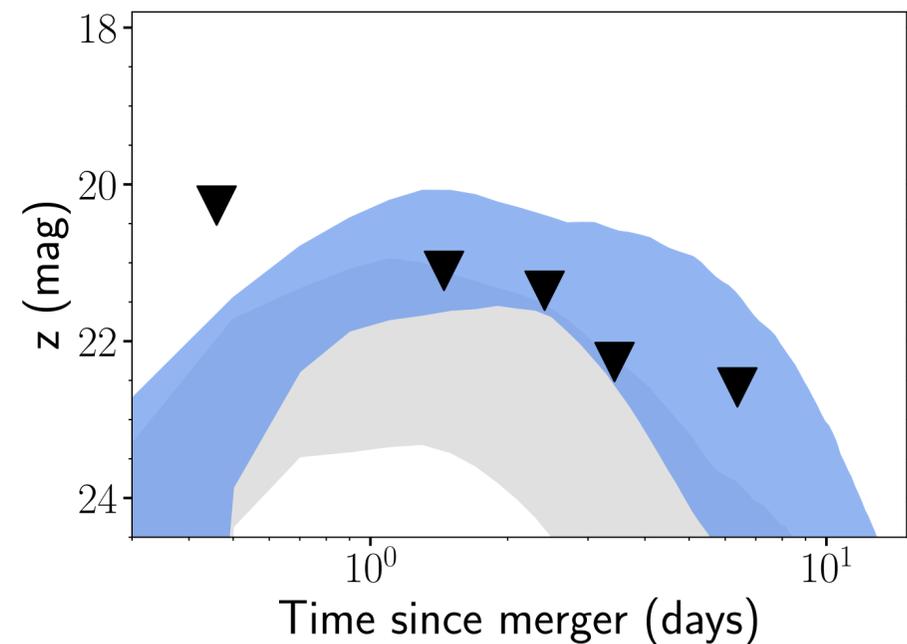
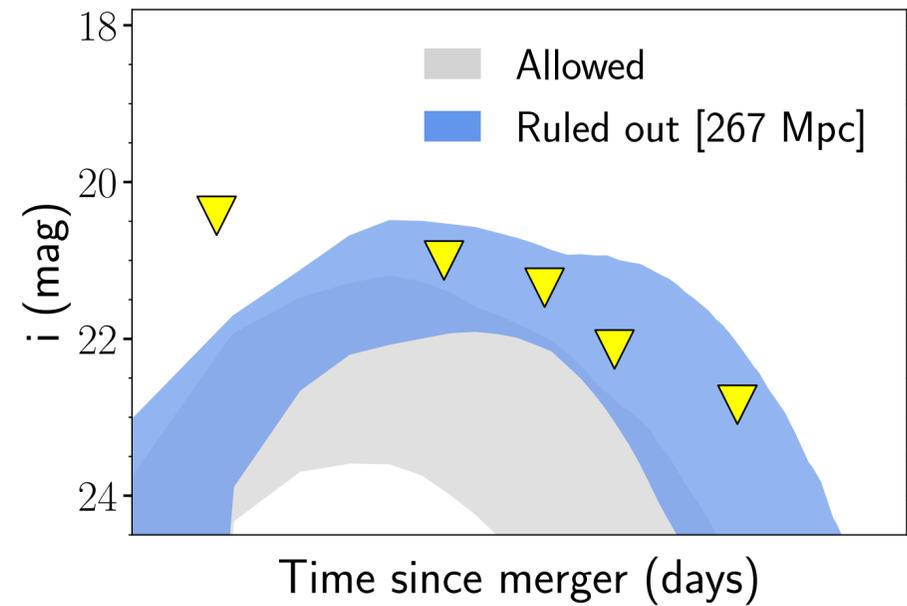
[Anand, Coughlin, Kasliwal, MB +2020, Nature Astronomy] [Andreoni..MB..+2020a, ApJ]



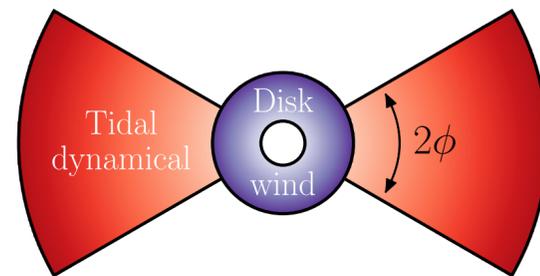
Hunting for kilonovae in O3

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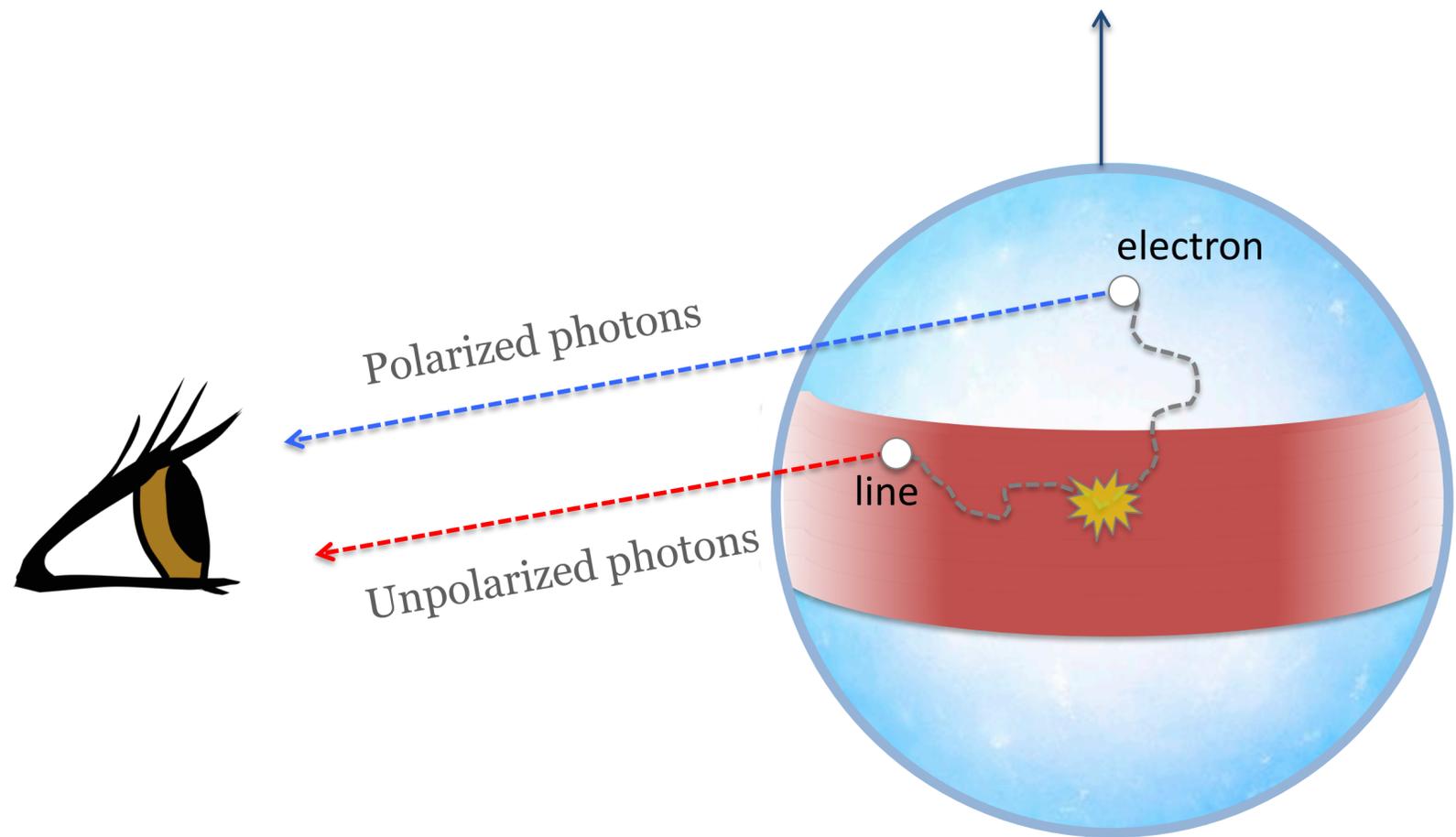


Rule out systems with **low mass ratio**, **high BH spin** or **large NS radii**

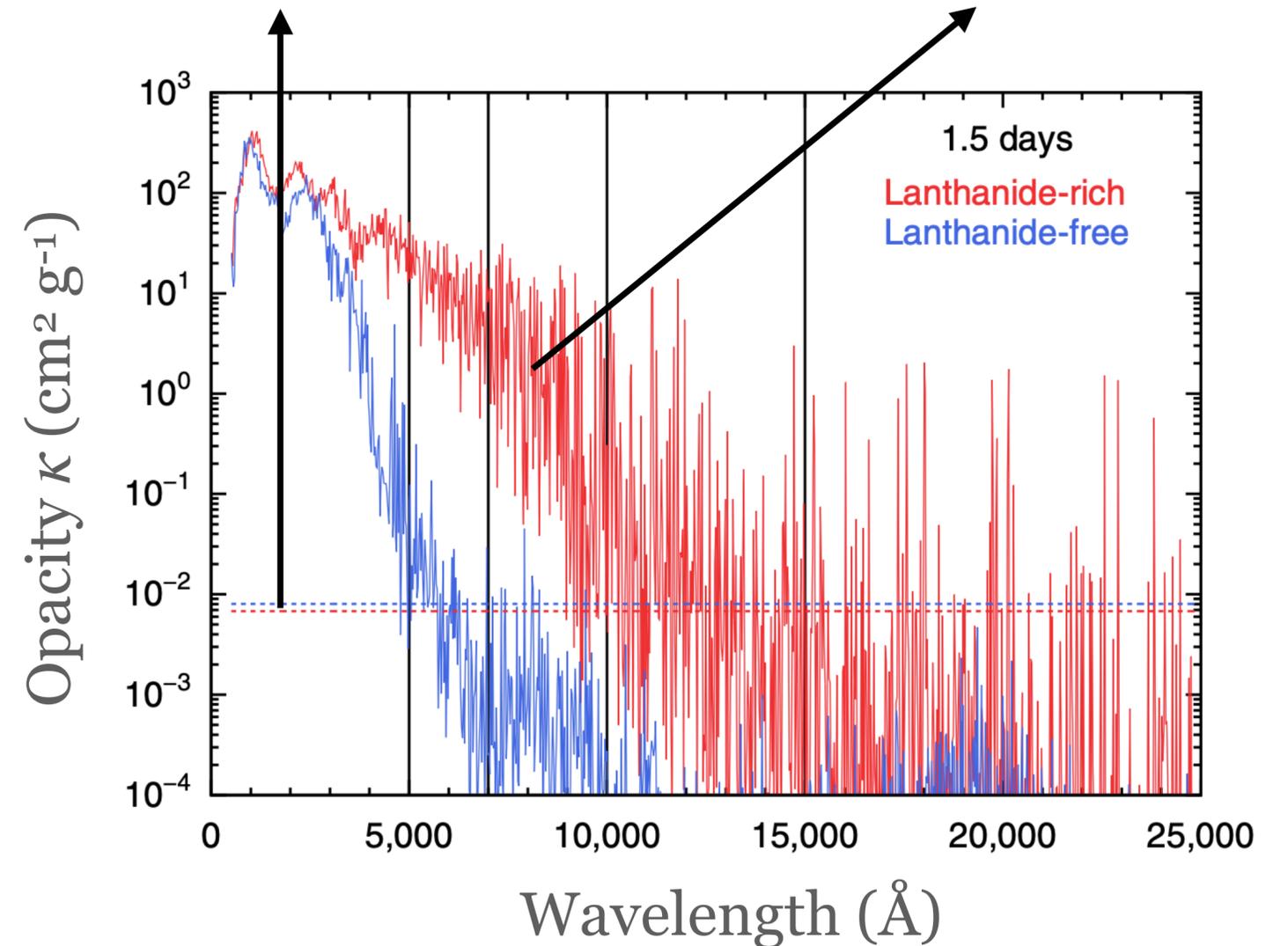


Polarization signal

Constraining the viewing angle and the presence of a lanthanide-free component

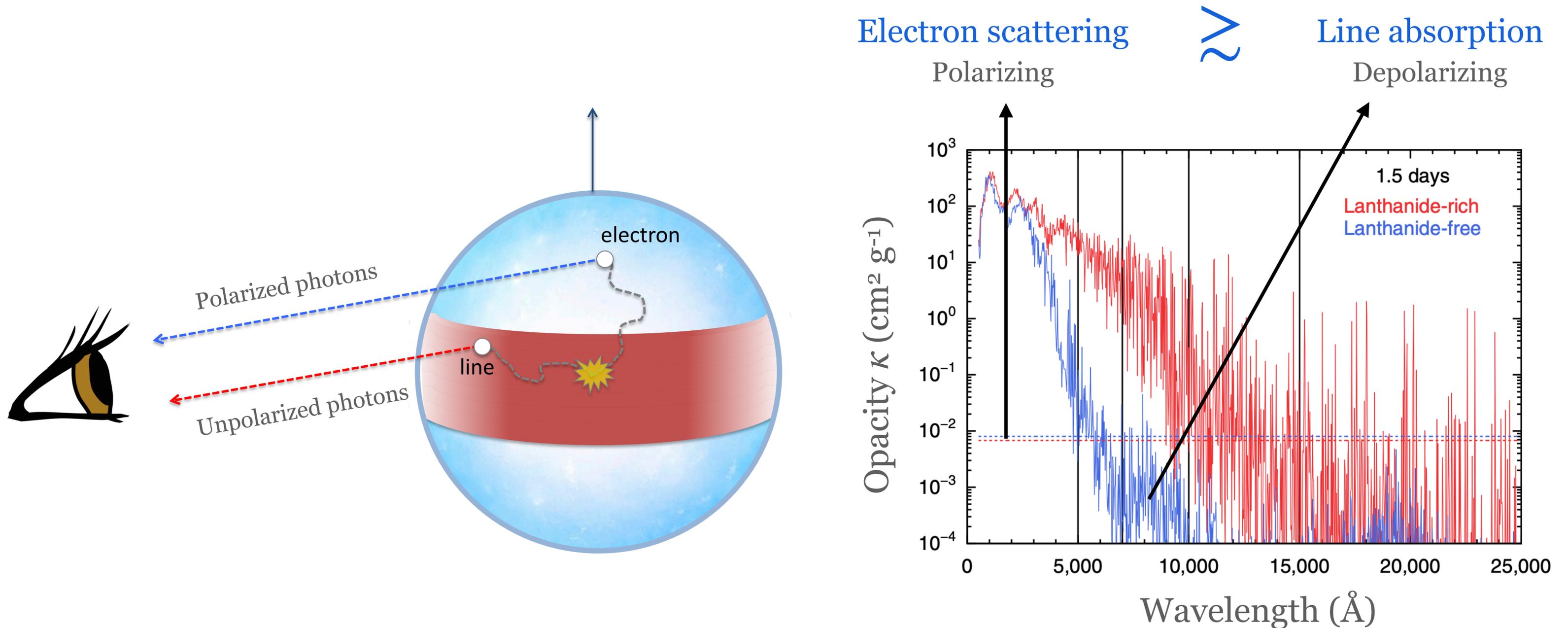


Electron scattering << Line absorption
Polarizing Depolarizing



Polarization signal

Constraining the viewing angle and the presence of a lanthanide-free component

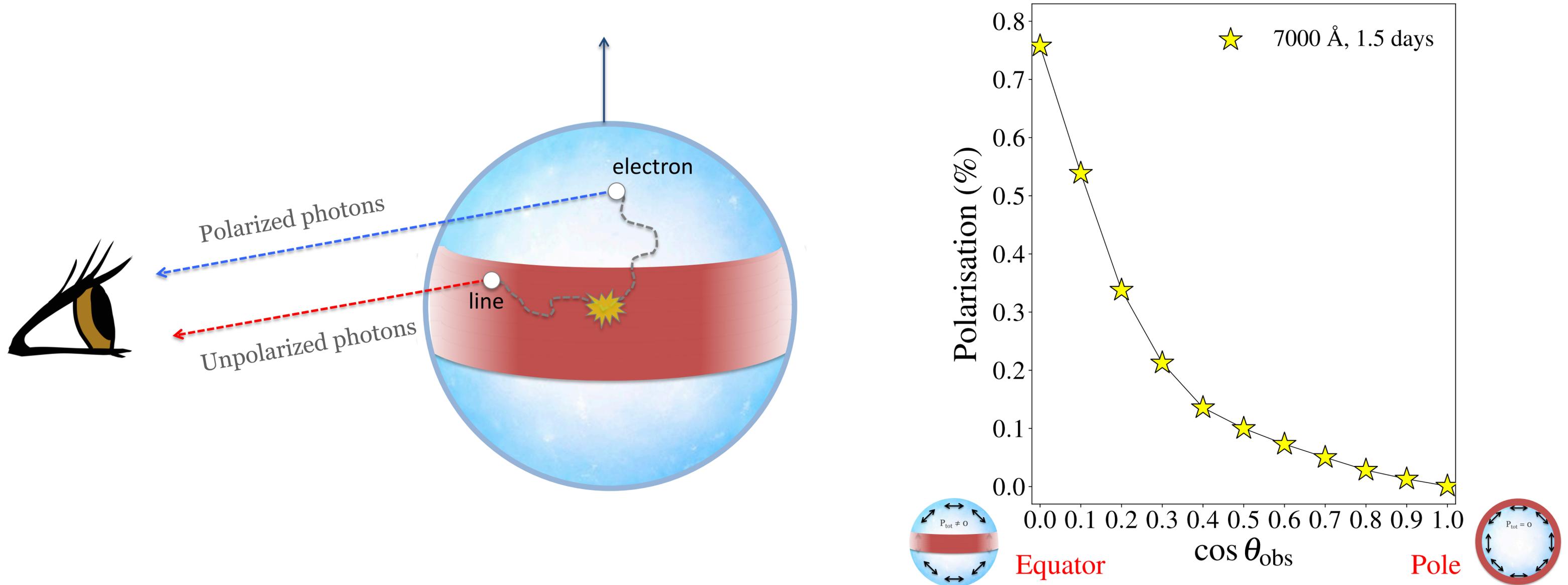


Polarization signal

Constraining the viewing angle and the presence of a lanthanide-free component

NS+NS

[MB+2019, Nature Astronomy]

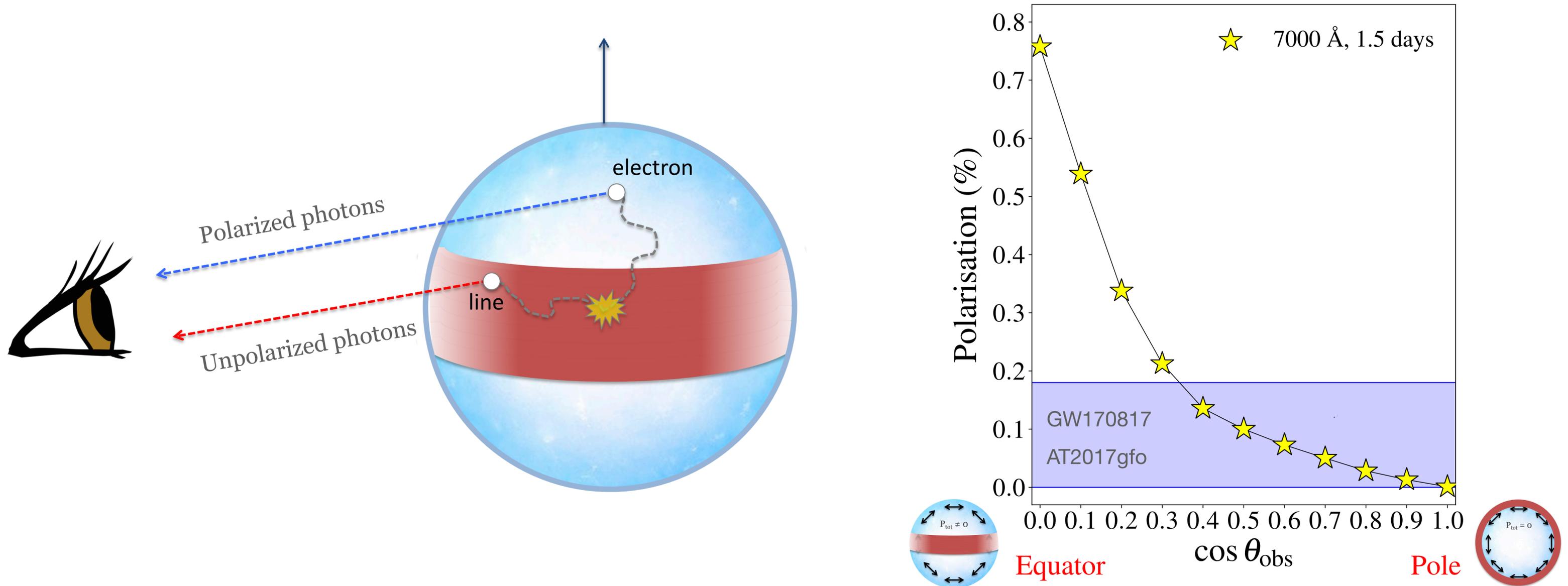


Polarization signal

Constraining the viewing angle and the presence of a lanthanide-free component

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[MB+2019, Nature Astronomy]

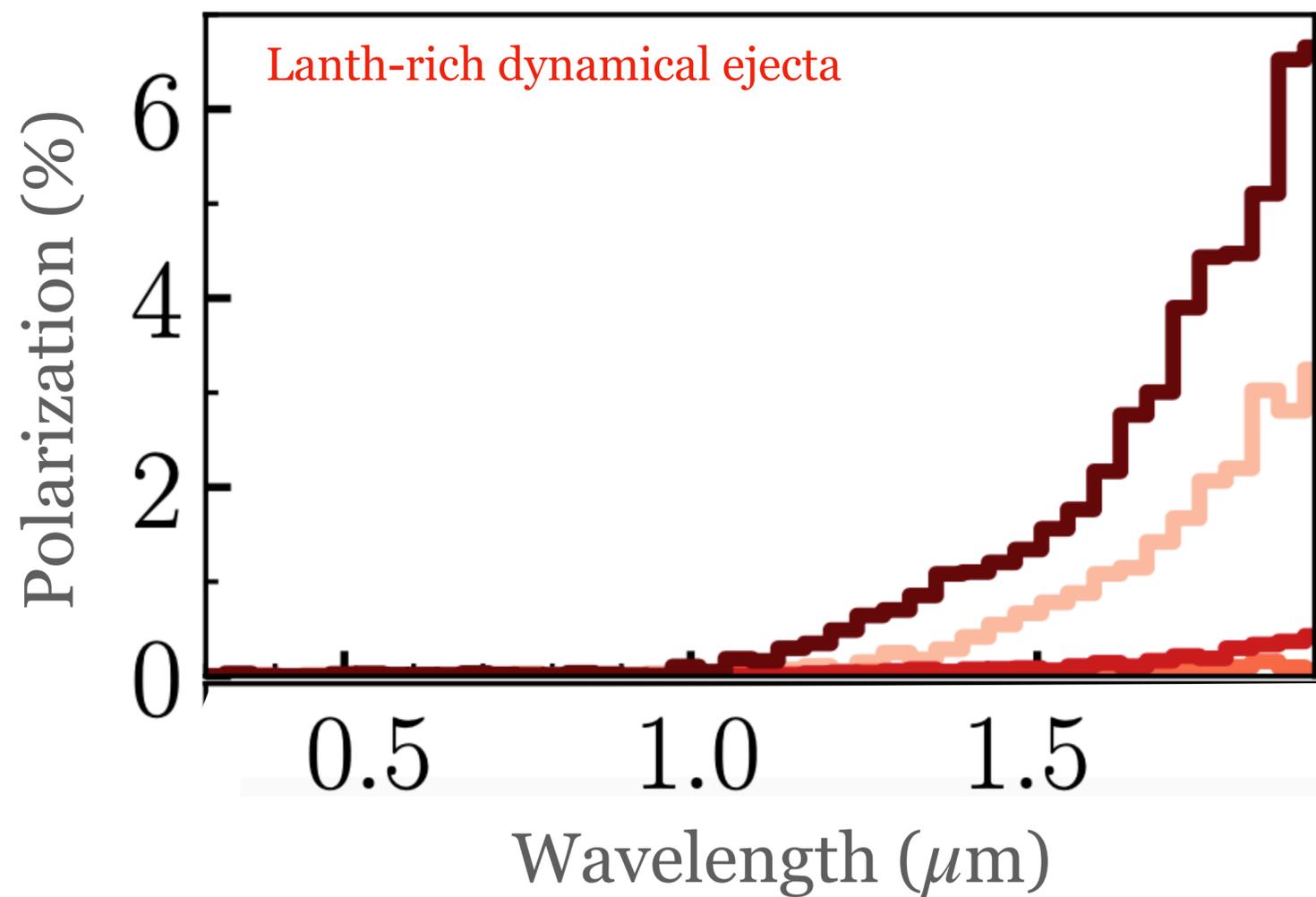
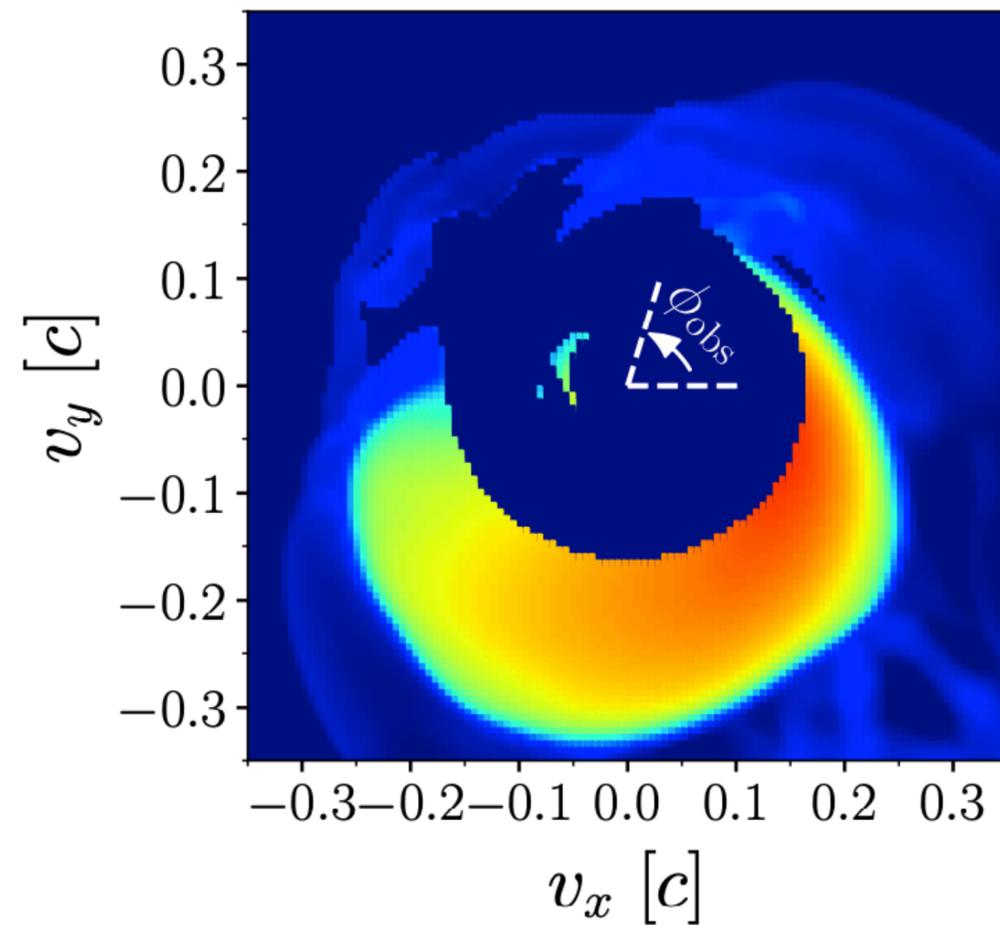


Polarization signal

Constraining the presence of a lanthanide-free component

BH+NS

[MB+2021, MNRAS]

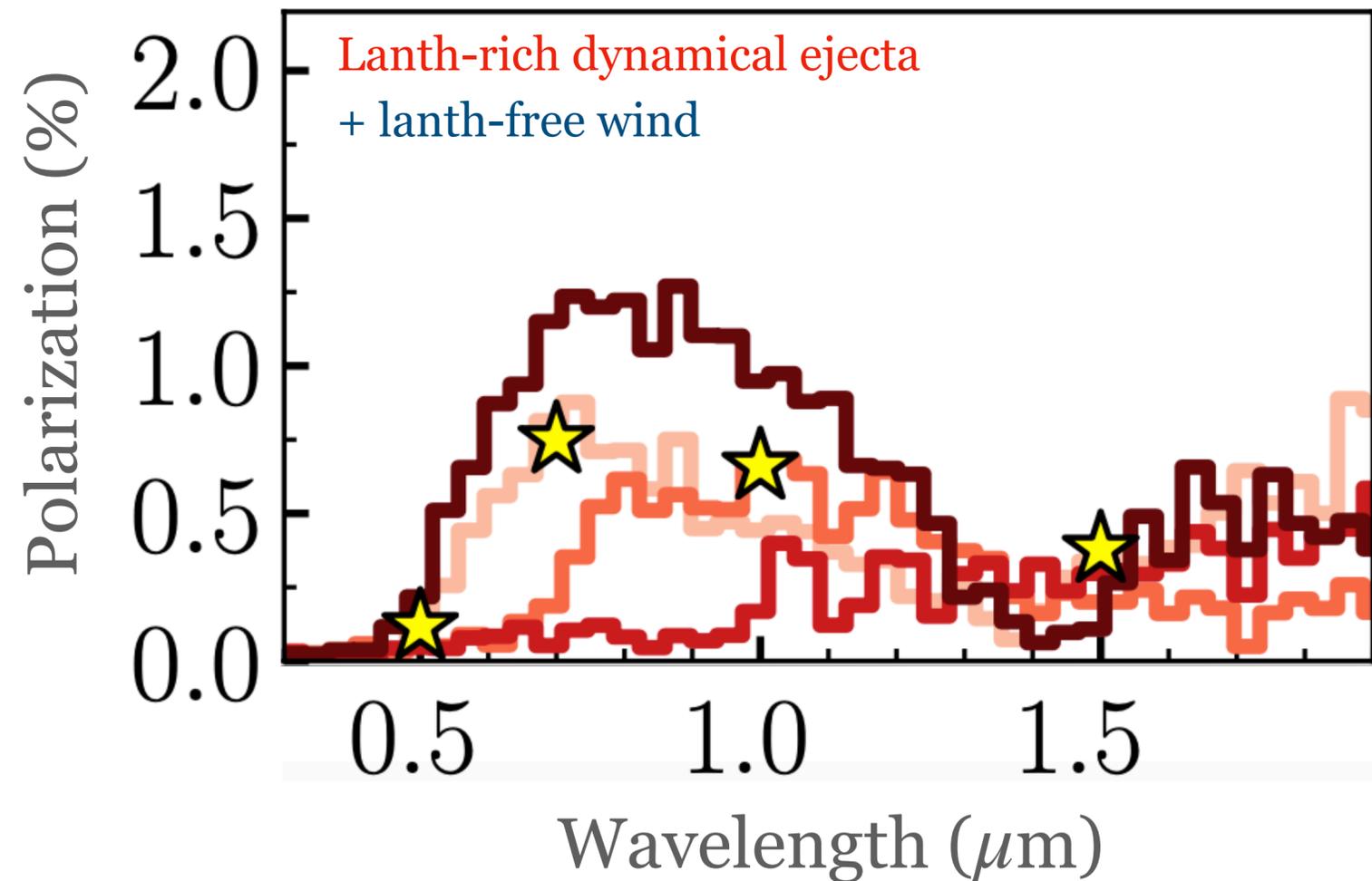
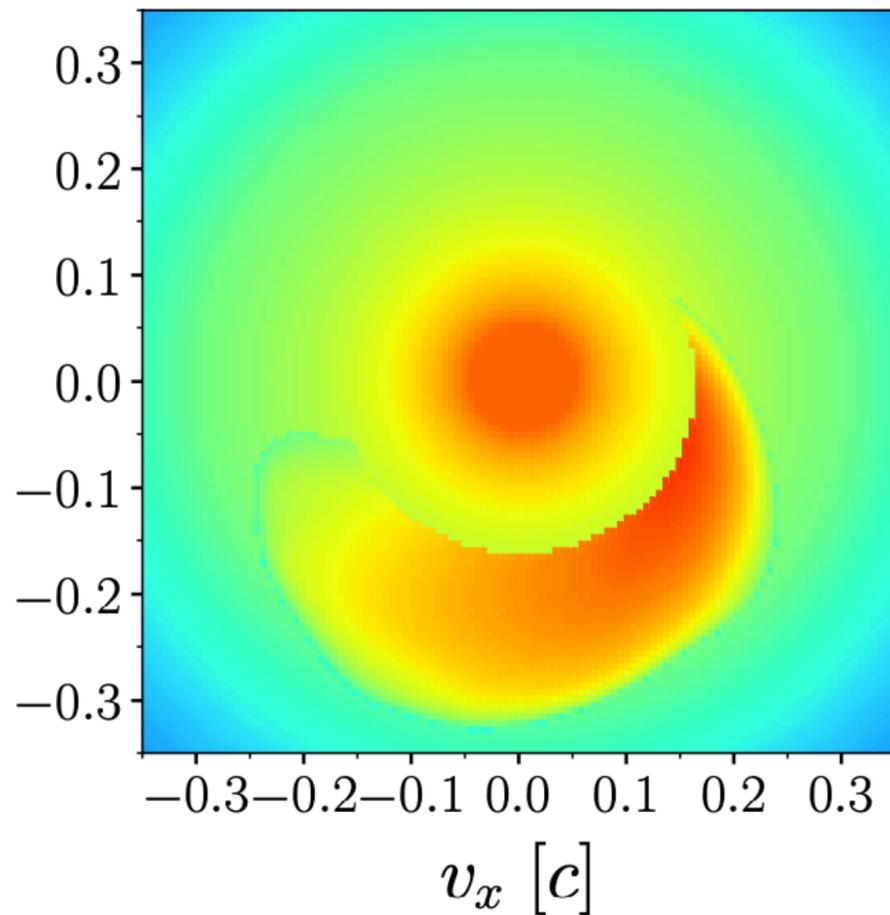


Polarization signal

Constraining the presence of a lanthanide-free component

BH+NS

[MB+2021, MNRAS]

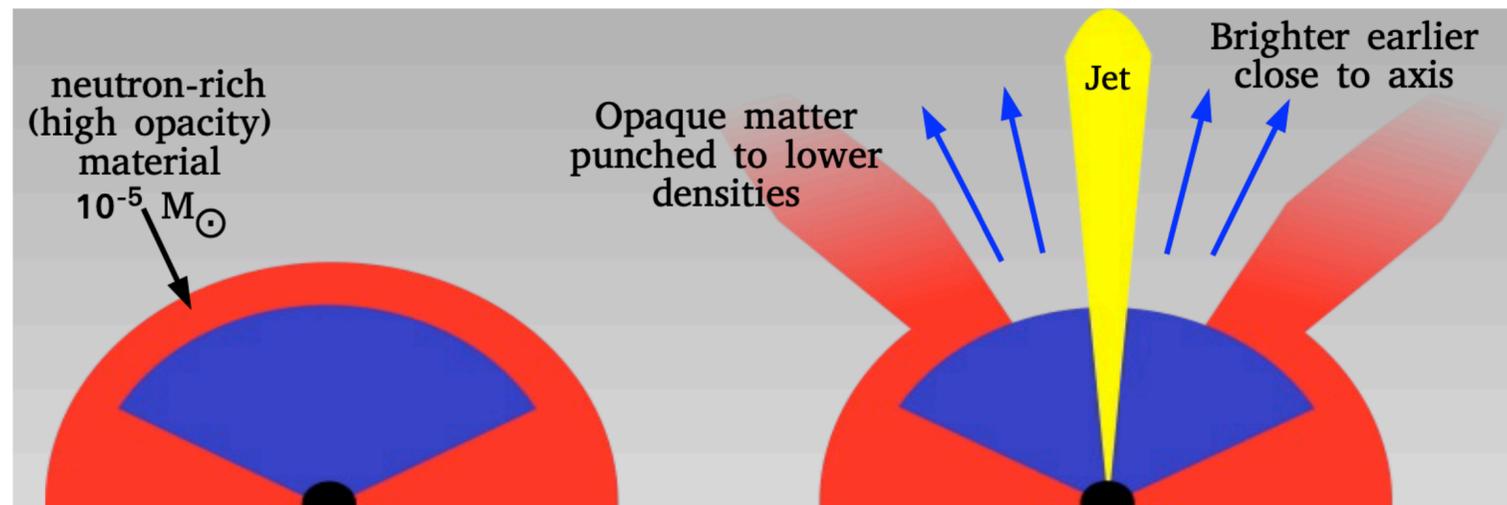


Jet-ejecta interaction



Making kilonovae brighter and bluer

[Nativi, MB, Lundman, Rosswog+2021, MNRAS]



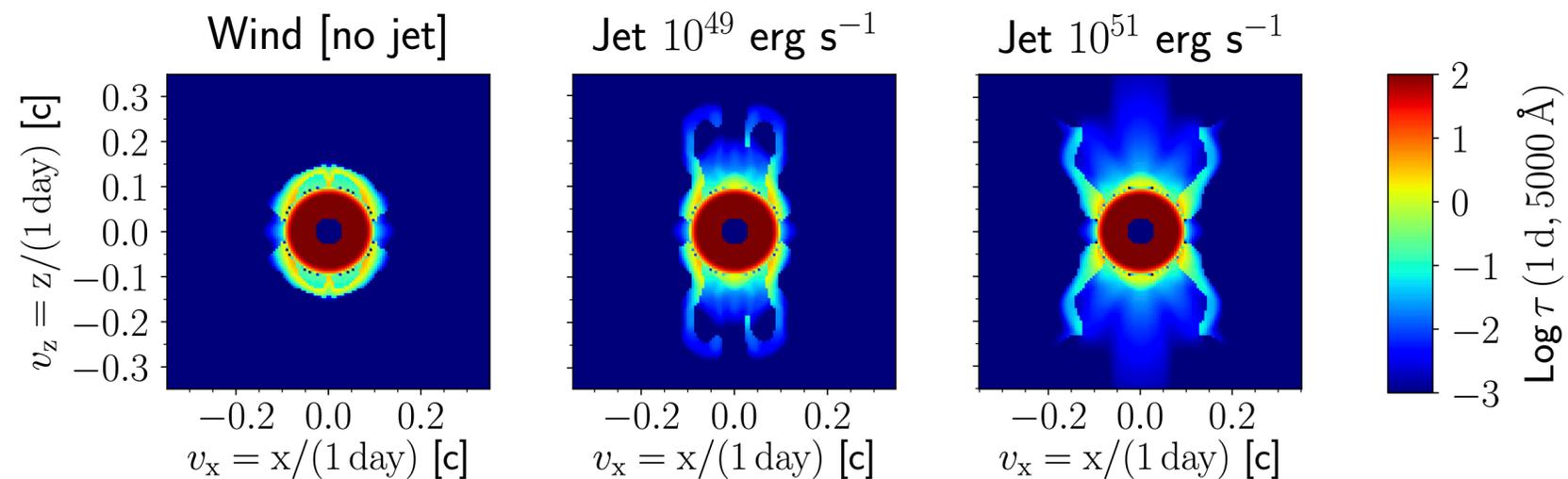
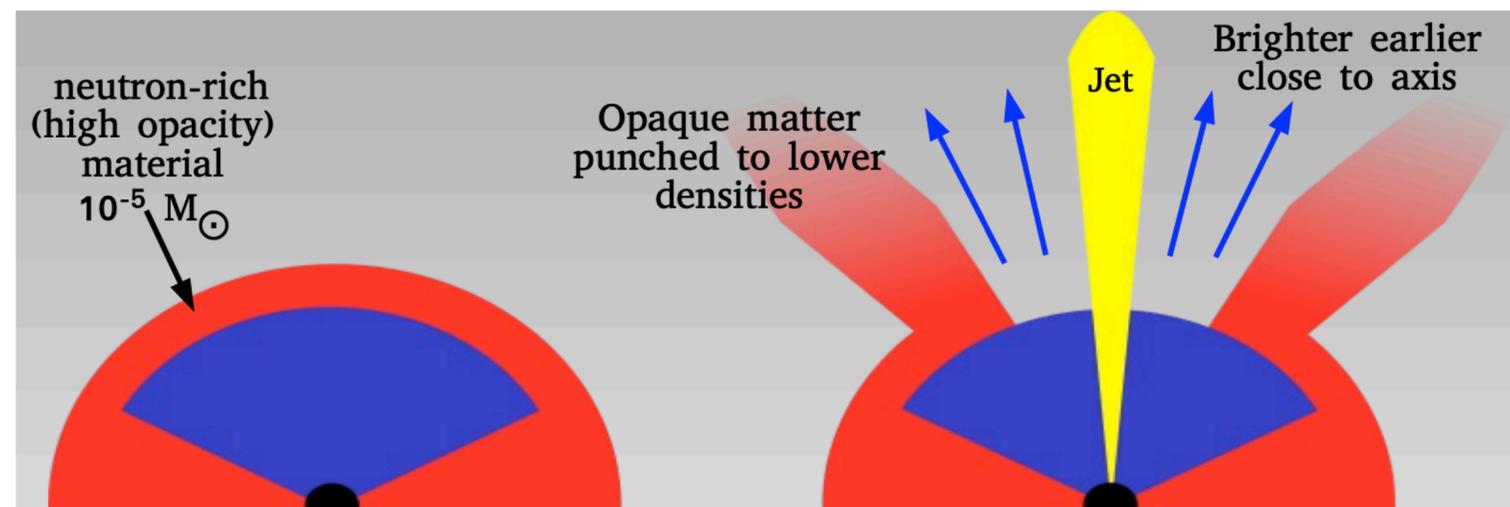
see also [Klion, Duffert, Kasen & Quataert 2021, MNRAS]

Jet-ejecta interaction



Making kilonovae brighter and bluer

[Nativi, MB, Lundman, Rosswog+2021, MNRAS]



Wind models from [Perego+2014, MNRAS]

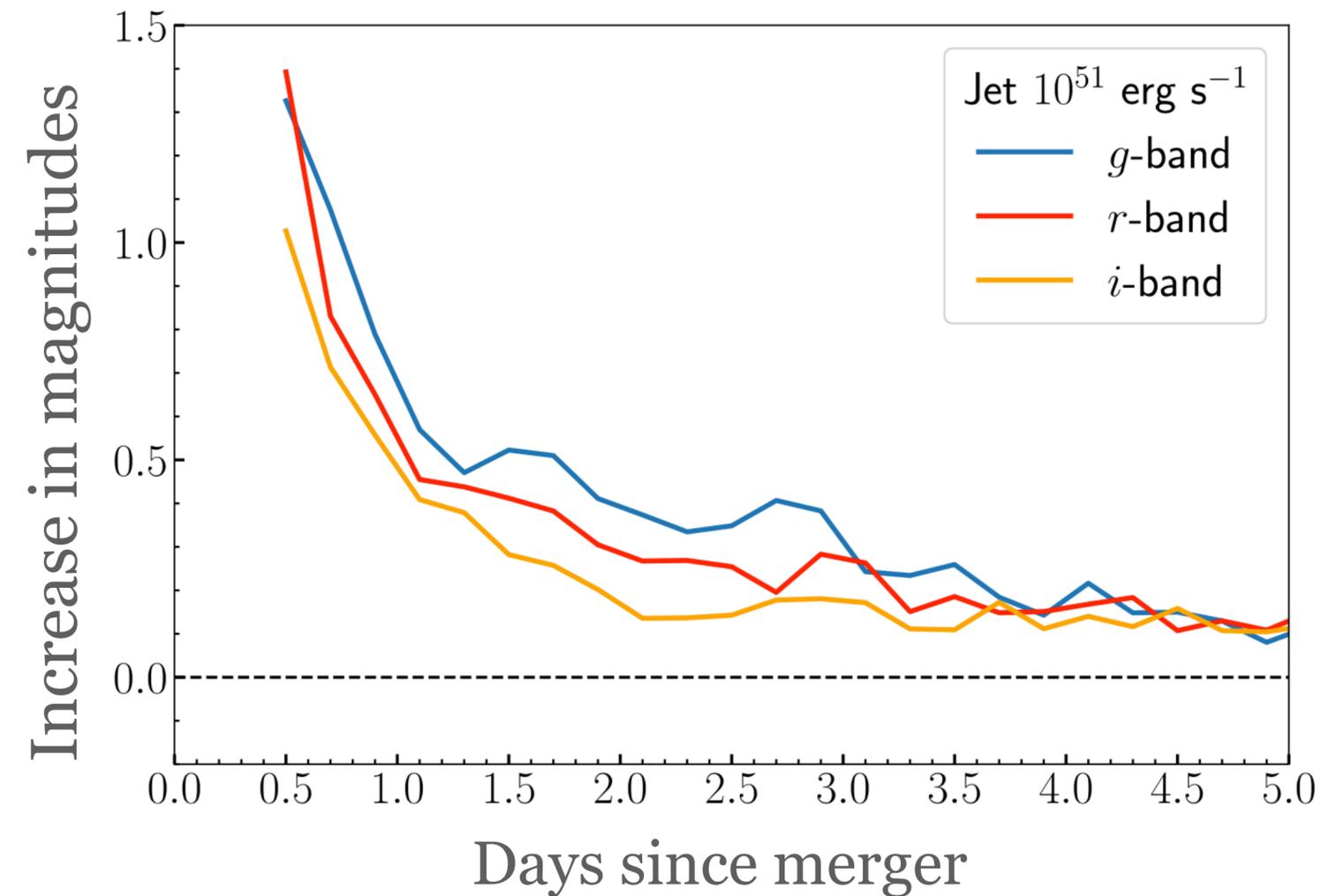
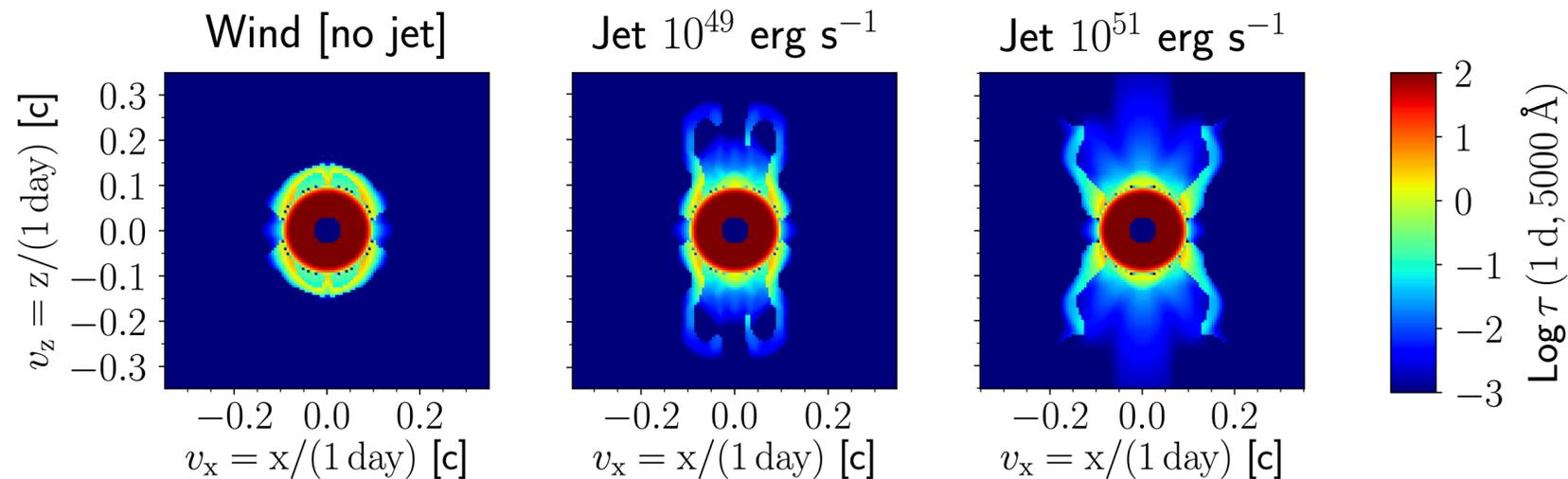
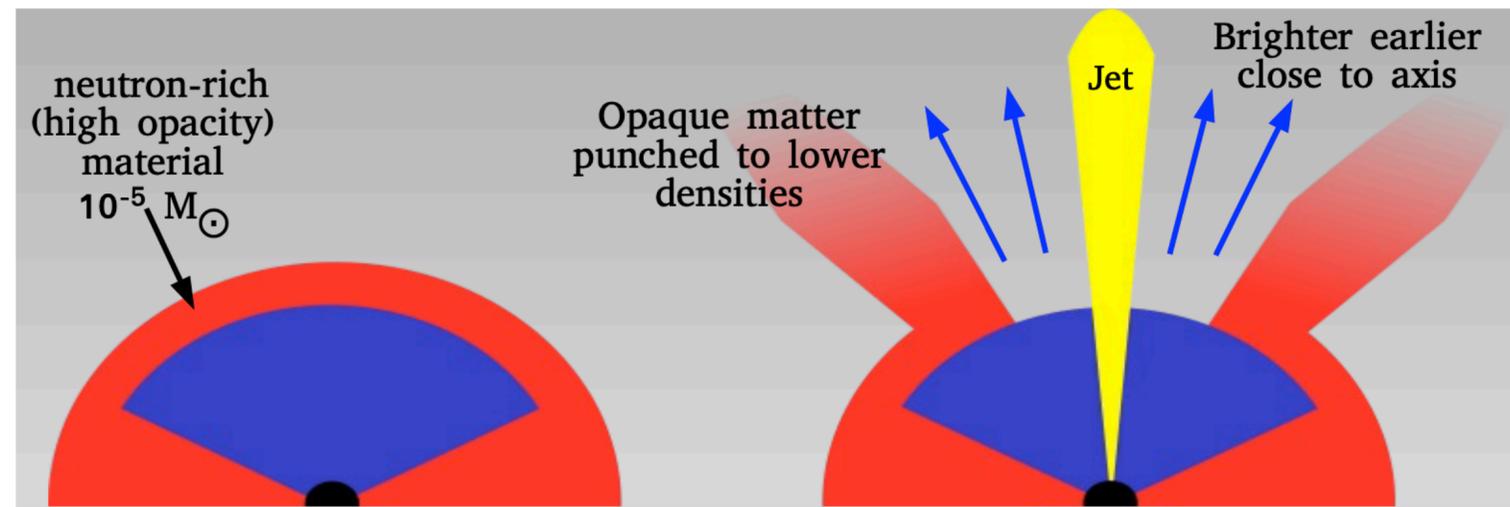
see also [Klion, Duffert, Kasen & Quataert 2021, MNRAS]

Jet-ejecta interaction



Making kilonovae brighter and bluer

[Nativi, MB, Lundman, Rosswog+2021, MNRAS]



Thank you!